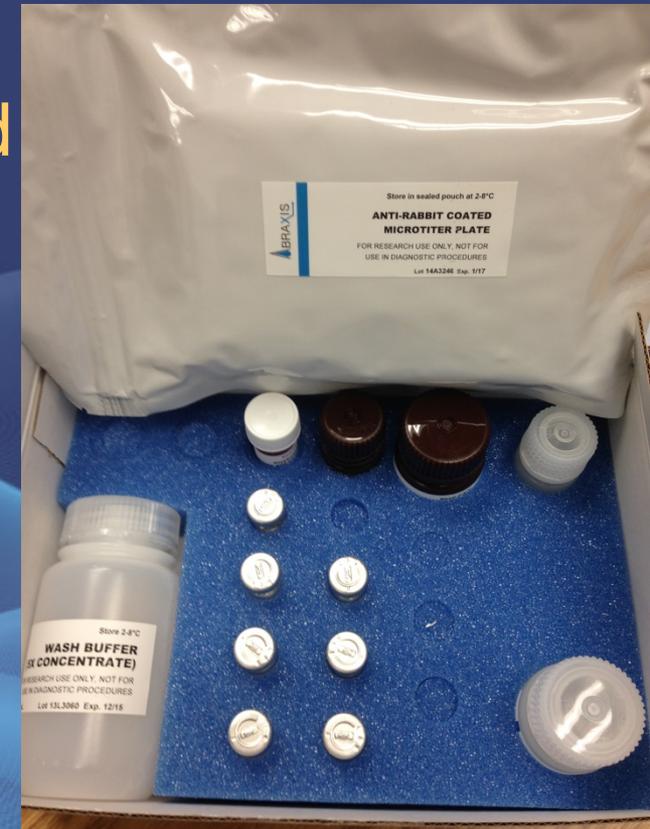


Validation of the Glyphosate Testing Kit and Glyphosate Field Trials.

High –Value Crops Project
Harlene Hatterman-Valenti
and Collin Auwarter
North Dakota State University

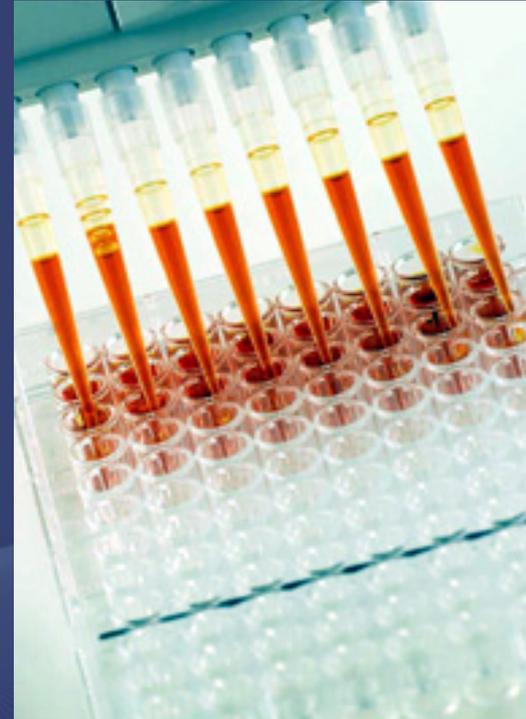
Glyphosate Testing Kit

- Working with Abraxis LLC. on a glyphosate assay test for potato tubers.
 - Want to develop a testing method for certified seed.
 - Want to see if the assay test could be modified to test foliage.

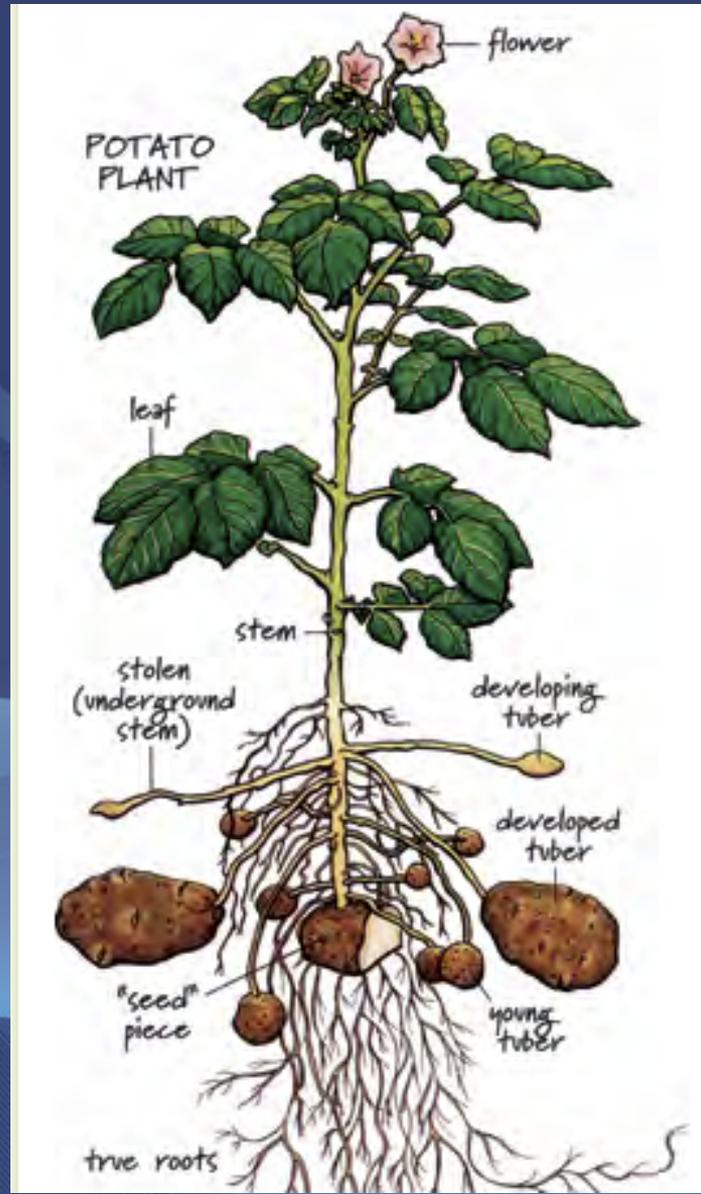


Glyphosate Testing Kit

- Can detect between 13.5 and 750 ppb glyphosate.
 - If sample exceeds 750 ppb, dilution is required.
 - Color development is inversely proportional to [glyphosate] in sample.
 - Use photometer and read absorbance at 450 nm for controls and samples to determine ppb of glyphosate.



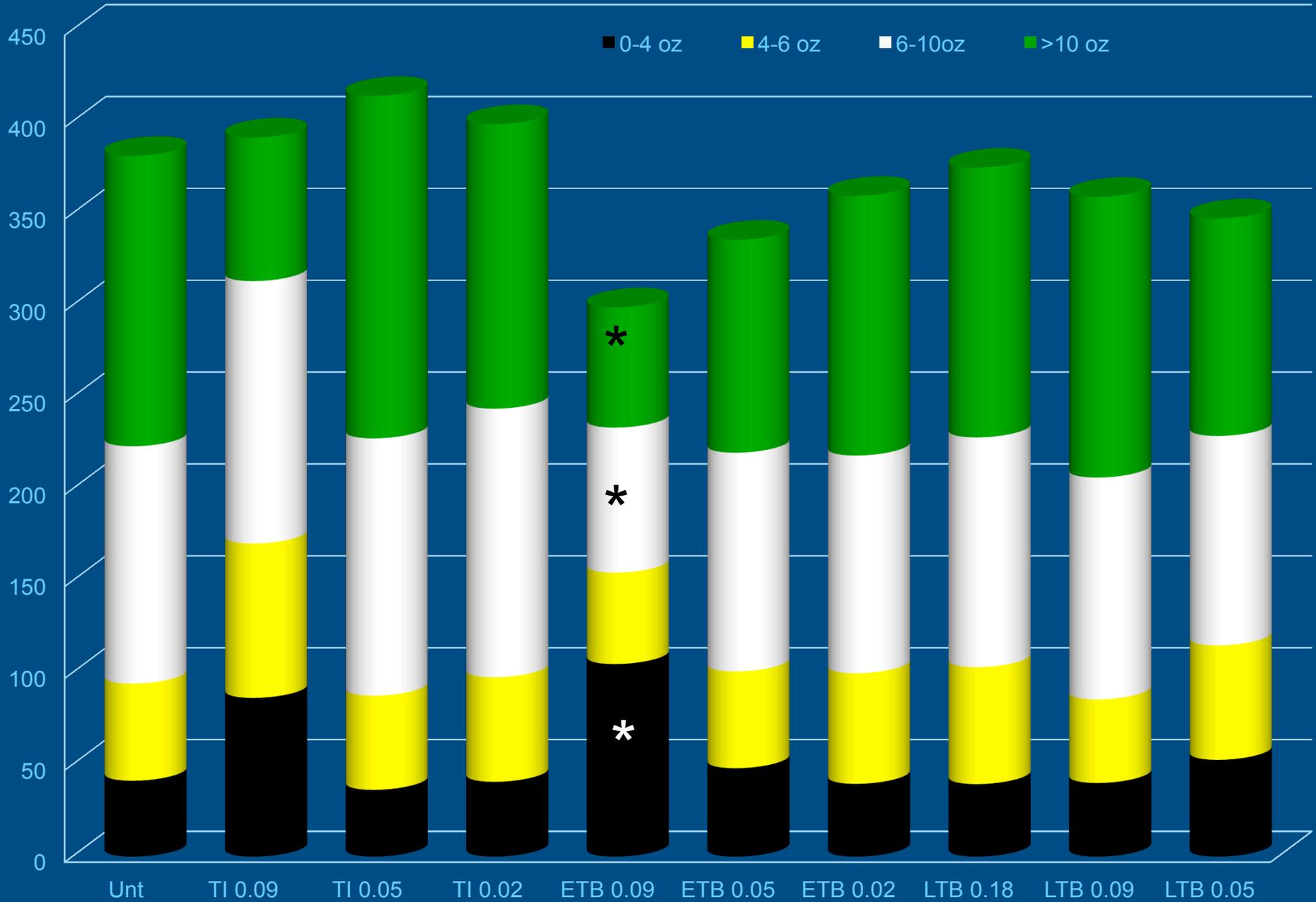
Greenhouse trial to address questions



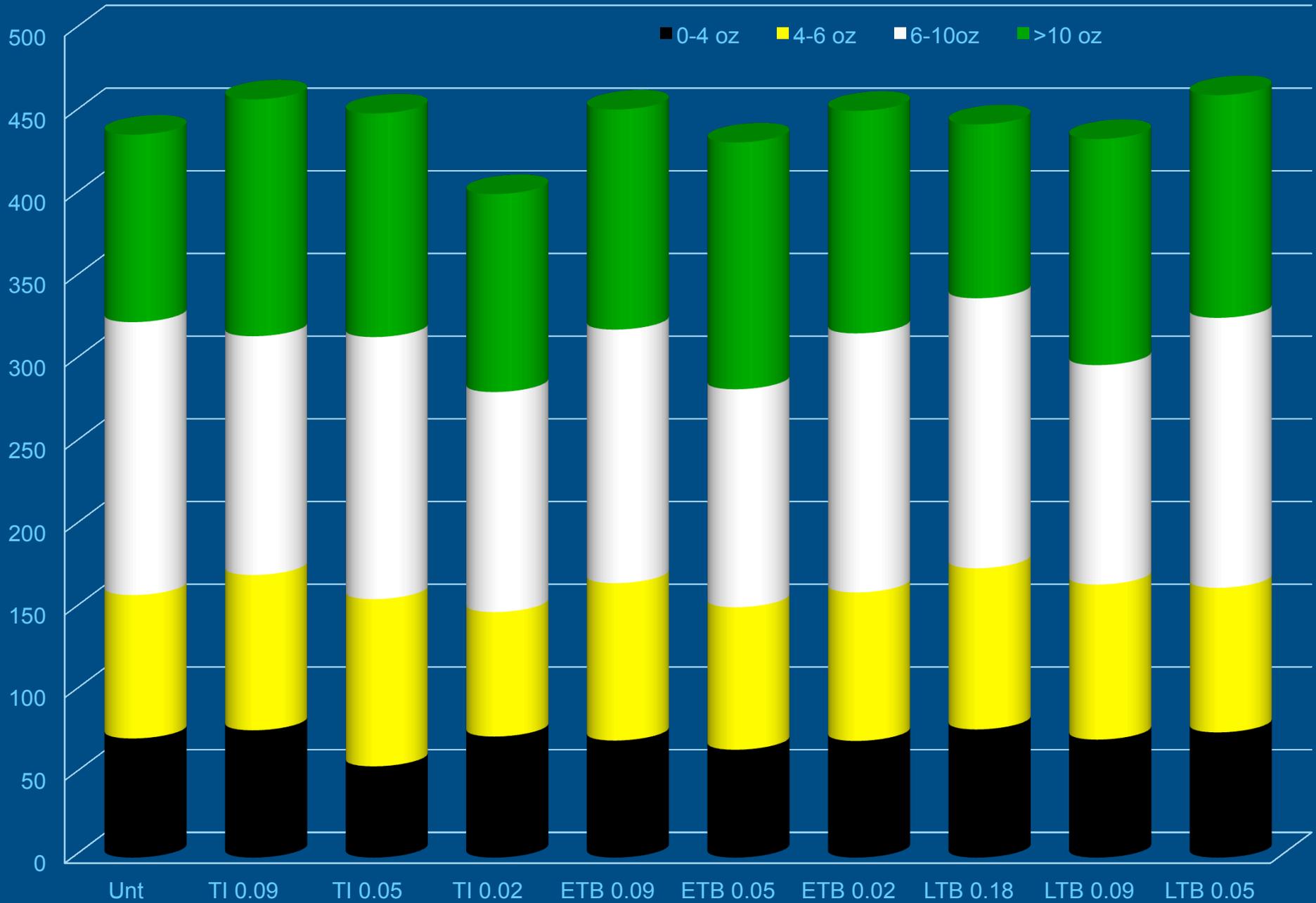
Glyphosate drift trial

- Simulated drift at 3 growth stages to 4 processing cultivars
 - Bannock Ranger Russet
 - Russet Burbank Umatilla
- Herbicide applied 7/24, 8/9, 9/4 2012.
- Planted stored tubers as seed June 12, 2013.

Bannock CWT/A 2012



Ranger CWT/A 2012





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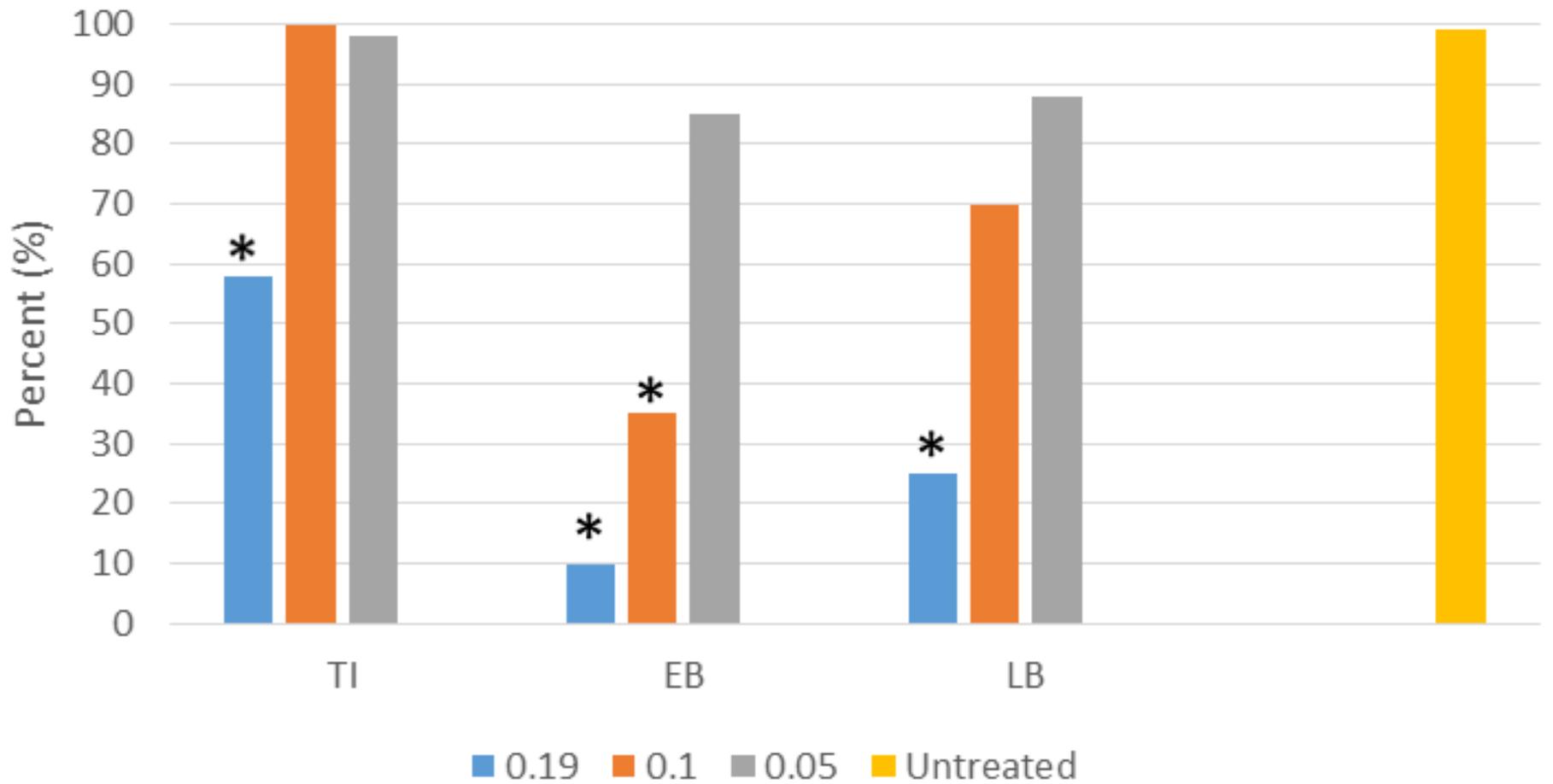
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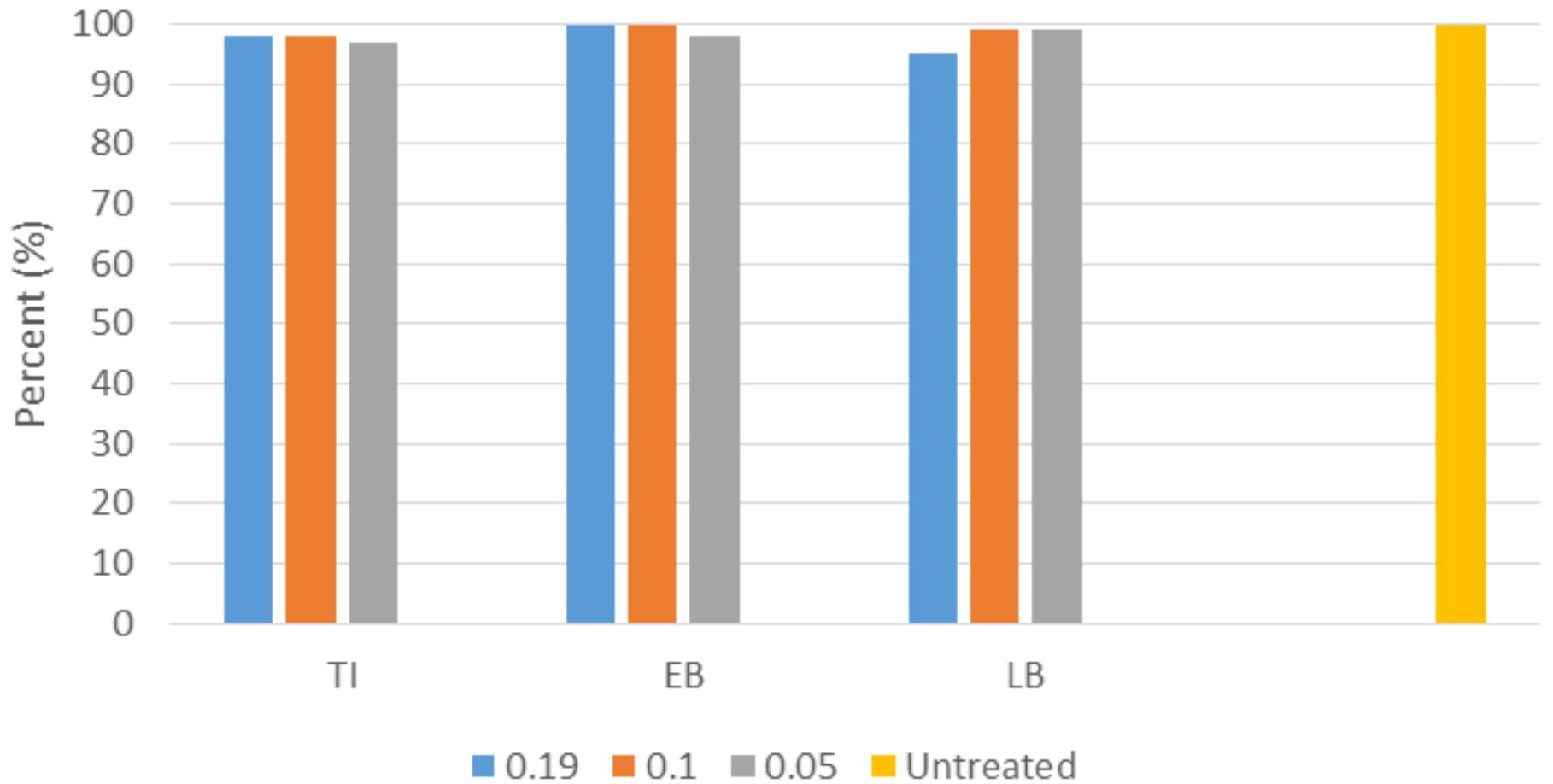
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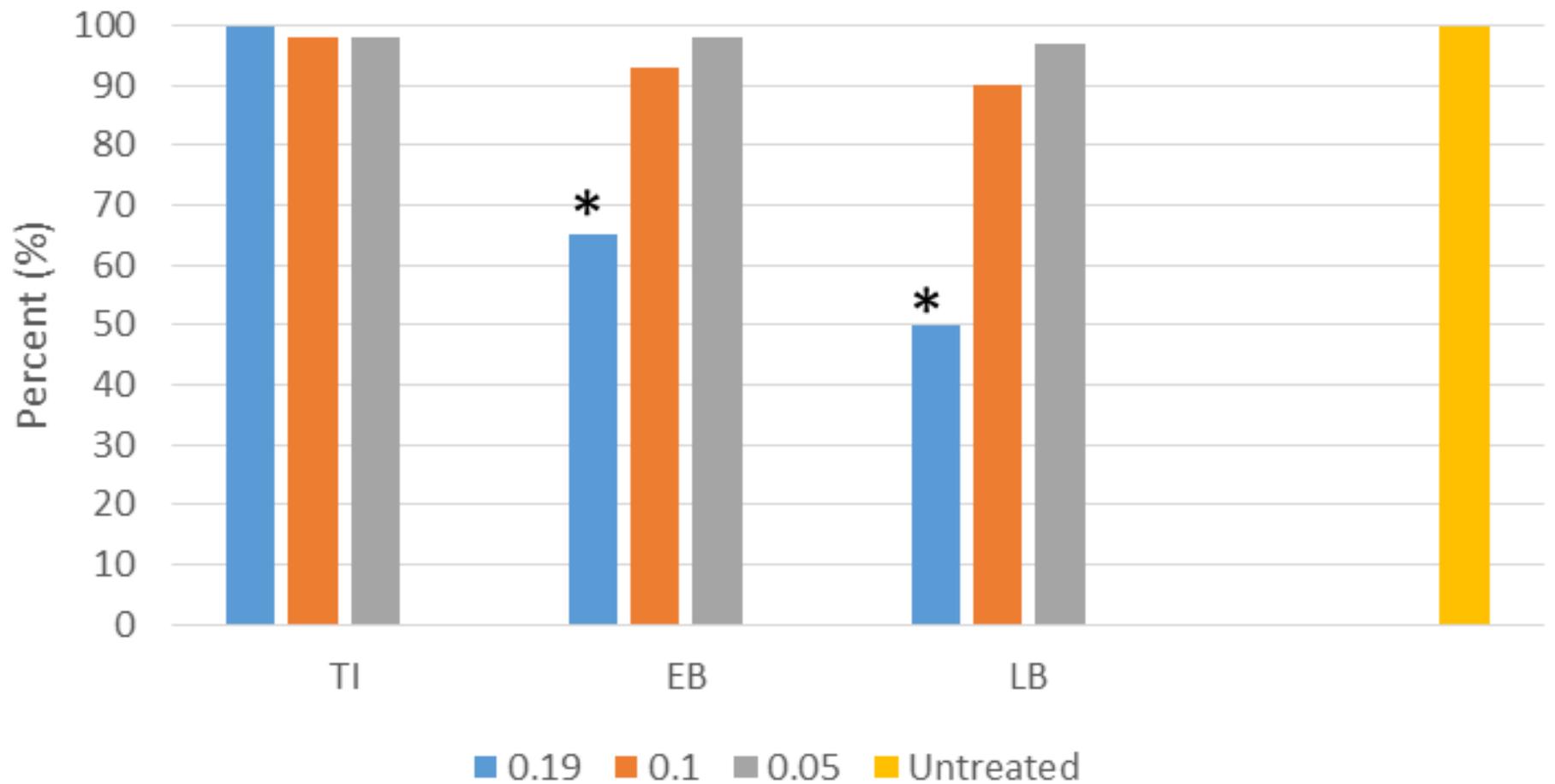
Bannock Emergence



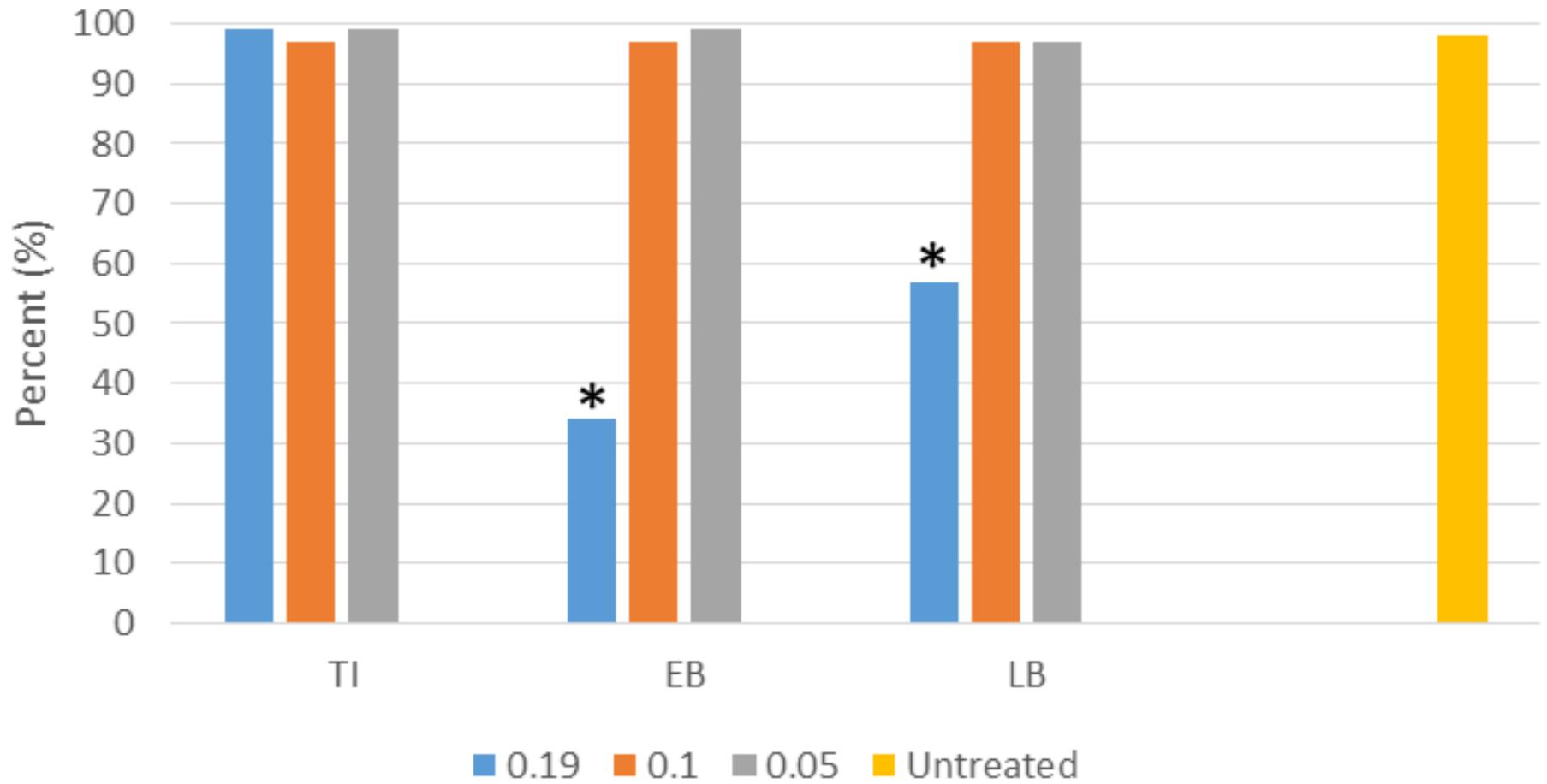
Ranger Russet Emergence



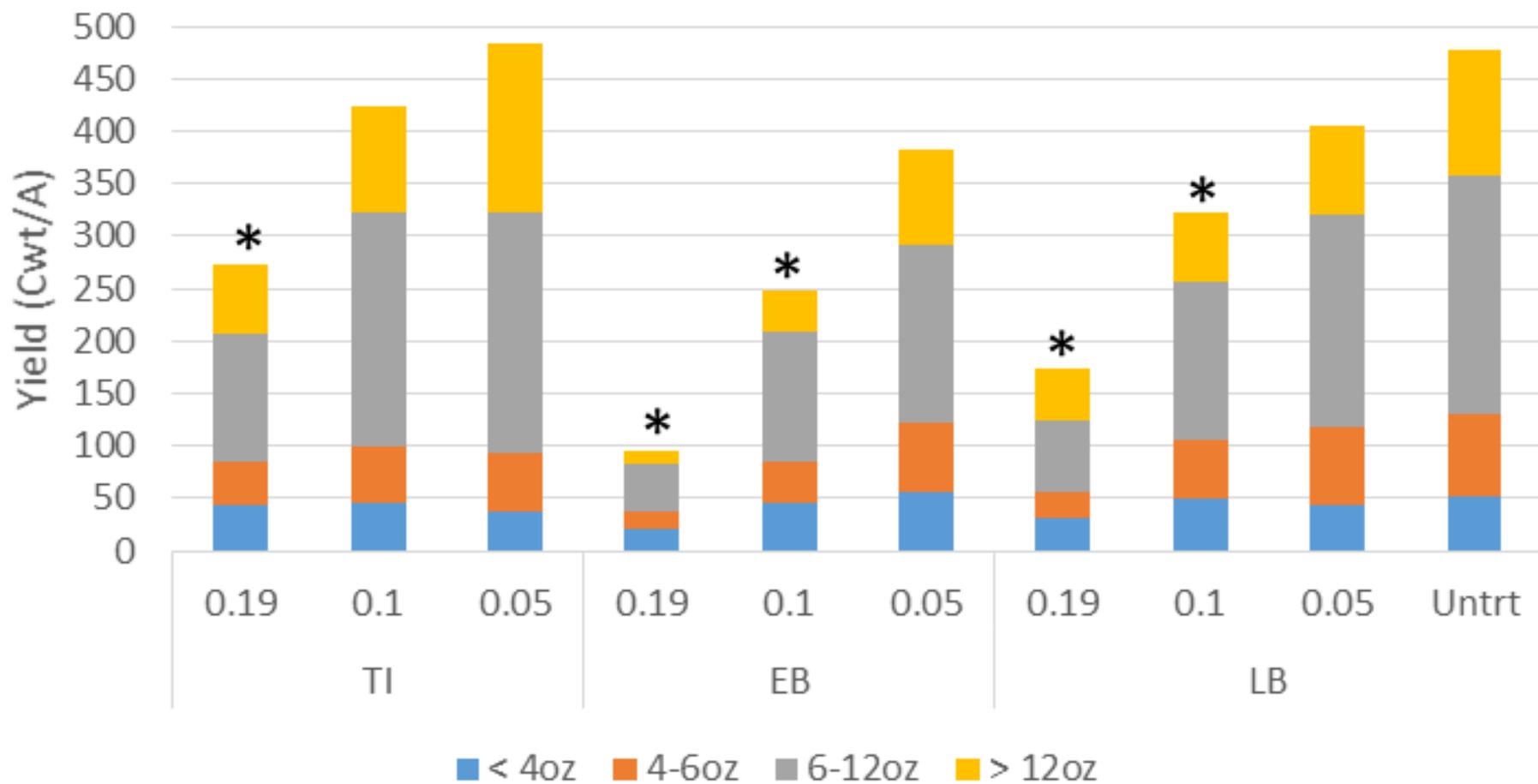
Russet Burbank Emergence



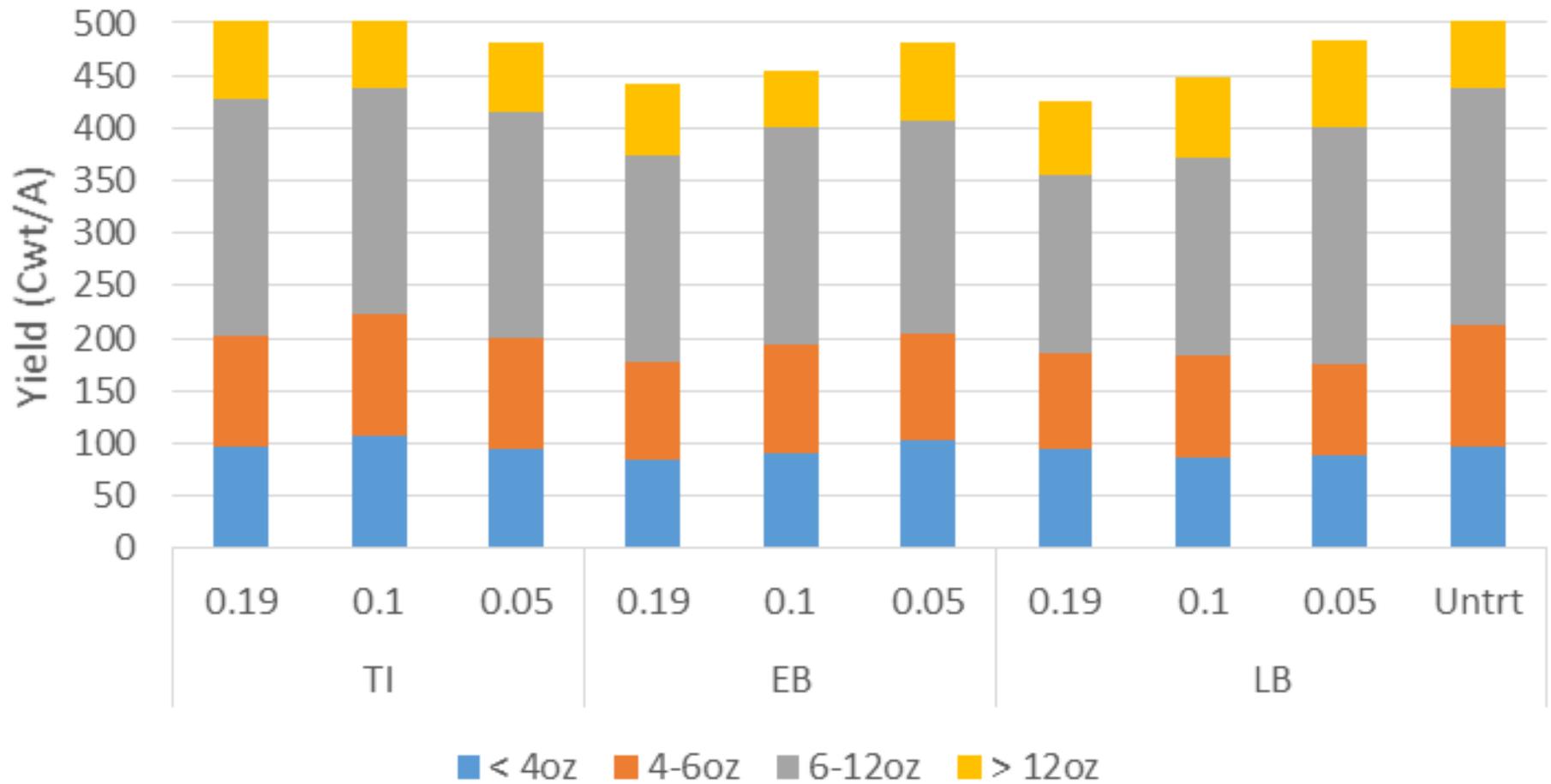
Umatilla Emergence



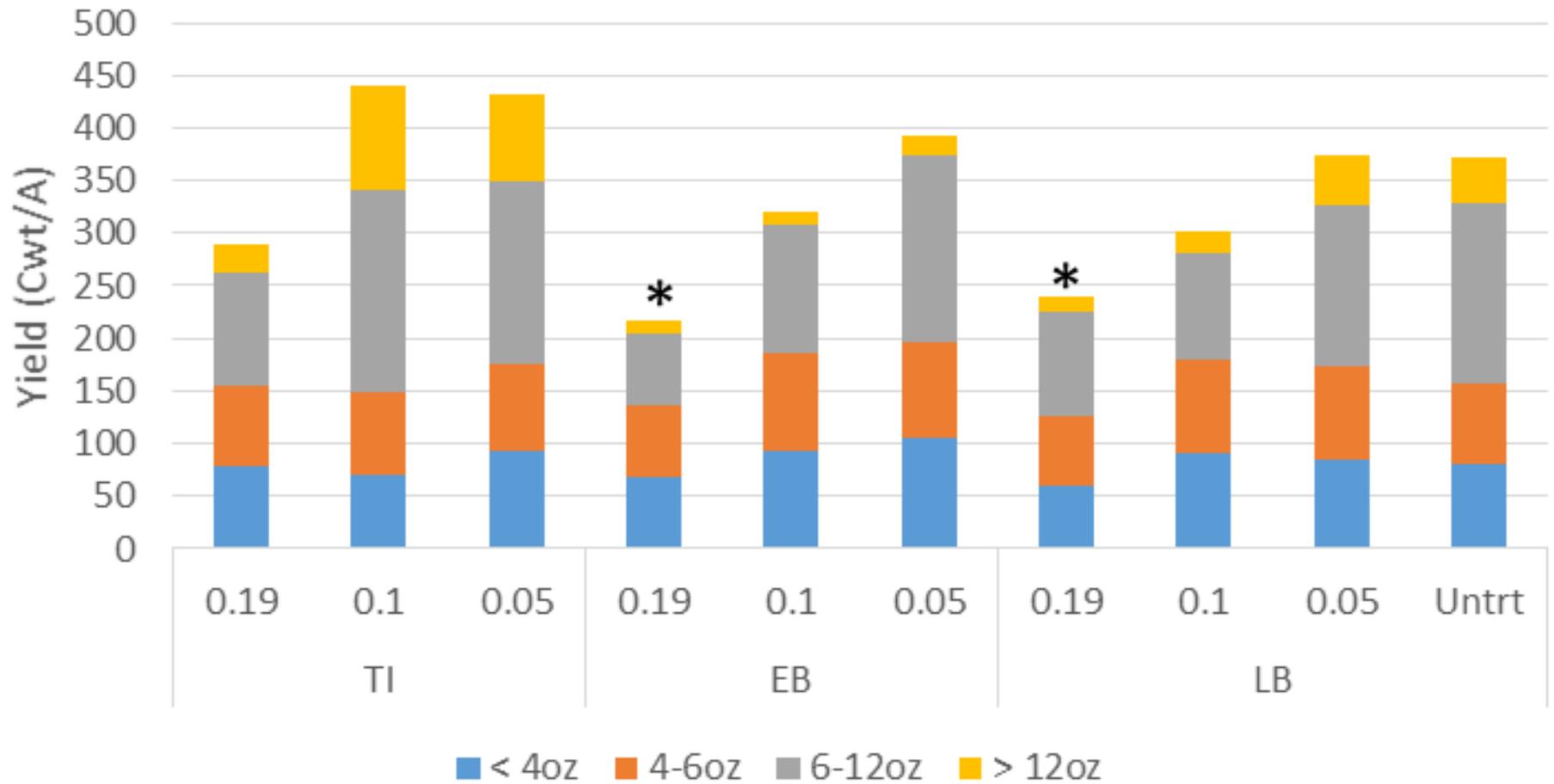
Bannock Yield



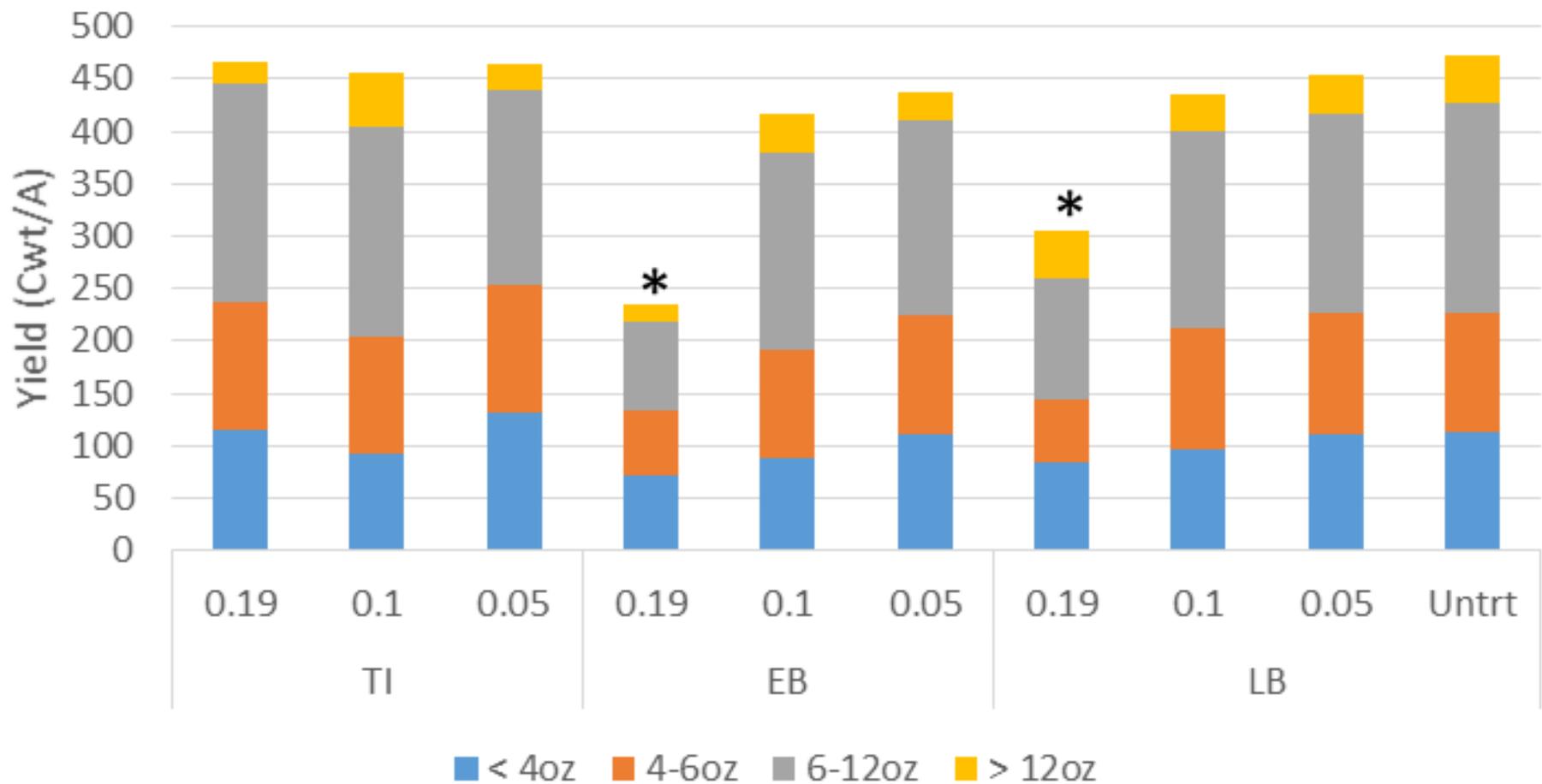
Ranger Russet Yield



Russet Burbank Yield



Umatilla Yield



Conclusions

- Ranger Russet mother plants were not affected by sub-lethal glyphosate applications.
- Bannock mother plants were most affected by sub-lethal glyphosate applications.
- Russet Burbank and Umatilla mother plants were intermediate in their response to sub-lethal glyphosate applications.

Questions?

