North Dakota **Tree Selector**

Scientific Name: Picea glauca var. densata Family: Pinaceae (Pine) Hardiness: Zone 2 Leaves: Evergreen Plant Type: Tree

Growth

Rate: Medium Mature Height: >45' Longevity: Long Power Line: No

Ornamental

Flowers: Inconspicuous Fruit: Tan cones Fall Color: n/a

Black Hills Spruce

Description

A large tree, very dense and pyramidal when young. Not as drought tolerant as Colorado (blue) spruce, but more disease tolerant than Colorado (blue) spruce. Black Hills spruce is a naturally occurring variety of white spruce (*Picea glauca*), native to the Black Hills of South Dakota. Better adapted than white spruce which is native in the eastern United States, as far west as Minnesota. The largest Black Hills spruce tree in North Dakota is 98 feet tall with a canopy spread of 43 feet.

Preferences

Light: Full sun.

Water: Fairly drought resistant. Needs additional moisture during drought.

Soil: Grows best in moist loams.

Comments

Dwarf Alberta spruce (*P. glauca* 'Conica') - A dwarf, compact cultivar very subject to winterburn and spider mites.

Credits: Tree Selector Website, North Dakota Tree Handbook







www.ag.ndsu.edu/tree-selector

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