## U.S. Hard Red Spring and Durum Trends / Strengths / Challenges





Jim Peterson Policy & Marketing Director North Dakota Wheat Commission



# U.S. HARD RED SPRING WHEAT "DNS Wheat"

- Second largest class produced in the U.S.
- Known for:
  - High protein content
  - High vitreous kernel levels
  - Dough strength and high water absorption
  - Big loaf volumes (with oven spring)
- Typically used as "blending" wheat (improve protein content and protein quality), specialty bread products and Asian noodles
- Major competitor is Canada, with some German, Australian and Kazak wheat offering limited competition dependent on year
- < 2% of Global Wheat Production but 4.5% of Global Wheat Trade





#### PROTEIN/QUALITY SPECTRUM MAJOR WORLD WHEAT SOURCES

### WHO BUYS U.S. HRS WHEAT?



#### **EXPORT SALES OF U.S. HRS WHEAT**

(Year-to-Year comparison – As of mid-December)

**Million Bushels** 

**Million Tons** 

□ 17-18 Sales ■ 18-19 Sales



# U.S. HRS PRODUCTION REGION / EXPORT PATH



#### U.S. WHEAT FOOD USE BY CLASS



## Typical Share of Production by State/Region



# U.S. SPRING WHEAT PLANTINGS BY STATE

#### **Million Acres**

#### **Million Hectares**



# **U.S. Northern Durum**

Valued for high protein, high vitreous kernels, and strong gluten

- 70% of demand is from U.S. millers
- Top international markets are Italy, Algeria, Nigeria and Central American countries
- Recent market challenges....improving domestic production in Algeria...Kazakhstan exports



# U.S. DURUM WHEAT PLANTINGS BY STATE



Million Hectares



Source: USDA Small Grains Summary

## EXPORT PACE – U.S. DURUM WHEAT

as of mid-December

Million Tons

∎ 17-18 □ 18-19

**Million Bushels** 



# HRS and Durum Successes / Opportunities

- Strong base of traditional customers
- Premium prices in world market help offset to some degree "freight" disadvantage from North Dakota
- Push for "clean label" and higher fiber bread products favors higher percent of HRS in blends
- U.S. northern durum has advantage over EU and Desert Durum from sustainability perspective
- Two new durum varieties, Riveland and Grano, put us in great position if EU moves forward with lower Cadmium threshold
- U.S. HRS viewed as best in the world for gluten strength (recent improvement from 5-10 years ago)...but need to up breeding efforts for absorption

# Wheat Challenges

Competing crops Per acre returns Quality pricing risk Intense Black Sea competition Directly impacts HRW but lowers base price of all wheat Increasing customer concerns over residues and allergens

# **Allergen Challenges**

Soybean & buckwheat allergens

- Japan and some EU markets
- Buckwheat is similar to U.S. peanut allergy for segment of Japan population
- Volunteer tame buckwheat in next season wheat crop is concern
- As soybean production expands, customers finding higher levels of soybeans in wheat – for some it is a GMO concern

# **Residue Challenges**

### Glyphosate

- Italy and U.S. market currently
- Pre-harvest application is greatest concern by customers, but variability in testing brings all production into the mix

Producers need to remain vigilant on issue and when using as pre-harvest weed control follow post harvest window



# **Trade Policy**

- Work directly with U.S. Wheat Associates, National Association of Wheat Growers, ND Grain Growers and U.S. Durum Growers
- Need effective and forward looking trade policy
  - Open new markets, preserve current markets and ensure fair/equal trading platform with competitors
- Current challenges and potential challenges exist in some very important markets
  - China and Japan
- U.S./China trade dispute
  - No wheat sales to China since March 2018
  - Has been a #2 market for U.S. HRS exports...as high as 40 million bushels
  - Buyers in China place high value on U.S. or Canadian spring wheat because they need it to upgrade large stocks of low quality domestic wheat
  - If current U.S./China talks successful....HRS is rumored to be of interest by China...

#### **US Wheat Exports to China**



# **Trade Policy**

Comprehensive and Progressive Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP)

- Formerly TPP, U.S. dropped out in 2017
- Signed December 31, 2018
- Canada, Australia, Brunei, Chile, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, New Zealand, Peru, Singapore and Vietnam
- Gives preferential access to Australia and Canada in Japan one of our largest HRS markets
  - U.S. potentially at a \$0.35-\$0.40/bu. disadvantage by April 1, 2019. Disadvantage could grow to \$1.90/bu. by 2027.
  - U.S. HRS wheat not likely to be 100% displaced since mills and end-users value U.S. HRS and Canadian HRS for different traits...but potential price discount for Canadian wheat is significant.
  - US Wheat Associates and member states pressing Administration to reengage with Japan on a bilateral



Aus/Can Assessment

US Assessment

# **Trade Policy**

USMCA (United State – Mexico – Canada Agreement), revised NAFTA

Retains tariff free wheat exports to Mexico – HUGE market impact

Addresses some issues with Canada on wheat...but not all

U.S. wheat no longer automatically downgraded to "feed"...must be given the same grading standards as Canadian produced wheat

The catch....agreement allows Canada to retain it's "approved variety" threshold for wheat classes...

To qualify for CWAD and CWRS (top prices).. must be an approved variety...very few ND, MT or MN varieties apply.....Glenn HRS and Strongfield Durum

More work yet to do on improving this....also addressing rail freight advantage and ensuring phyto issues don't hinder trade

Heavy imports from Canada having big impact on U.S. durum and HRS prices



-2016 -2017 -2018

#### "Middle Class" *Outside the U.S.* Expected to Double By 2020 – To 1 Billion Households Worldwide food consumption will be impacted

Foreign households w/<u>real PPP incomes</u> greater than \$20,000 a year (in millions of households)



Source: Global Insight's Global Consumer Markets data as analyzed by OGA

# Research

NDWC funds between \$1.2 to \$1.7 million in wheat research annually

> This has continually increased over time

State and federal funds still make up the majority of funding for NDSU research programs...but its share has declined in some programs.

Key support areas

Variety development for HRS, durum, and HRW

Disease resistance, stronger straw and increased yields

Quality testing and research

Key selling factor in retaining "class" / "origin" premiums

Other areas – soil science, marketing, transportation and economics

Priorities discussed at annual meeting with county representatives

#### 2018-19 BUDGETED NDWC SUPPORTED WHEAT RESEARCH : \$1,308,583



Other includes New Technologies Contingency, NCI and Wheat Marketing Center.

#### World Map of USW Offices and Regions

•



#### NDWC BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

#### NDWC DISTRICT MAP



NORTH DAKOTA

#### **OUR MISSION**

- Build bigger better markets for ND premium wheat
- Promote, aid and develop marketing opportunities for ND wheat
  - Sustain and improve state ag economy



District 1 Jim Bahm New Salem



District 2 Dustin Johnsrud Epping



District 5 Greg Svenningsen Valley City



District 3 Jim Pellman McClusky



District 6 Aaron Kjelland Park River



District 4 Phil Volk York



At Large Bruce Freitag Scranton

# **THANK YOU**

# **QUESTIONS?**

