Herbicide options for use in Kernza® perennial grain: IR-4 trials

Clair Keene, NDSU – Williston REC Eugene Law, Cornell University Jacob Jungers, University of Minnesota Dave Stoltenberg, University Wisconsin-Madison



What is Kernza[®]?

- Intermediate wheatgrass (*Thinopyrum intermedium*) bred for larger seed size and yield for ~15 yrs
- First perennial grain brought to market in the US
- Produces grain for ~3 yrs, maybe longer depending on environment
 - Needs to vernalize
 - Forage stand can last longer





~2,000 ac Kernza in US in 2020



Source: kernza.org



Does anyone really care about Kernza?

- Yes! Food companies & consumers excited for environmentally friendly grain
 - 2017 General Mills \$500K donation to TLI
- State of MN investments: UMN Forever Green Initiative, Clean Water Fund
 - Well head protection projects
- Small-scale bakers and brewers using it

Has all the challenges of bringing a new crop to market!

GM limited release cereal 2019



No herbicides currently labeled for food-use Kernza grain

- Most on organic farms or transitioning to organic but goal is to have Kernza grown by both conventional and organic producers
- Need broadleaf weed control during establishment
- UMN leading the effort to label
 - 2,4-D
 - Clopyralid
 - MCPA

IR-4 trial sites



- Williston, ND
- Rosemount, MN
- Arlington, WI
- Aurora, NY

Herbicide treatments applied to old (>12 mo) or new (<3 mo) Kernza stands in fall and spring

- MN
 - Old: fall & spring
 - New: fall & spring
- WI
 - Old: spring
 - New: spring
- ND
 - New: fall & spring
- NY
 - New: fall & spring



Seedling Kernza 2 WAA with 2,4-D 2X in ND

Herbicide treatments applied to old or new Kernza stands in fall and/ or spring

	MN	WI	ND	NY
Treatment				
MCPA 561 g ae ha ⁻¹	Х	Х	-	-
MCPA 1,122 g ae ha ⁻¹	Х	Х	-	-
2,4-D amine 1,065 g ae ha ⁻¹	Х	Х	Х	Х
2,4-D amine 2,130 g ae ha ⁻¹	Х	Х	Х	Х
Clopyralid 101 g ae ha ⁻¹	Х	Х	Х	Х
Clopyralid 202 g ae ha ⁻¹	Х	Х	Х	Х
Clpyr 1X + MCPA 1X	Х	Х	-	Х
Clpyr 2X + MCPA 2X	Х	Х	-	Х
Untreated	Х	Х	Х	Х

Visual injury assessments

- WI: no injury observed in old or new stand after spring application
- NY: no injury observed in new stand after fall or spring application
- ND: low levels of injury observed 2 wk after fall application in new stand but grew out of symptoms; no injury after spring application
- MN: low to moderate levels of injury observed after fall application in old and new stands, very little injury after spring application

ND visual injury ratings in new Kernza stand Scale 0 - 10

Application	Fall 2019		Spring 2020			
Observation	2 WAA	7 MAA	Pre Hrv	2 WAA	4 WAA	Pre Hrv
Treatment						
2,4-D 1X	1	0	0	0	0	0
2,4-D 2X	2.7	0.3	0	0.3	0	0
Clopyralid 1X	1	0.3	0	0	0	0
Clopyralid 2X	1.3	0.3	0	0	0	0
Untreated	1	0	0	0	0	0

MN visual injury ratings in old Kernza stand (Scale 0 -10)						
Application	Fall 2019			Spring 2020		
Observation	2 WAA	7 MAA	Pre Hrv	2 WAA	4 WAA	
Treatment						
2,4-D 1X	3	0	0	0	0	
2,4-D 2X	3.7	0	0	0.3	0	
Clopyralid 1X	2	0	0	0.3	0	
Clopyralid 2X	4.7	0	0	0.7	0	
MCPA 1X	1.7	0.3	0	1	1.3	
MCPA 2X	4.3	0.3	0	0	0	
Clpyr + MCPA 1X	4.7	0	0	0.7	0.7	
Clpyr + MCPA 2X	5	0.7	0	0	0	
Untreated	0	0	0	0	0	

Biomass production

- No effect of herbicide treatment on whole plant biomass at ND and NY
- Fall timing increased head weight at ND where dominant weeds were winter annuals

Total weight of heads m⁻² by application timing in ND



Kernza grain yield at ND

Treatment	Grain yield lb/ac		
Untreated	178		
2,4-D 1X fall	353		
2,4-D 2X fall	250	Fall treatment	
Clopyralid 1X fall	258	avg 285 lb/ac	
Clopyralid 2X fall	279		
2,4-D 1X spring	215		
2,4-D 2X spring	240	Spring treatment avg 225 lb/ac	
Clopyralid 1X spring	220		
Clopyralid 2X spring	225		

Dominant weeds at the site: Horseweed, NLHB, and downy brome

Current IR-4 status

- 2,4-D label expected in 2021
 - Likely in time for late summer/ fall planting
- Clopyralid and MCPA possibly 2021 or 2022





Thank you for your attention

Clair Keene, Ph.D. NDSU – Williston Research Extension Center <u>clair.keene@ndsu.edu</u>









