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# *Evaluation of Nitrogen Source and Rate on Tuber Yield and Quality in Old and New Potato Fields*

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# Nitrogen Management



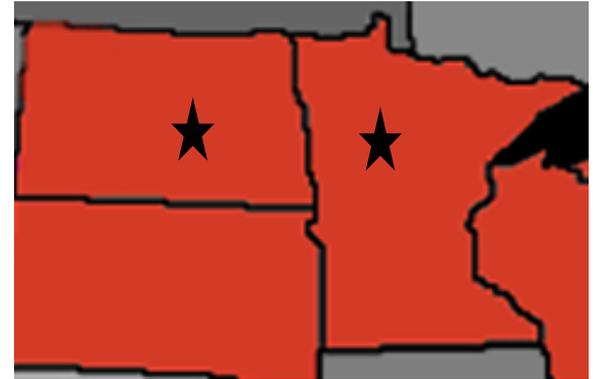
- Nitrate leaching losses continue to be a concern associated with production of irrigated potato in Minnesota and North Dakota
  
  - Use of coated urea products such as ESN (44-0-0) or Duration (43-0-0) provides some insurance against losses during the season
    - Cost concerns
    - How do coated products compare with other N sources?
    - Most research is based on small plots at experiment stations
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# Overall Objectives

- Evaluate the effects of ESN rates and a blend of ESN and Duration on Russet Burbank yield and quality in on-farm settings (ESN obtained from airboom)
    - Comparisons with uncoated urea, and ammonium sulfate on yield and quality
  - Compare potato N response in a field without a previous history of potato to response in a field with a long potato history
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# On-farm Studies Conducted in 2013



## ■ Park Rapids

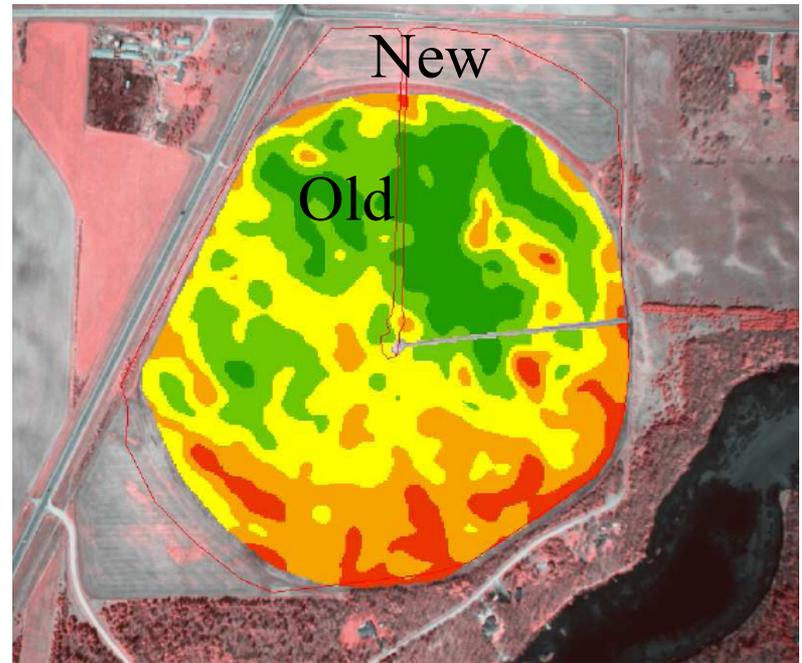
- ESN rate; urea; Duration/ESN blend; ammonium sulfate
- "Old" field vs. "New" field effects

## ■ Dawson

- ESN rate; urea; Duration/ESN blend; ammonium sulfate

# Park Rapids - 2013

- Two fields – “Old” and “New”
- Old field was fumigated
- Nine N treatments
- 4 Replications
- 6, 40' rows,
- Planted – May 11
- Sidedress N – May 28
- Harvest – September 17



2012 – NIR Aerial

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# Soil Test Results

## New Field

- ❑ pH: 6.1
- ❑ OM: 1.7%
- ❑ Texture: Loamy sand
- ❑ P: 120 ppm
- ❑ K: 162 ppm

## Old Field

- ❑ pH: 5.9
  - ❑ OM: 0.7%
  - ❑ Texture: Sand
  - ❑ P: 115 ppm
  - ❑ K: 125 ppm
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# Nine Nitrogen Treatments

| Total N rate       | Emergence N rate | N Source at Emergence |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| ----- lb N/A ----- |                  |                       |
| 105                | 0                | ----                  |
| 185                | 80               | ESN                   |
| 225                | 120              | ESN                   |
| 265                | 180              | ESN                   |
| 305                | 200              | ESN                   |
| 345                | 240              | ESN                   |
| 225                | 120              | Urea                  |
| 225                | 120              | AMS                   |
| 225                | 60+60            | ESN/Dur               |

Preplant - 100 lb/A AMS  
(May8) 60 lb/A Urea  
525 lb/A 5-8-13

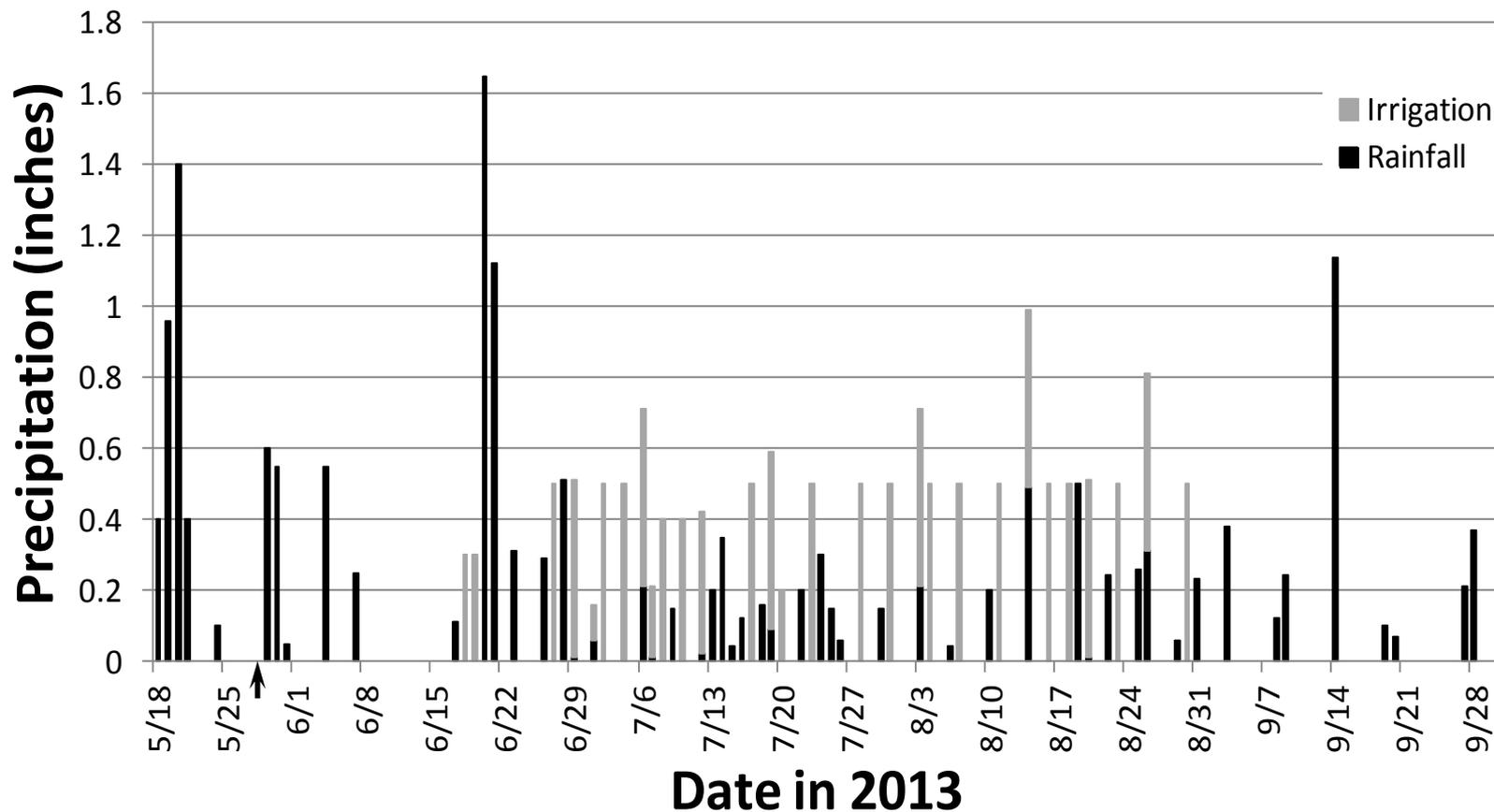
Planting - 18.8 gal 10-34-0/A

July 1 - 4.7 gal ATS/A  
3.2 gal 32%/A

July 7 - 4.8 gal ATS/A  
3.2 gal 32%/A

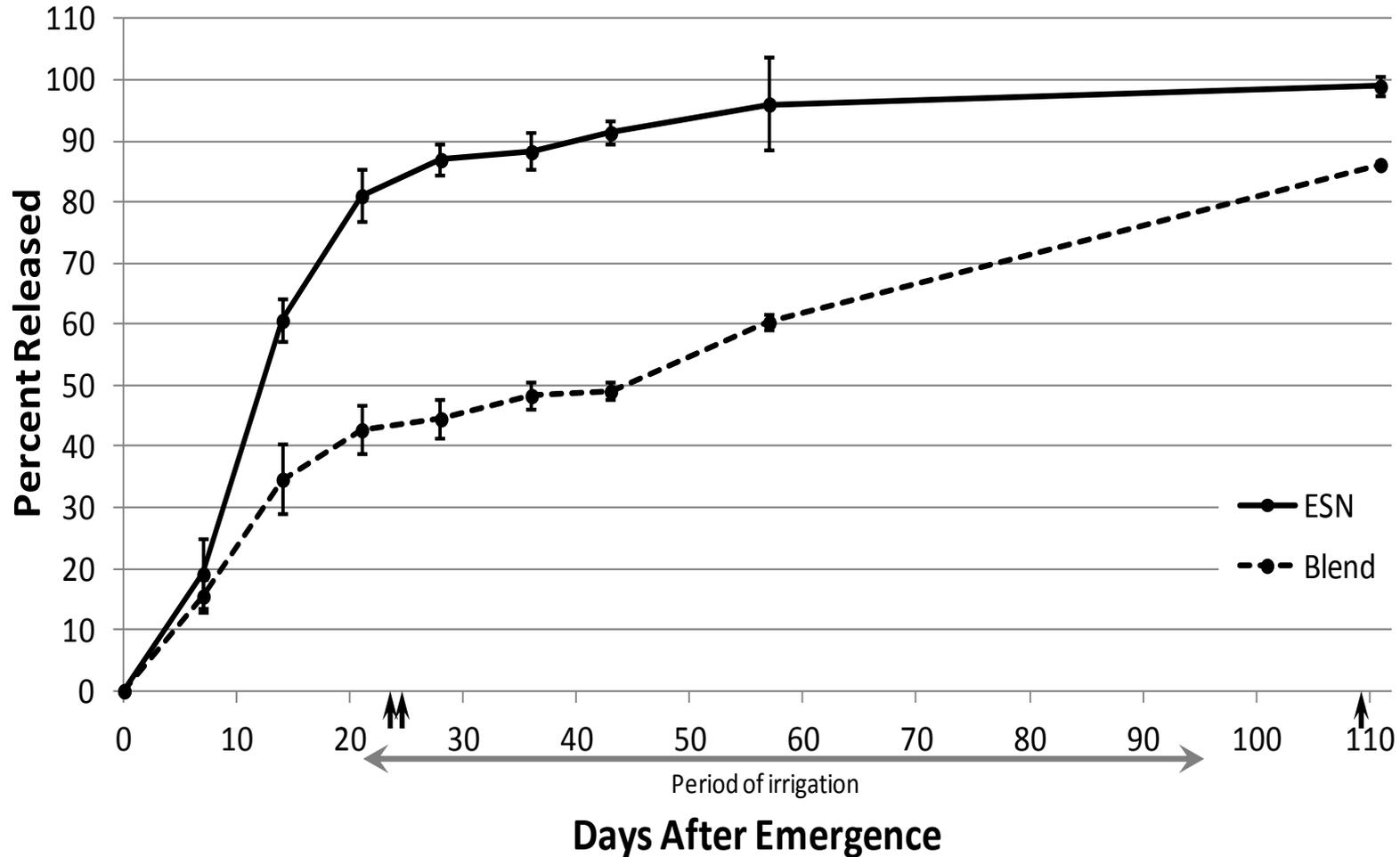
Total soluble N: 105 lb/A

# Rainfall and Irrigation at Park Rapids – Lepp Field



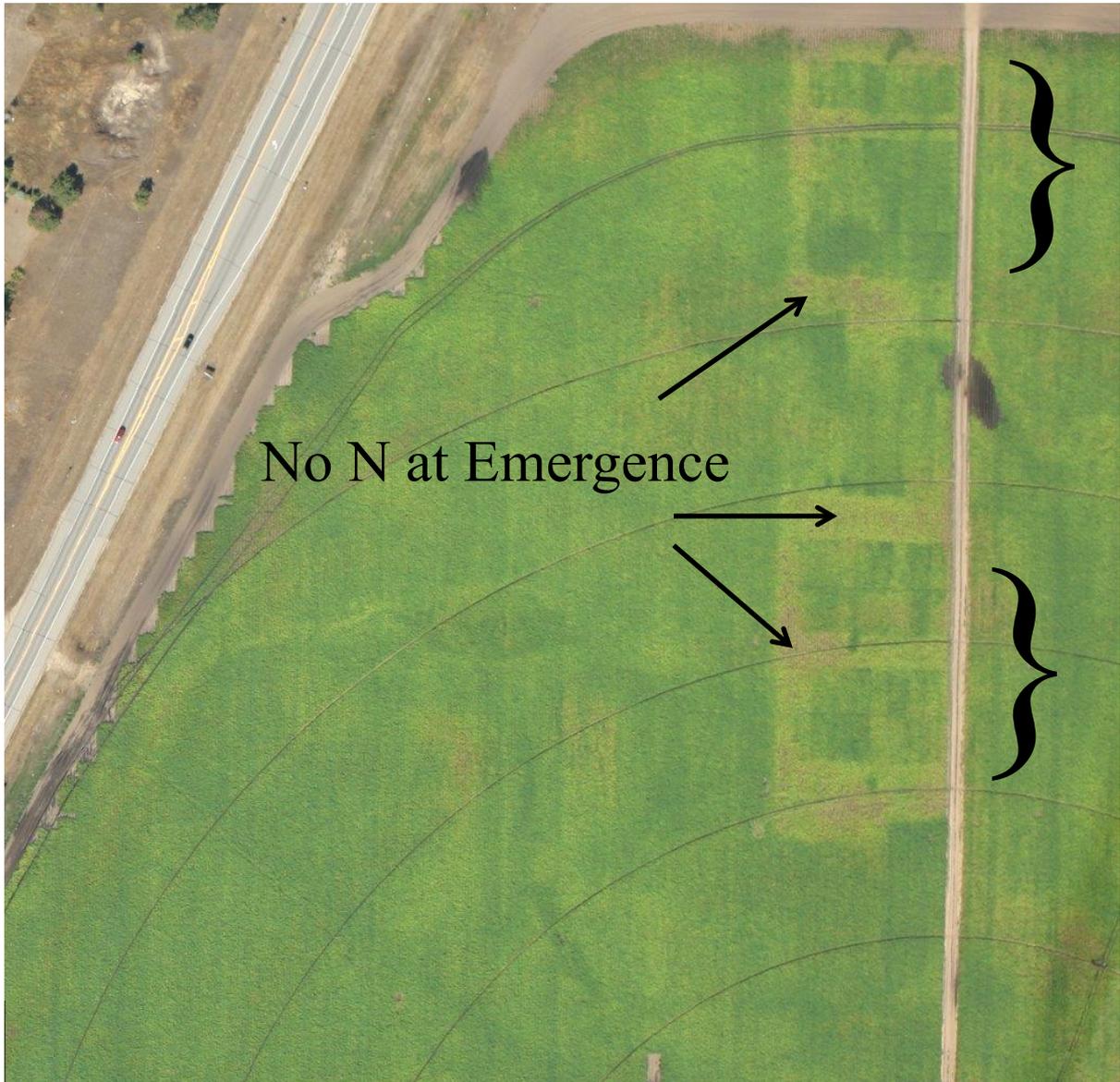
# N Release from ESN & ESN/Dur. Blend

-- 2013 --





Mid-season  
Aerial Photo



No N at Emergence

“New” Field Plots

“Old” Field Plots







# Statistical Analysis - Yield

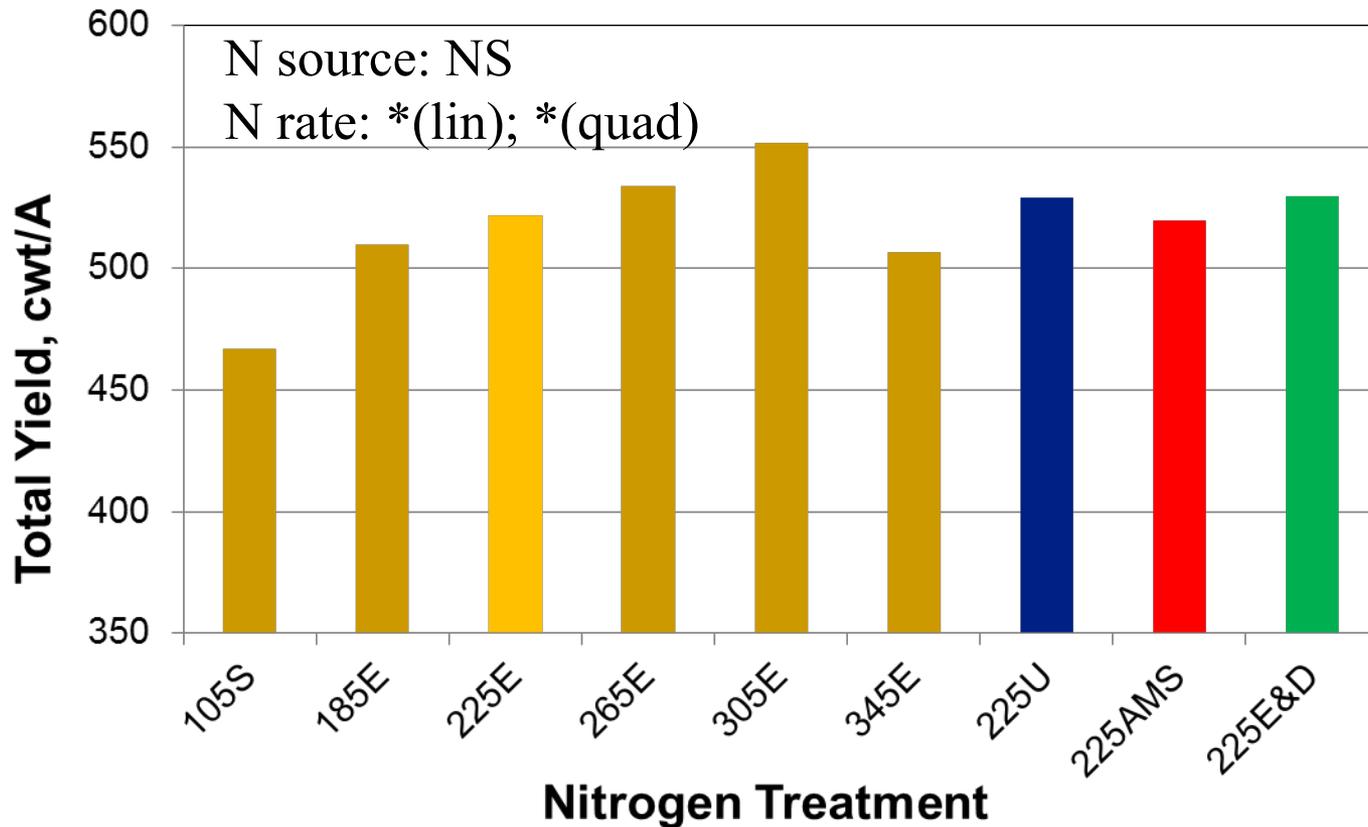
-- Park Rapids 2013 --

| Source of Variation | Total Yield | Marketable Yield | % > 6 |
|---------------------|-------------|------------------|-------|
| N Treatment         | NS          | *                | **    |
| N rate              | *           | **               | **    |
| N source            | NS          | NS               | NS    |
| Field               | ++          | NS               | **    |
| Field x N Trt       | NS          | NS               | NS    |

\*\*,\* ,++ = significant at 1%, 5%, and 10%, respectively

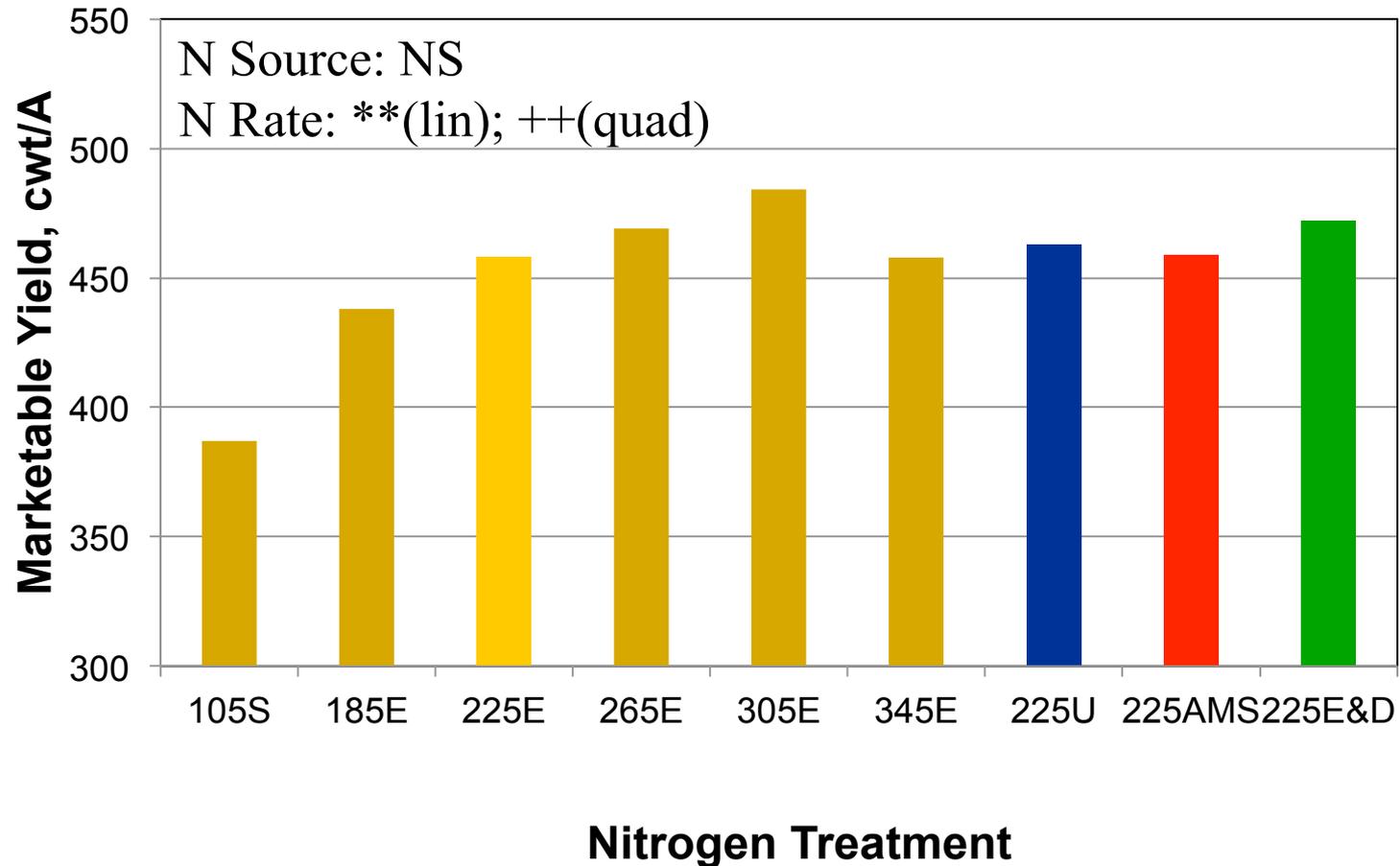
# Total Yield – Park Rapids 2013

% > 6 oz: 37 45 52 54 54 61 49 50 54



Field average total yield at 286 lb N/A, 432 cwt/A; % > 6 oz, 43

# Marketable Yield – Park Rapids, 2013



Field average marketable yield at 286 lb N/A, 341 cwt/A

# Economic Analysis – Marketable Yield

| <u>Ib N/A</u> | <u>Nitrogen</u> |                            | <u>gain or loss</u>     | <u>gain or loss</u>     |
|---------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>N rate</u> | <u>Source</u>   | <u>Market Yield, cwt/A</u> | <u>over 105 control</u> | <u>over 105 control</u> |
| 105           |                 | 387                        | \$0.0                   | \$0.0                   |
| 185           | ESN             | 438                        | \$251.6                 | \$302.6                 |
| 225           | ESN             | 458                        | \$344.4                 | \$415.4                 |
| 265           | ESN             | 469                        | \$383.2                 | \$465.2                 |
| 305           | ESN             | 484                        | \$446.0                 | \$543.0                 |
| 345           | ESN             | 458                        | \$262.8                 | \$333.8                 |
| 225           | Urea            | 463                        | \$394.8                 | \$470.8                 |
| 225           | AMS             | 459                        | \$318.0                 | \$390.0                 |
| 225           | ESN / Duration  | 472                        | \$416.4                 | \$501.4                 |
|               |                 |                            | \$6/cwt                 | \$7/cwt                 |

## 2013 N Prices:

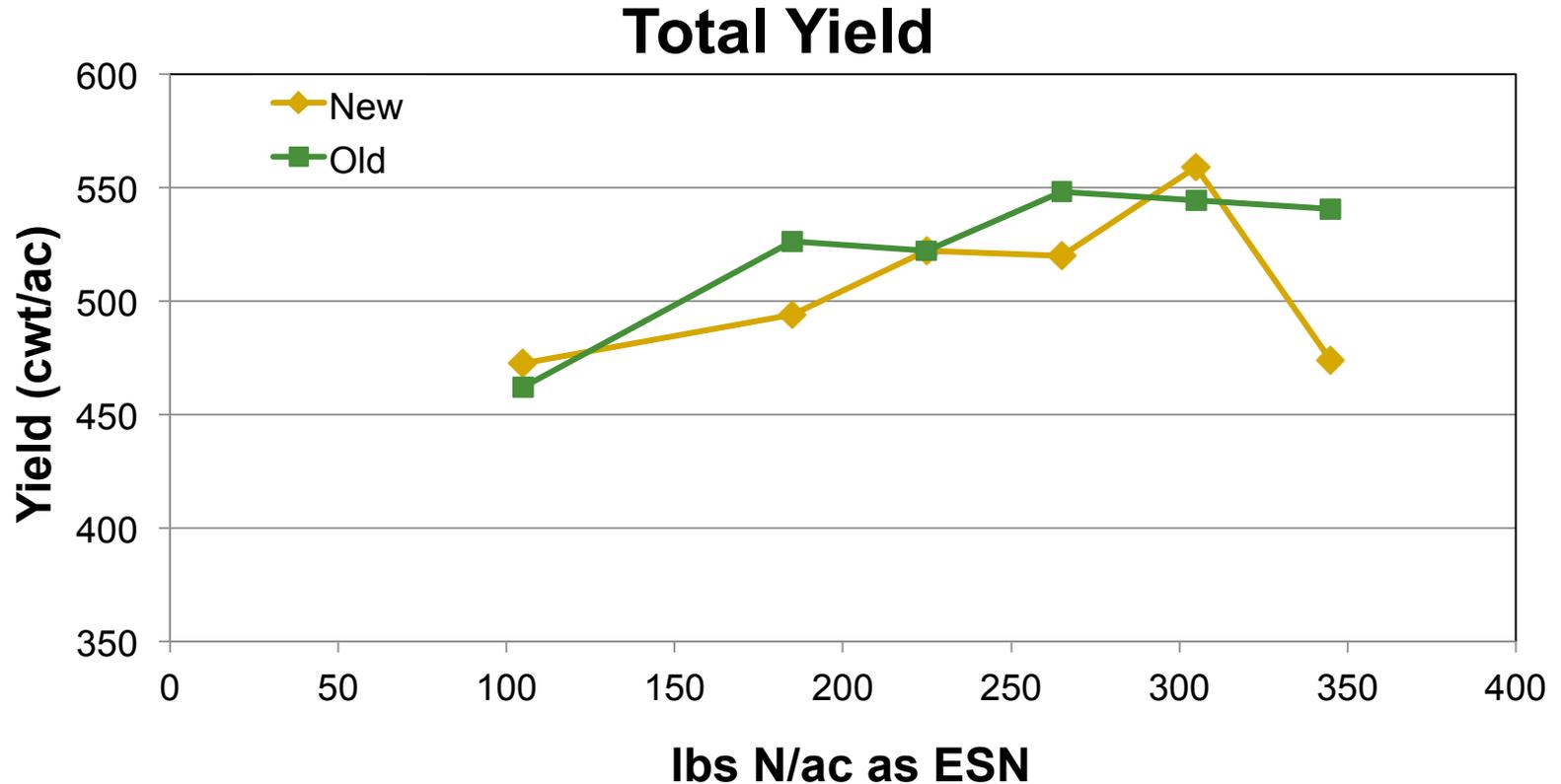
Urea – \$0.51/lb N

AMS - \$0.95/lb N

ESN - \$0.68/lb N

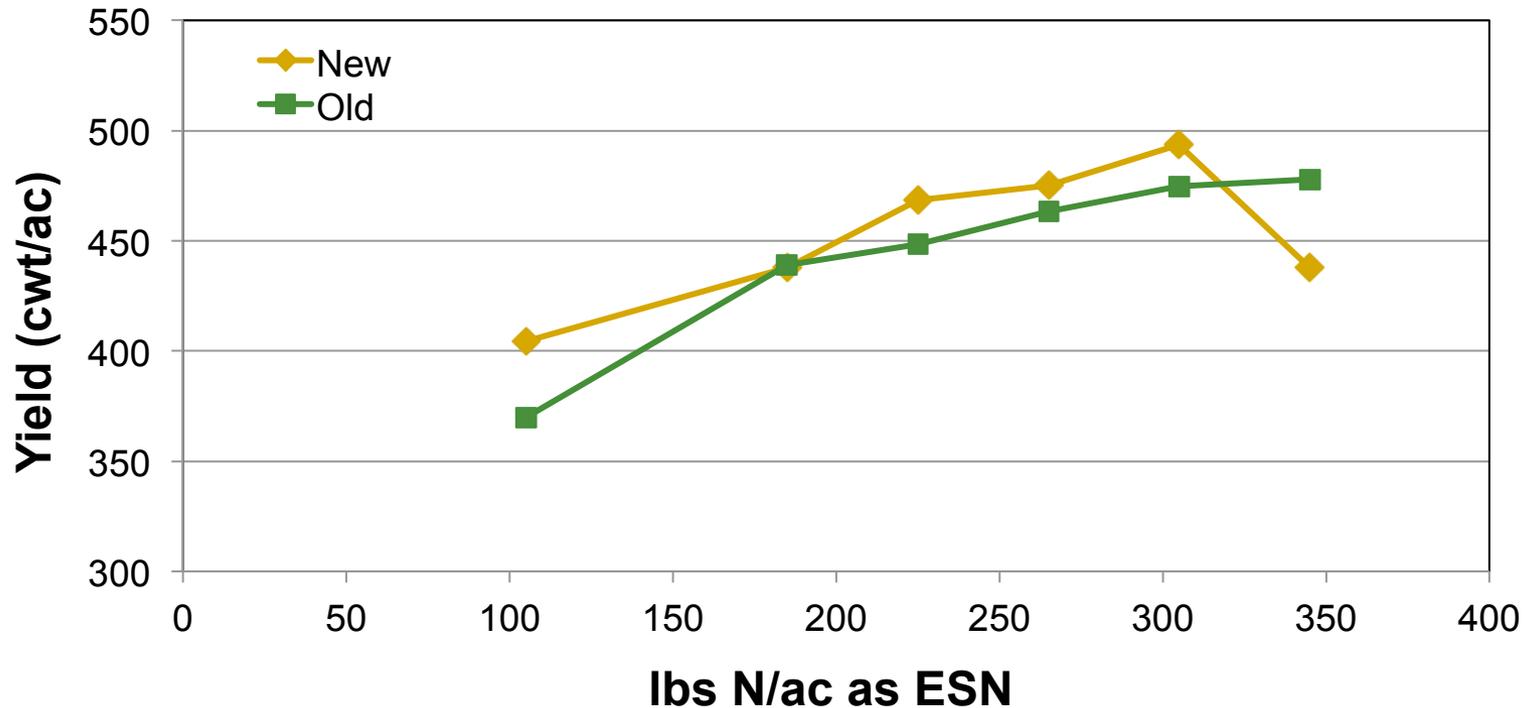
ESN/Dur Blend – \$0.79/lb N

# N Rate by Field Interaction (NS)



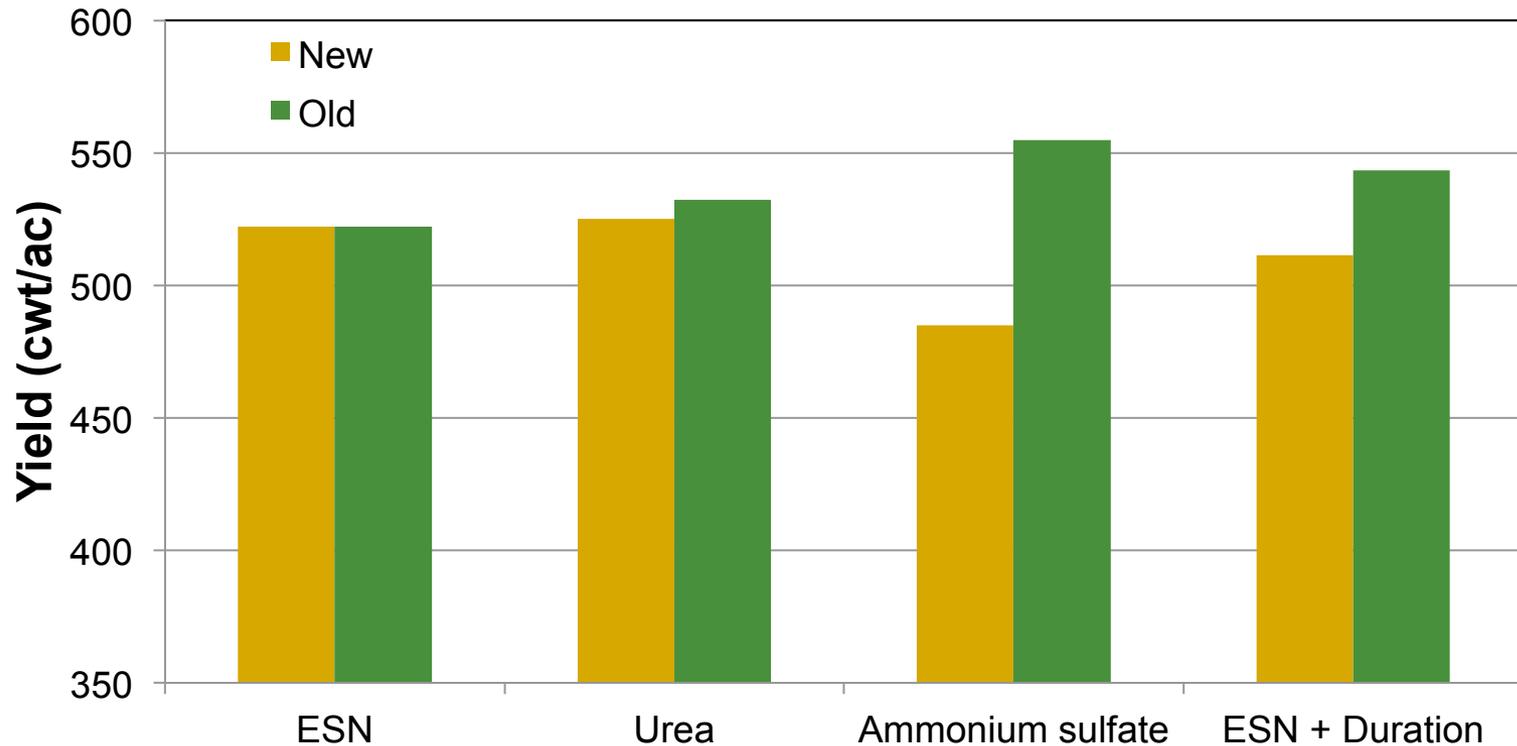
# N Rate by Field Interaction (NS)

## Marketable Yield



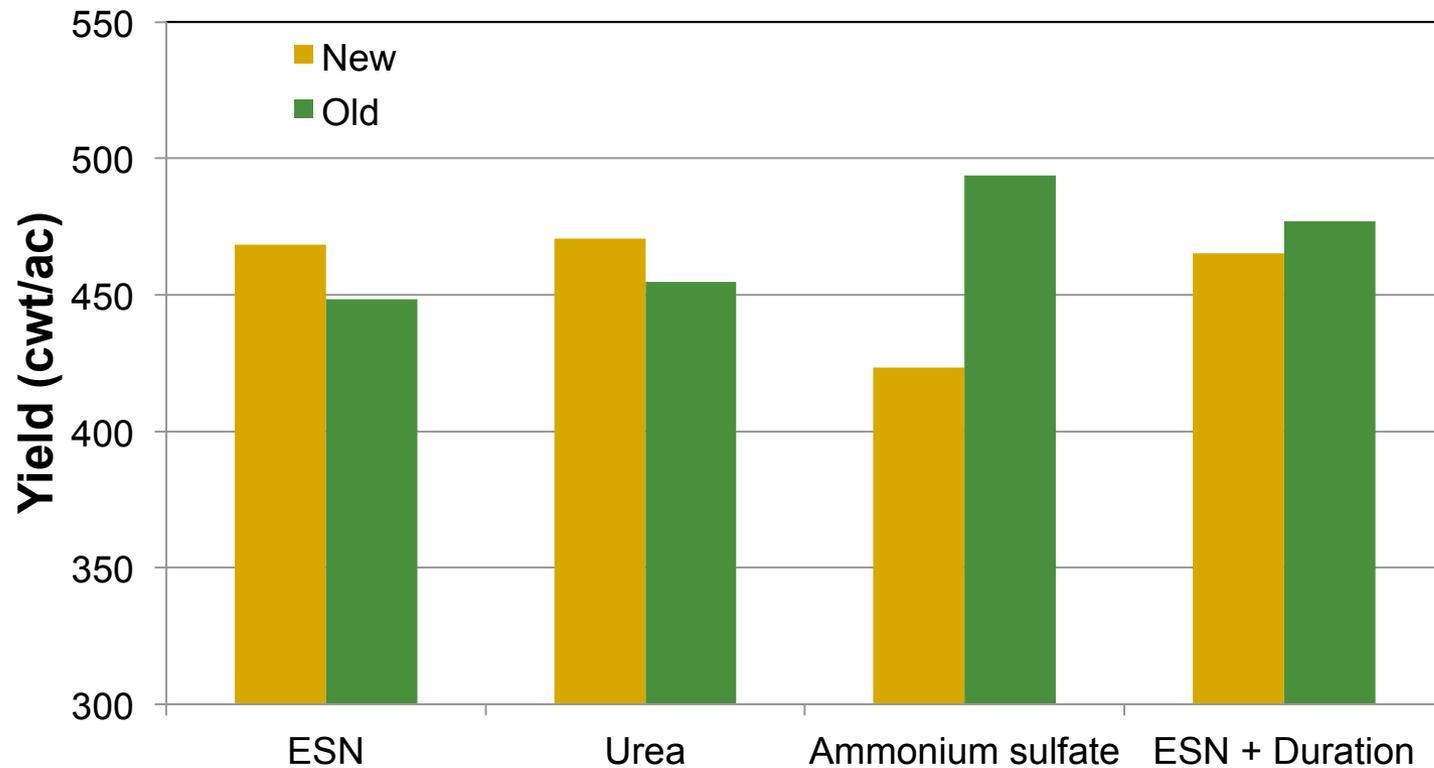
# N Source by Field Interaction (NS)

## Total Yield



# N Source by Field Interaction (NS)

## Marketable Yield



# Old Field vs. New Field

| Field        | Total Yield       | Marketable Yield | % > 6oz |
|--------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|
|              | ----- cwt/A ----- |                  |         |
| Old          | 530               | 453              | 45      |
| New          | 507               | 455              | 56      |
| Significance | ++                | NS               | **      |

\*\*,\* ,++ = significant at 1%, 5%, and 10%, respectively

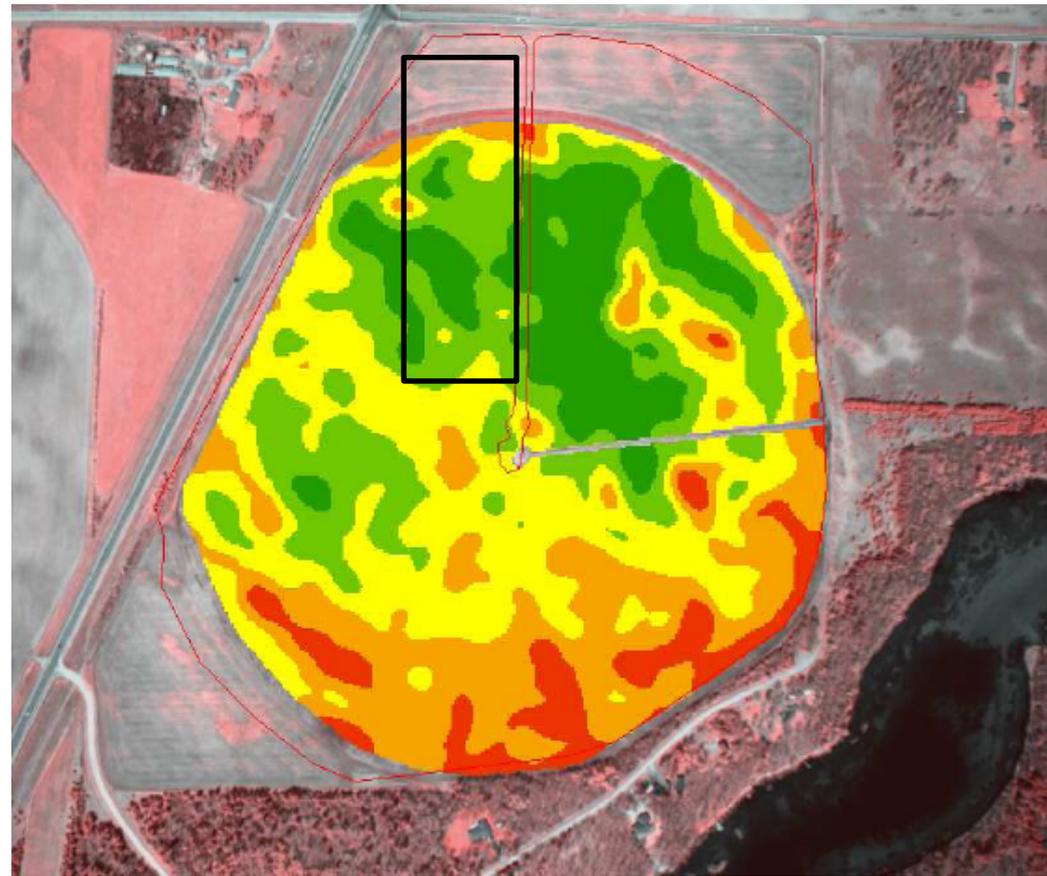
Field average % > 6 oz at 286 lb N/A, 43%

Field average total yield at 286 lb N/A, 432 cwt/A

Field average marketable yield at 286 lb N/A, 341 cwt/A

# Why Did Bulk Field Have a Lower Yield?

- Plot area was in better ground (green)
- Bulk of field in poorer soil?



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# Park Rapids Summary

- N source effect was not significant for yield
  - N rate effect was significant in old and new fields – optimal rate was between 260 and 300 lb N/A
  - Total tuber yield was not affected by field, but tuber size was larger in the new field
  - Higher set and higher incidence of Vert. in the old field
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# Dawson Study - 2013

- Eight N treatments
  - 4 Replications
  - Planted – May 18
  - Emergence – June 13
  - Harvest – October 1
  - Soil test:
    - OM – 1.6
    - pH – 8.1
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# Eight Nitrogen Treatments

| Total N rate       | Emergence N rate | N Source at Emergence |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| ----- lb N/A ----- |                  |                       |
| 164                | 0                | ESN                   |
| 224                | 60               | ESN                   |
| 284                | 120              | ESN                   |
| 344                | 180              | ESN                   |
| 404                | 240              | ESN                   |
| 284                | 120              | Urea                  |
| 284                | 120              | AMS                   |
| 284                | 120              | ESN&Dur               |

Preplant: 21-0-0-24: 60 lbN/A

Planting - 10-34-0: 37 lb N/A

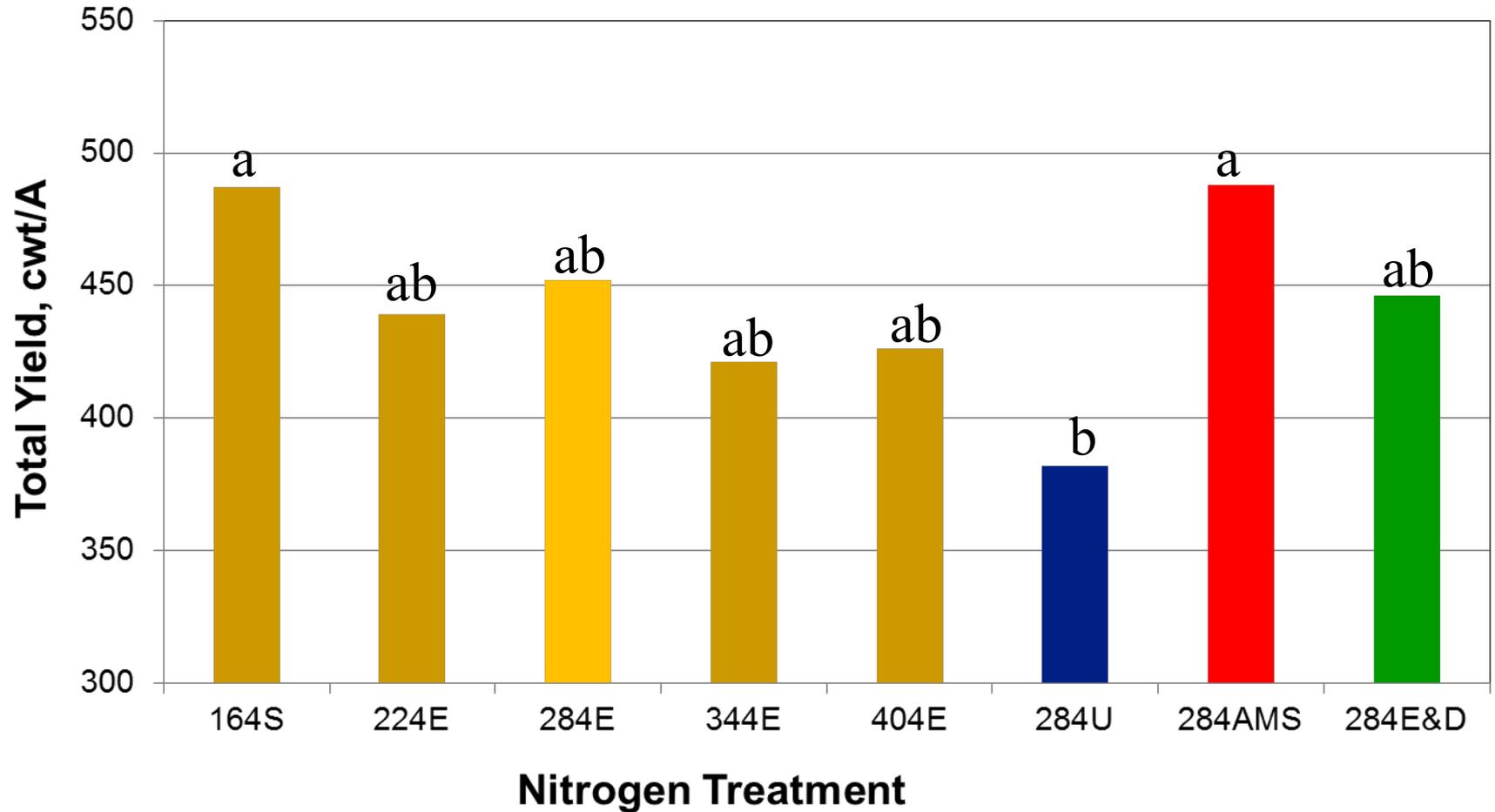
Sidedress – 28-0-0: 30 lb N/A

Fertigation – 28-0-0 38 lb N/A

Total soluble N: 164 lb/A

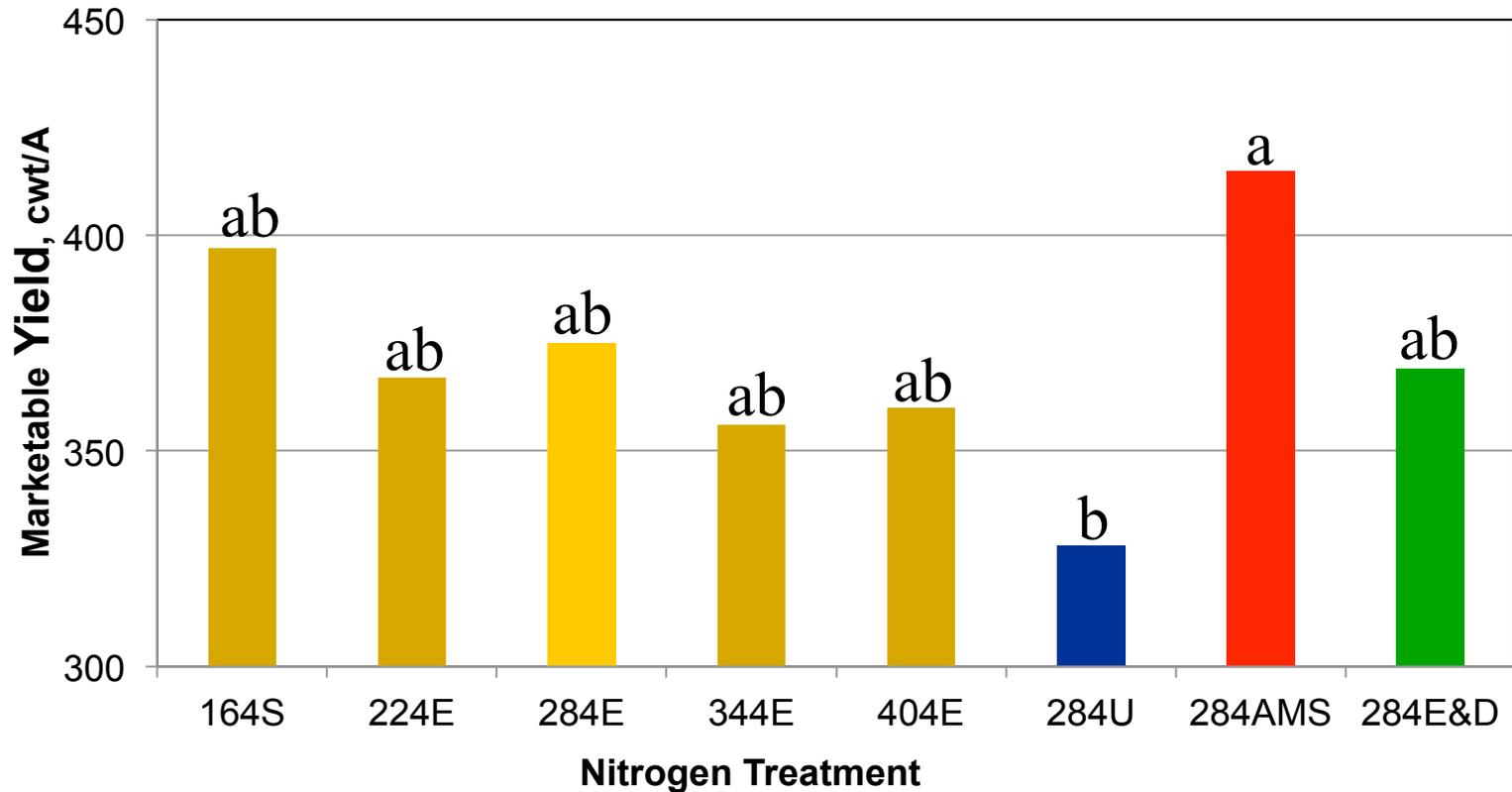
# Total Yield

% > 6 oz: 24 30 29 31 33 38 35 26



Field total yield with 328 lb N/A – 487 cwt/A; % > 6 oz = 54

# Marketable Yield



# Economic Analysis – Marketable Yield

| lb N/A<br>N rate | Nitrogen<br>Source | Market Yield, cwt/<br>A | gain or loss<br>over 164<br>control | gain or loss<br>over 164<br>control |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 164              |                    | 397                     | \$0.0                               | \$0.0                               |
| 224              | ESN                | 367                     | -\$220.8                            | -\$250.8                            |
| 284              | ESN                | 375                     | -\$213.6                            | -\$235.6                            |
| 344              | ESN                | 356                     | -\$368.4                            | -\$409.4                            |
| 404              | ESN                | 360                     | -\$385.2                            | -\$422.2                            |
| 284              | Urea               | 328                     | -\$475.2                            | -\$544.2                            |
| 284              | AMS                | 415                     | -\$6.0                              | \$12.0                              |
| 284              | ESN / Dur          | 369                     | -\$262.8                            | -\$290.8                            |
|                  |                    |                         | \$6/cwt                             | \$7/cwt                             |

## 2013 N Prices:

Urea – \$0.51/lb N

AMS - \$0.95/lb N

ESN - \$0.68/lb N

ESN/Dur Blend – \$0.79/lb N

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# Dawson Summary

- Urea as the N source significantly reduced yield compared to other N sources and no added N
    - Possibly due to high soil pH
  - Ammonium sulfate resulted in numerically highest yields, but statistically yields were similar to ESN and no added N
  - Poor tuber size and lack of N response are difficult to explain
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# Take Home Messages

- In 2013, rate of N was more important than source of N at the Park Rapids site
  - Urea as a main N source on high pH ( $\sim 8.0$ ) soils should be avoided – Dawson site
  - Field history affected tuber set
    - Lower set in fields without potato history (less disease)
    - Higher set in older potato fields (more disease)
      - Reasons for this are not clear
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# Questions???



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# Verticillium

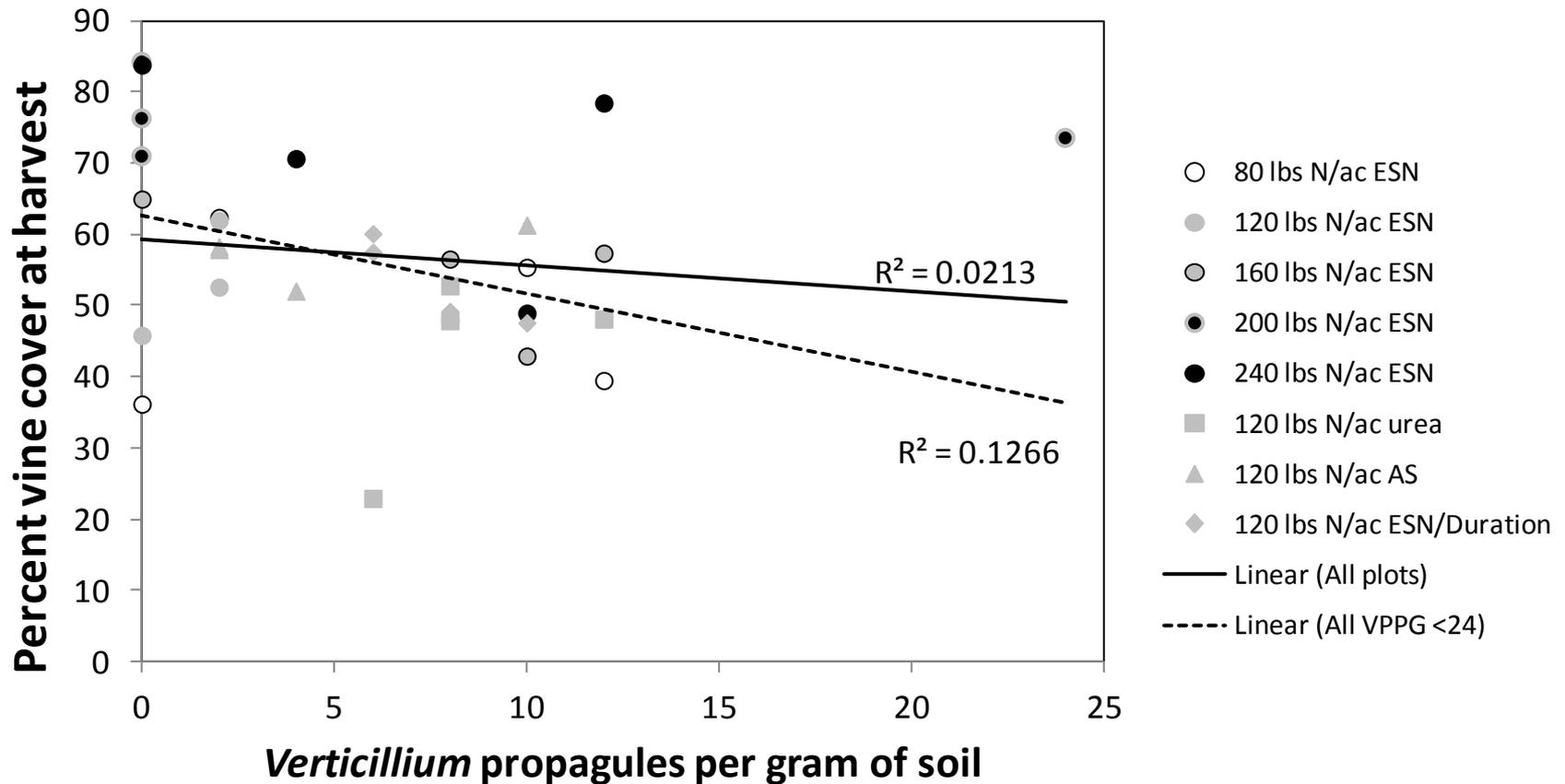
- Old Field

- 25 of 32 plots positive for vert
- 15 plots 8 or greater VPPG
- Range: 0 to 24 VPPG
- Average: 6.2 VPPG

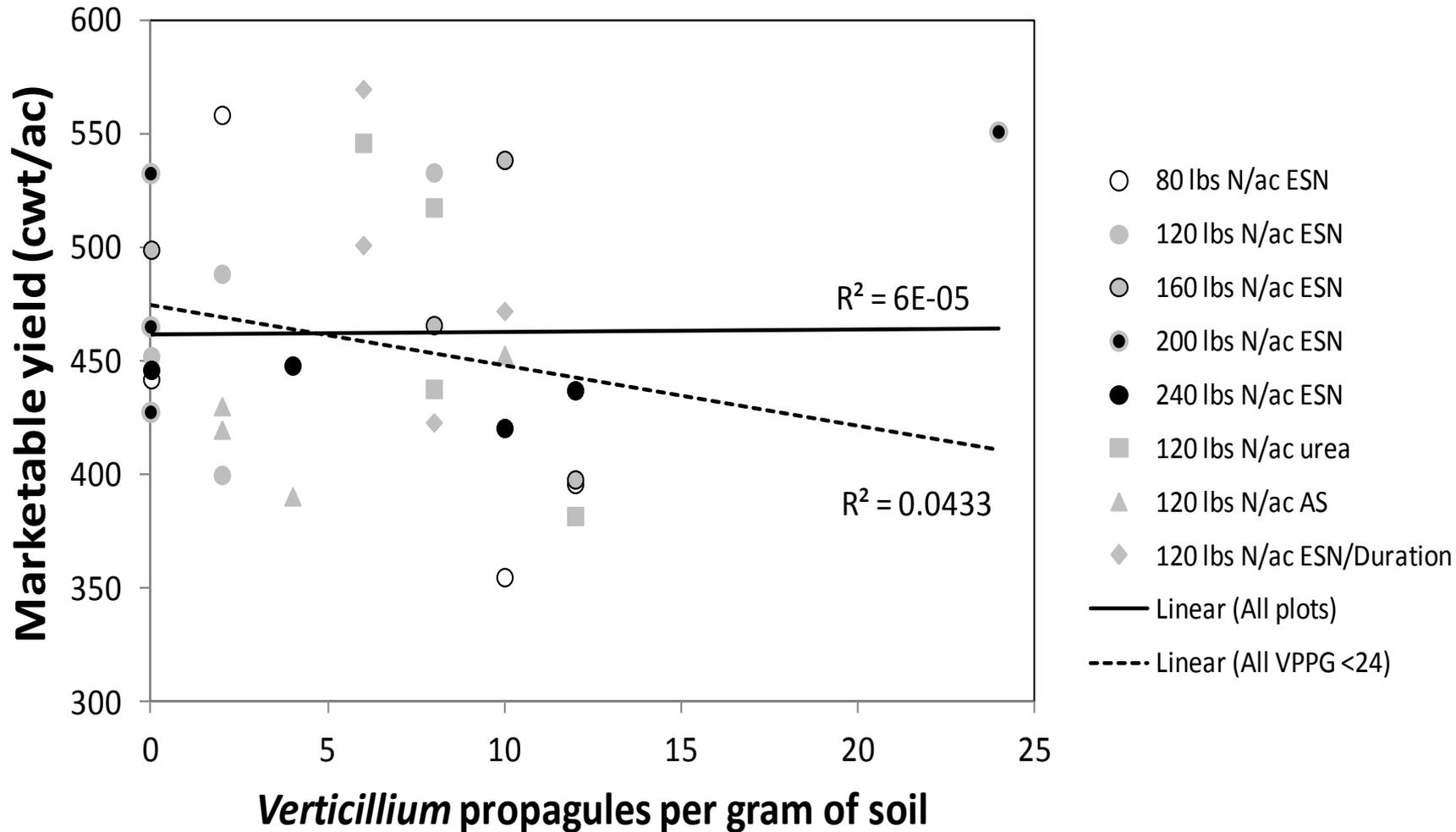
- New Field

- 2 of 32 plots positive for vert
  - 2 or less VPPG
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# Vert. and Vine cover at Harvest



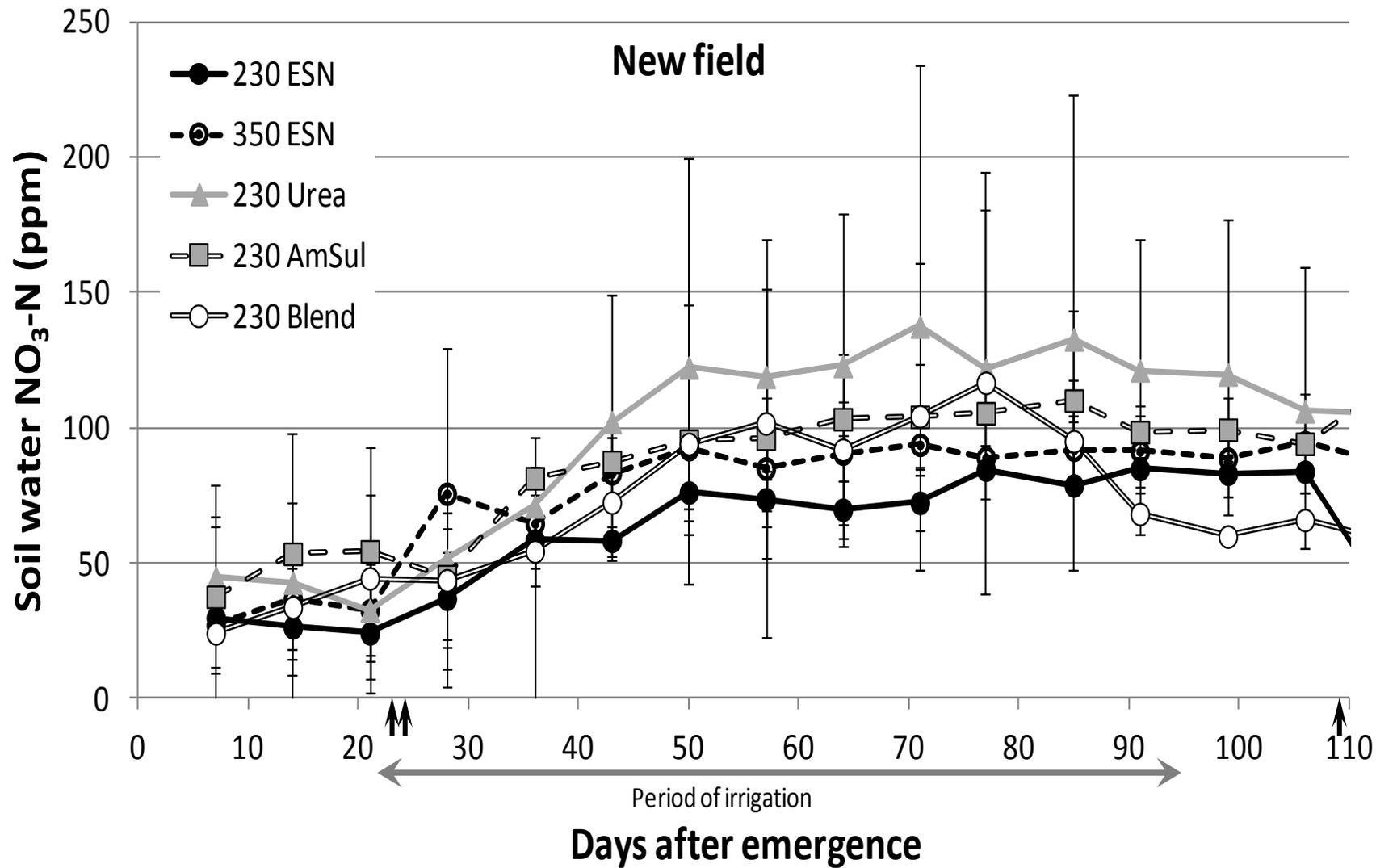
# Vert. and Marketable Yield

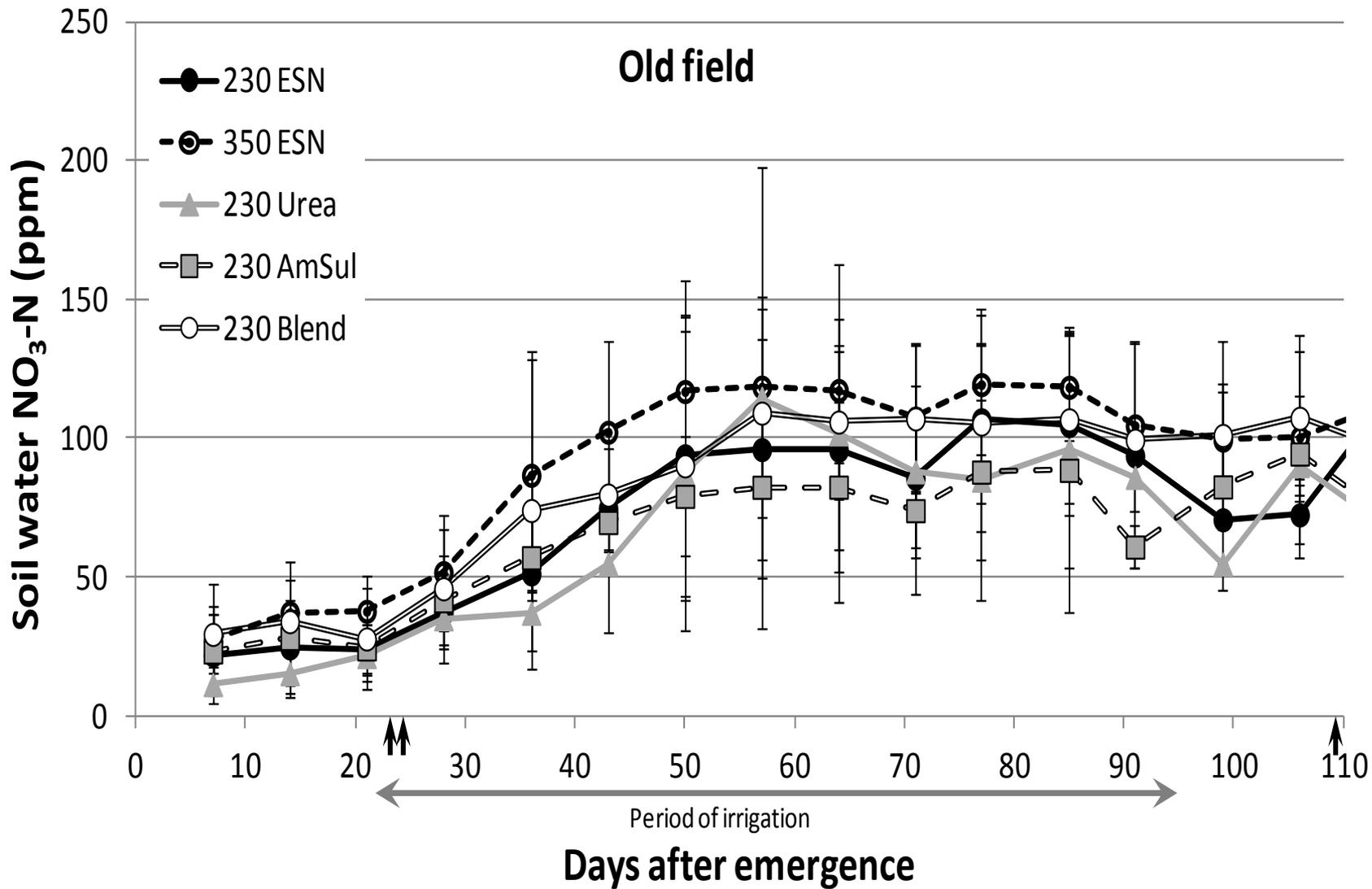


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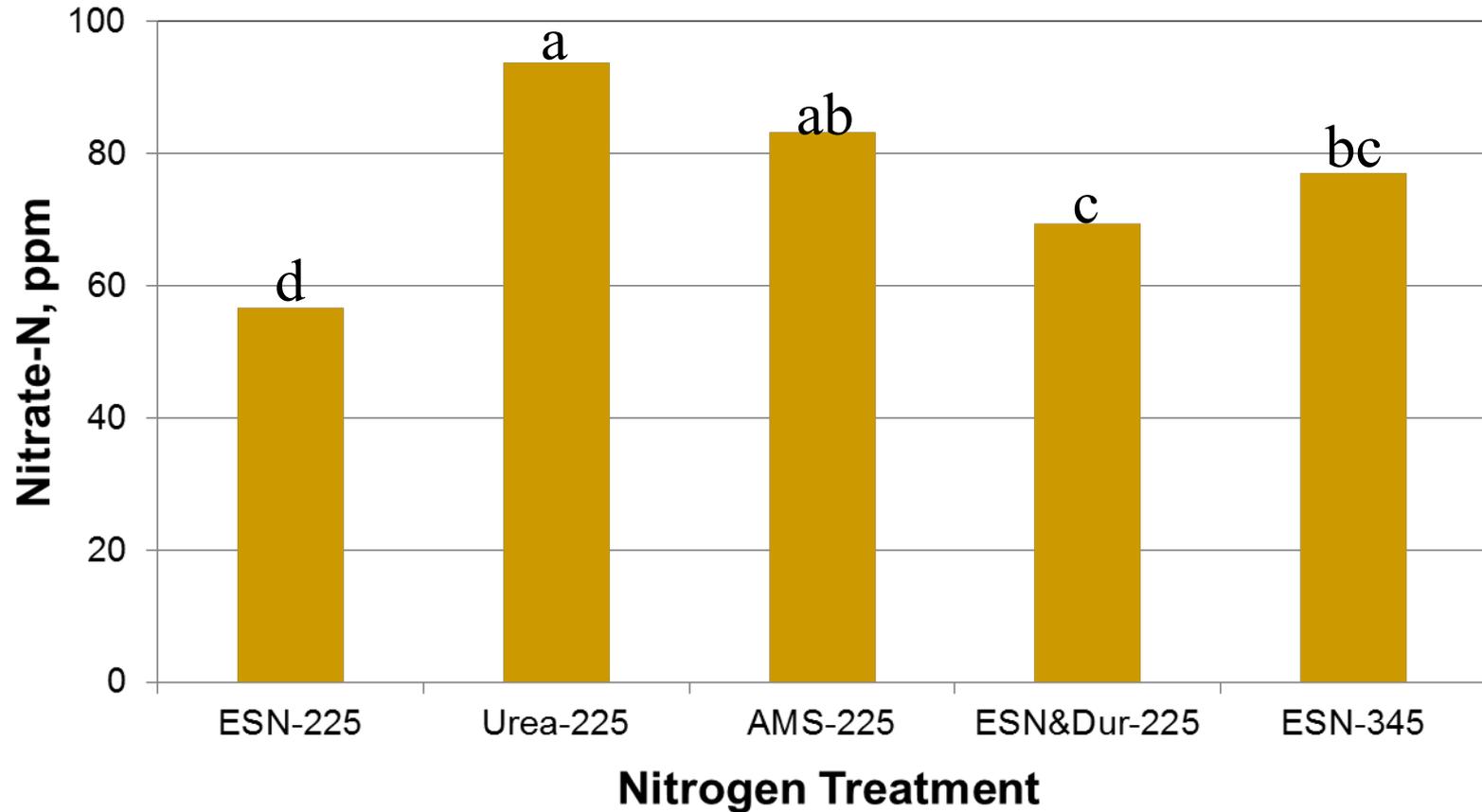
# Nitrate Leaching

- On any given date, nitrate-N concentrations were not affected by N treatment
  - When averaged over all dates, concentrations were affected by treatment but the response was not consistent between fields
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# New Field – Nitrate-N Concentrations



# Old Field Nitrate-N Concentrations

