7 Ways to Use Canned Fish

Have you ever had a craving for seafood but you live miles from the nearest body of water? Canned fish such as salmon and tuna are an excellent source of protein and they are cost-effective alternatives to fresh seafood.

Canned salmon and tuna contain an abundance of omega-3 fatty acids, which are essential to your health. These polyunsaturated fatty acids may play a role in preventing heart disease.

You can make many satisfying and economical meals for your family using canned fish.

1. Make it into patties
   Add chopped fresh herbs, spices and glazes. Mix canned salmon with brown rice and add a dollop of spicy mayo.

2. Serve it with pasta
   Make a tuna casserole or use it in a macaroni salad.

3. Pile it on a green salad
   Add canned tuna or salmon to a green lettuce salad to boost your protein. This creates a filling nutrient dense meal.

4. Mix it with rice
   Canned fish adds a ton of flavor to bland rice. Make rice as directed and then top with canned salmon or tuna, steamed vegetables of choice and spice to taste.

5. Make a sandwich
   Combine canned tuna or salmon with plain Greek yogurt or mayonnaise and chopped celery. Spread mixture onto a slice of whole-wheat bread and top with a leaf of lettuce and another slice of bread.

6. Create dips and spreads
   Combine canned tuna or salmon with plain Greek yogurt or mayonnaise. Add salt and pepper, onion and preferred spices. Serve dip with whole-wheat crackers.

7. Build fish tacos
   Sauté onion, tomato and tuna or salmon in a pan until heated through. Add cilantro and other veggies to add flavor. Pile mixture onto a tortilla and top with a lemon wedge, avocado slice, salsa and/or sour cream.
How to make three easy canned fish recipes

Creamed Tuna or Salmon on Toast
• 2 Tbsp. margarine, melted
• 3 Tbsp. flour
• 2 tsp. salt
• ¼ tsp. pepper
• 2 c. low-fat milk or dry milk equivalent
• 1 carrot, sliced
• 1 stalk of celery, sliced
• 1 c. peas
• 1 (7-oz.) can tuna (or salmon), drained
• 8 slices bread for toast

Wash and slice carrot and celery. Cook them in a saucepan with 2 c. water until soft. Drain and set aside in a small bowl. In the same saucepan, melt margarine. Add the flour, salt and pepper and stir until it looks like paste. Add the milk and stir while it cooks until the sauce gets thicker. Do not boil. Add the carrots, celery, peas and tuna (or salmon). Stir and cook until the mixture is hot. Make toast and serve the creamed mixture over it. You also can serve it over biscuits or noodles.

Makes four servings.
Each serving has 344 calories, 10 g fat, 42 g carbohydrate and 993 mg sodium.

Tuna Pasta Salad
• 2 c. macaroni, uncooked
• 2 (6.5-oz.) cans tuna, water-packed
• ½ c. celery, chopped
• 1 c. raw carrots, sliced
• ½ c. green pepper, chopped
• ½ c. light salad dressing, mayonnaise type
• 1 Tbsp. brown sugar
• 2 Tbsp. vinegar or lemon juice
• 2 to 4 Tbsp. milk (more or less for desired consistency)
• Salt and pepper to taste

Cook macaroni according to package directions; drain and cool. Drain tuna. Wash vegetables; chop celery, carrots and green pepper. Mix macaroni, tuna and vegetables together in mixing bowl. Mix remaining ingredients and stir into macaroni mixture. Chill until ready to serve.

Makes 10 servings.
Each serving has 140 calories, 5 g fat, 12 g carbohydrate and 232 mg sodium.

Tuna Melt
• 2 (5-oz) cans chunk light tuna in water, drained
• 1 medium red onion, chopped
• 2 Tbsp. mayonnaise
• 1 Tbsp. lemon juice
• ½ tsp. ground pepper
• Salsa to taste
• 4 slices whole-wheat bread, toasted
• ¼ c. finely shredded cheddar cheese

Preheat broiler. Toast bread. Combine tuna, onion, mayonnaise, lemon juice, salsa and pepper in a medium bowl. Spread one-fourth of tuna mixture on each slice of toast; top with cheese. Place on a baking sheet and broil until cheese is bubbling and golden brown, three to five minutes.

Makes four servings.
Per serving: 250 calories, 7 g fat, 32 g protein, 21 g carbohydrate and 400 mg sodium

Key
• c. = cup
• Tbsp. = tablespoon
• qt. = quart
• tsp. = teaspoon
• oz. = ounce
• g = gram
• mg = milligram

Julie Garden-Robinson
Ph.D., R.D., L.R.D.
Food and nutrition specialist

Nicole Vasichek
Dietetic intern (former)

Check out the recipe database and other cooking/nutrition tips at
www.ag.ndsu.edu/food

For more information on this and other topics, see www.ag.ndsu.edu

NDSU encourages you to use and share this content, but please do so under the conditions of our Creative Commons license. You may copy, distribute, transmit and adapt this work as long as you give full attribution, don’t use the work for commercial purposes and share your resulting work similarly. For more information, visit www.ag.ndsu.edu/agcomm/creative-commons.

County commissions, North Dakota State University and U.S. Department of Agriculture cooperating. NDSU does not discriminate in its programs and activities on the basis of age, color, gender expression/identity, genetic information, marital status, national origin, participation in lawful off-campus activity, physical or mental disability, pregnancy, public assistance status, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, spousal relationship to current employee, or veteran status, as applicable. Direct inquiries to Vice Provost for Title IX/ADA Coordinator, Old Main 201, NDSU Main Campus, 701-231-7768, ndsu.eoaa.ndsu.edu. This publication will be made available in alternative formats for people with disabilities upon request, 701-231-7881.