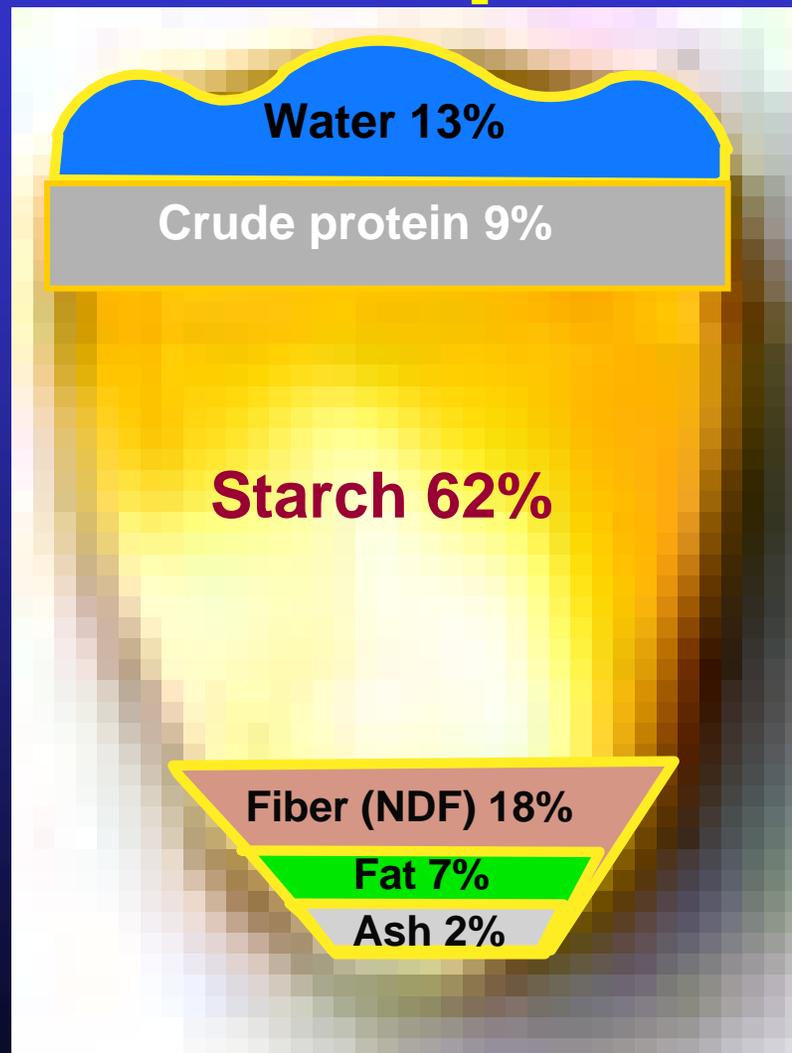


# Using Corn Ethanol Byproducts in Beef Rations



# Corn Composition



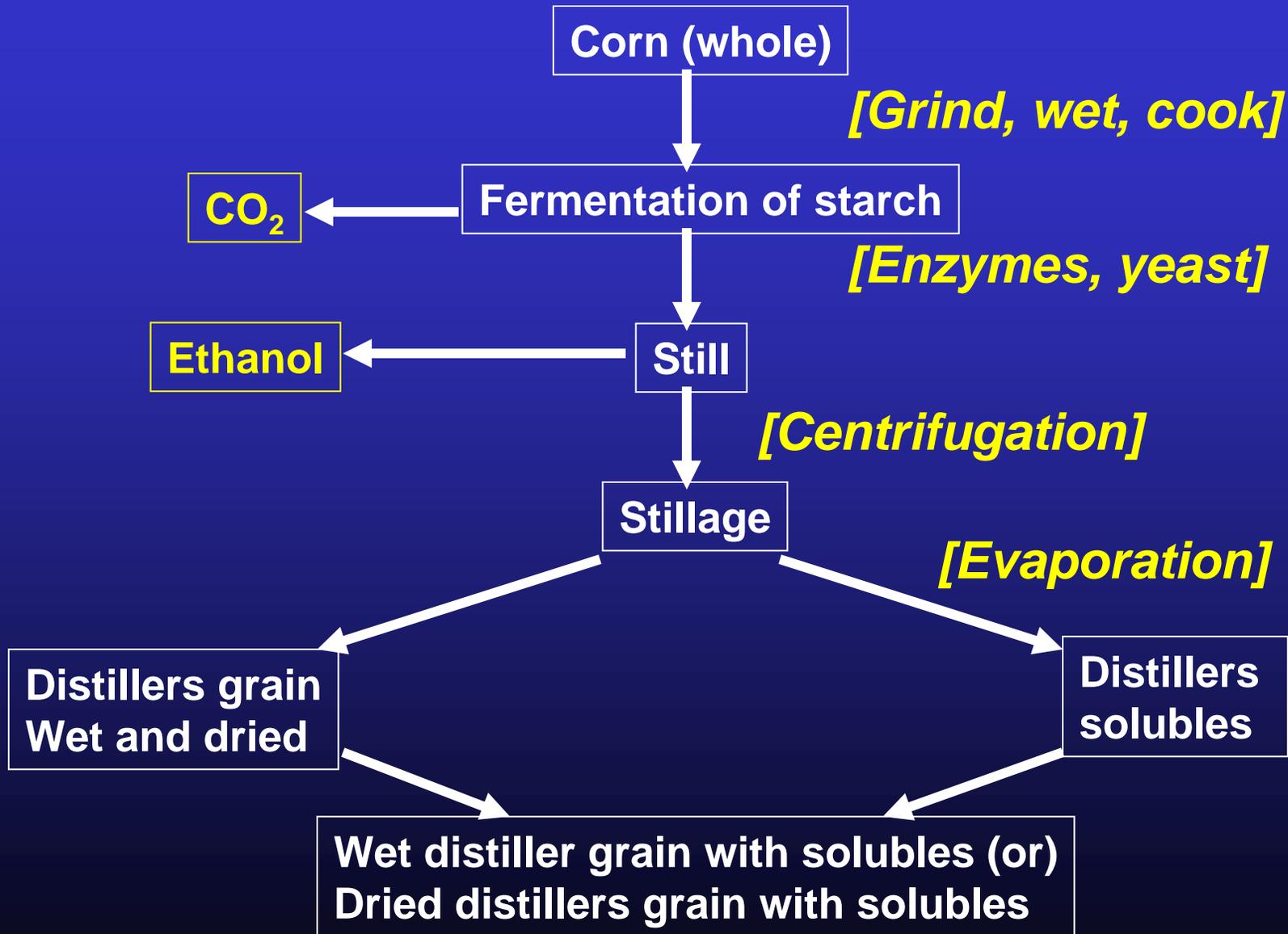
# Dry Corn Milling



# Corn Milling Procedures

- **Dry milling**
  - **Corn is hammer milled without prior soaking in water**
  - **End products**
    - **Food grade: Corn grits, hominy, alcohol**
    - **Industrial grade: Ethanol, alcohol**

# Dry Milling Schematic

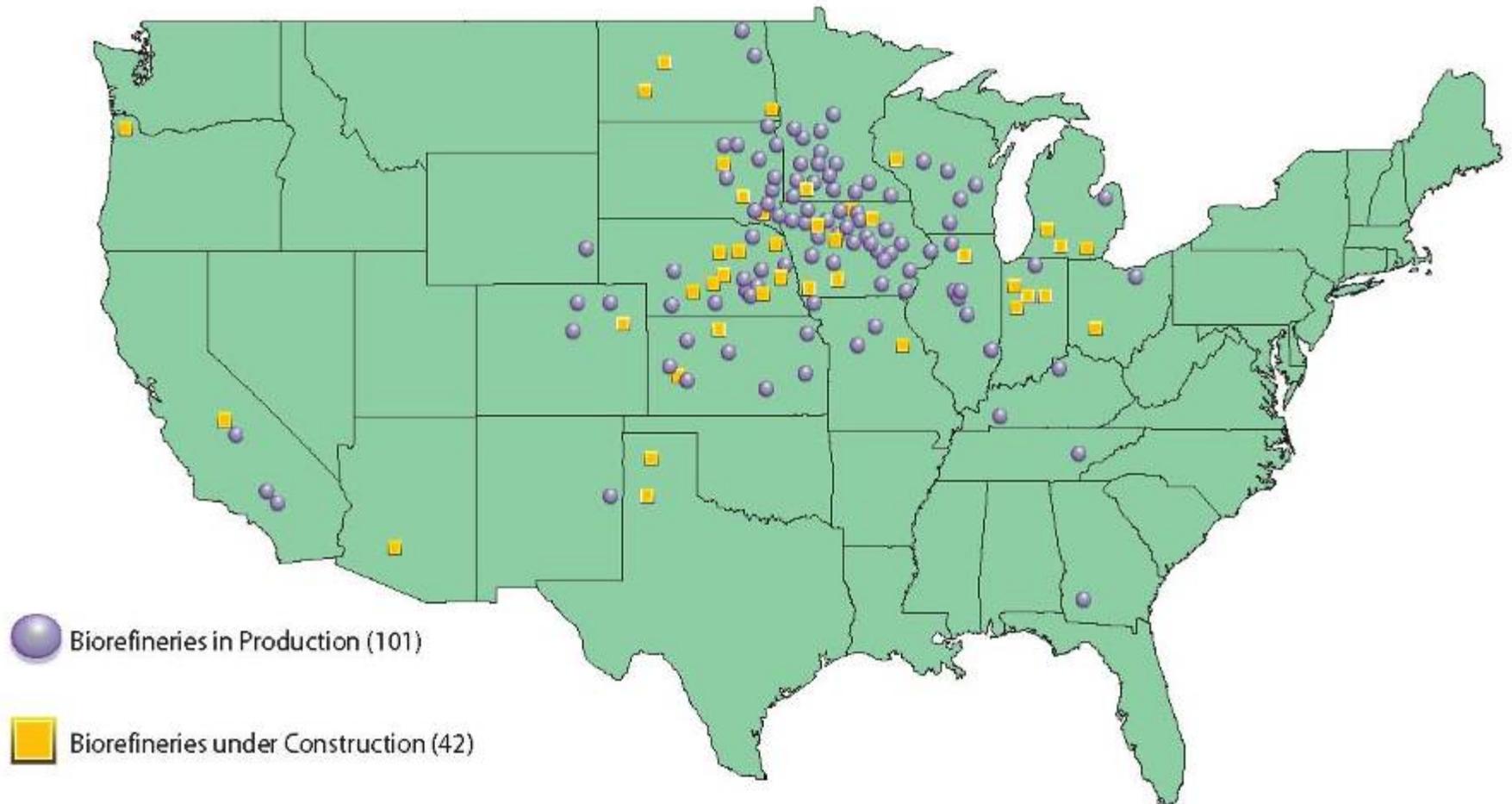


# One Bushel of Corn Produces:

- **2.7 Gallons of ethanol**
- **18 Pounds of DDG**
  - **Or 54 Pounds of WDG**
- **18 Pounds of carbon dioxide**

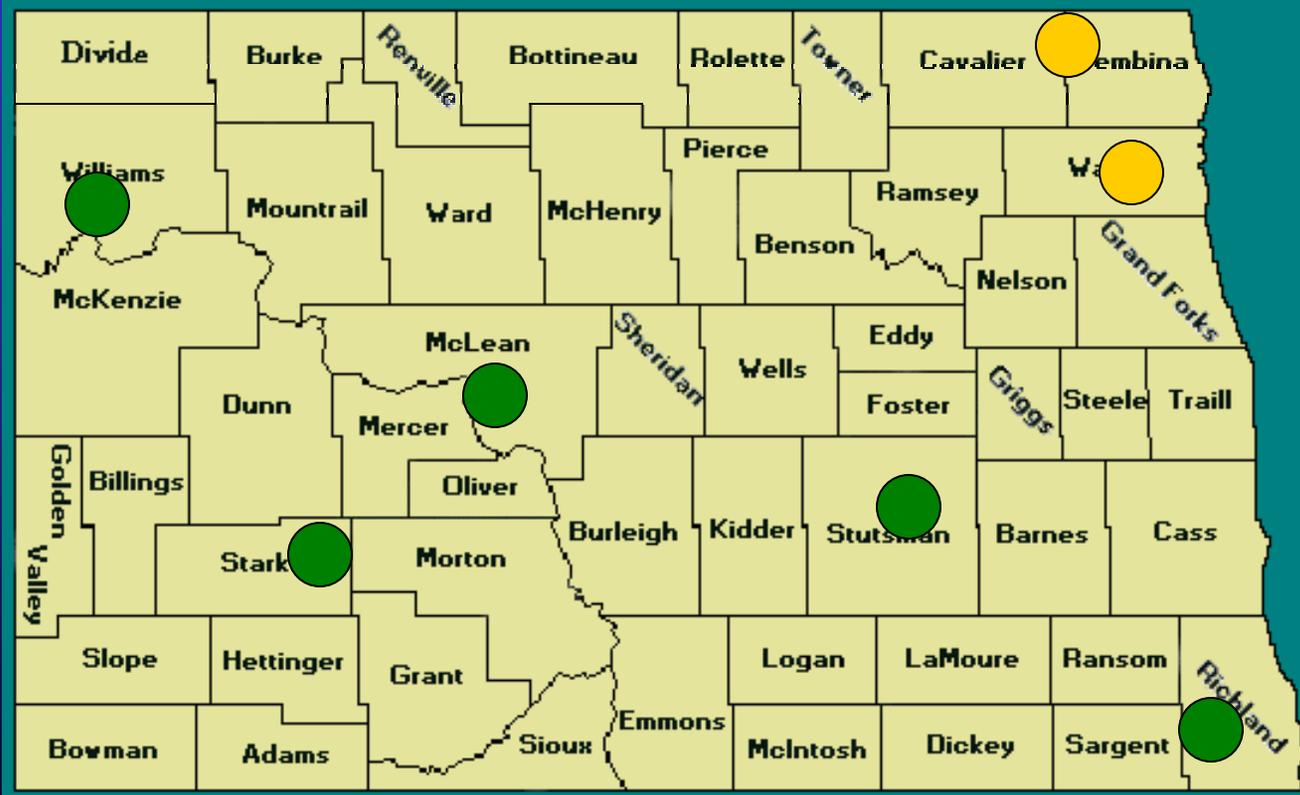


# U.S. Ethanol Biorefinery Locations



Source: Renewable Fuels Association

# North Dakota Ethanol Development



# Contact Information for DDGS

- Alchem, Ltd Grafton  
1-888-488-2778
- ADM Walhalla  
1-888-541-1062
- Blue Flint Ethanol Underwood  
1-701-442-7505
- Red Trail Energy Richardton  
plant 1-701-974-3308  
Commodity Specialists 1-800-769-1066

## **Dry Distillers Grain For Sale**

**\$70.00 F.O.B. The Plant - Good Availability**

## **Wet Distillers Grain For Sale**

**\$17.00 F.O.B. The Plant - 33% Dry Matter**

North Country  
Ethanol 

**North Country Ethanol  
Rosholt, SD**

**Tom Lane, Commodity Manager  
Corn/Distillers Grains  
605-537-4585**

# Corn Condensed Distillers Solubles

- Also referred to as 'corn syrup'
  - Feed industry = CCDS
- Highly variable nutritional content
  - DM
  - CP
  - Fat
  - Energy
  - Minerals
- Sometimes being given away if freight is paid



**NDSU Animal and Range Sciences**

# Corn Condensed Distillers Solubles

- Contains (DM basis):
  - 20 to 30% CP
    - 20% UIP (highly degradable)
  - 80 to 93 NE<sub>g</sub> (Mcal/100 lbs) (97TDN)
  - 9 to 15% fat
  - 1.30 to 1.45% P
  - 1.75 to 2.25% K
  - 0.37 to 0.95% S

# Nutrient Content of CCDS

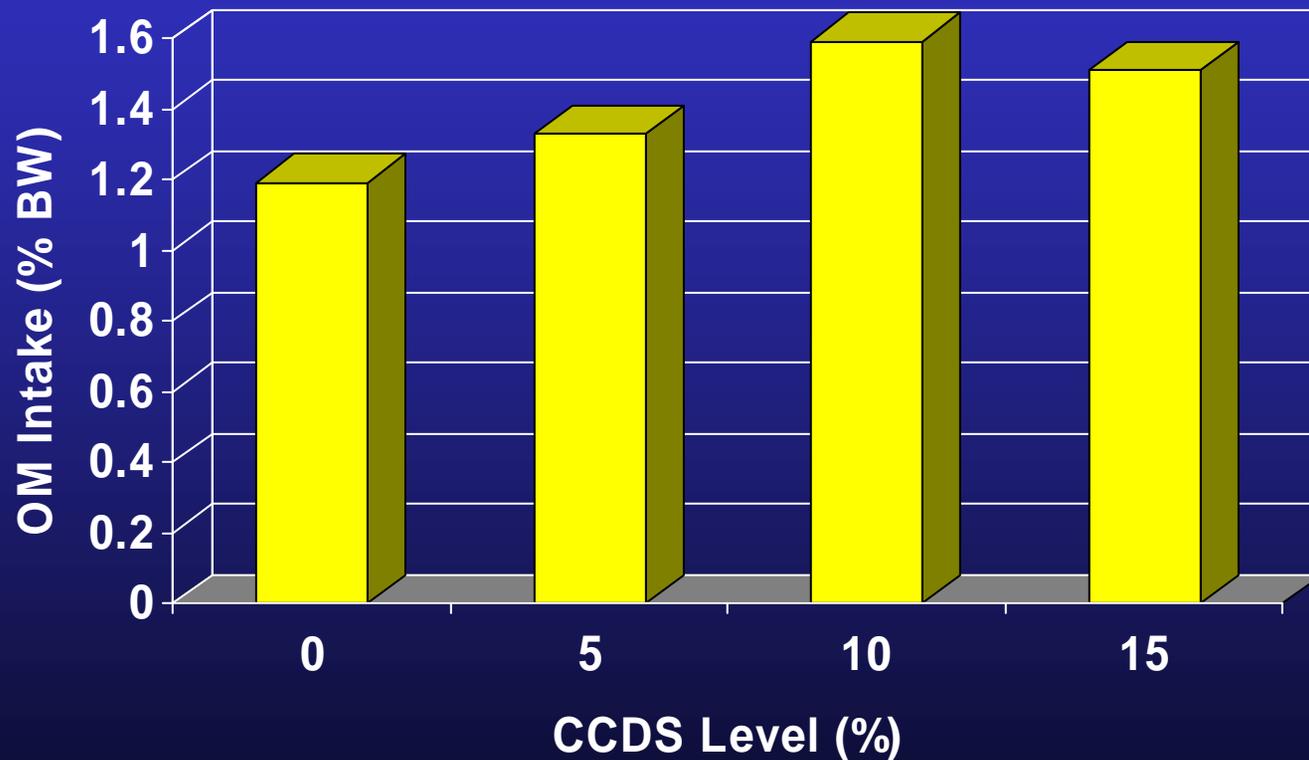
	Product A	Product B
Fat, % DM	4.2	17.4
CP, % DM	15.4	21.6

- Plant to plant variation
- Day to day variation within plant

# Corn Condensed Distillers Solubles

- Liquid byproduct
- Need liquid handling capability
- Can freeze
- Best results when tanks are buried
- Excellent ration conditioner
  - Controls dust
  - Improves palatability

# Effect of High Fat CCDS on Feed Intake in Forage Based Diets



Lin, P = 0.01

# Tank Systems





**NDSU Animal and Range Sciences**



# Dried Distillers Grains Plus Solubles

- **Contain:**
  - **25 to 32% CP**
    - **47 to 57% UIP**
  - **60 to 70 NE<sub>g</sub> (Mcal/s/100 lbs) (86TDN)**
  - **8 to 10% fat**
  - **0.4 to 0.8% P**
  - **0.87 to 1.33 K**
  - **0.37 to 0.46 S**

# **Dried Distillers Grains with Solubles**



# **Dried Distillers Grains Plus Solubles**

- **Feed at 10 to 15% of the diet as a source of supplemental protein**
- **Feed at higher levels as an energy source**
  - **Economics determine appropriate level**
- **Maximum recommended level = 40% of the diet**
  - **N and P will be above requirements and could cause nutrient management problems**
  - **Sulfur issues**

# Dried Distillers Grains Plus Solubles

- Can be used as a protein supplement for forage fed cattle
- Majority of the protein is escape or bypass protein
  - Rely on urea recycling to use the escape protein in DDGS
- Stalker et al. (2004)
  - No differences in animal performance with urea inclusion in supplements based on DDG

# Handling DDGS

- Doesn't pellet well
- If you want to try pelleting
  - Add wheat midds, soybean hulls or other byproducts
    - 40% or more of the pellet?
- Storage
  - Will bridge and cause problems with conventional storage
  - Flat storage works best

# Feeding Dried Distillers Grains on the Ground

- **Concern**
  - **Feed waste**
- **Fat content may prevent some blowing when fed in meal form**
- **Feeding on used conveyor belts may be an option**

# Wet Distillers Grains

- **Contain 25-35% DM (65-75% moisture)**
- **Contain 30 to 35% CP on a DM basis**
- **Contain .80 to .90 Mcal NEg/cwt**
  - **100 to 115% value of corn**
- **8 to 12% fat**
- **0.5 to 0.8% P**

# Transportation and Storage

- Haul in end dump or live bottom trucks
- Will store 7-10 days in summer before mold, in winter freezing an issue
- Plants now selling modified wet at 50% DM which is more economical to truck
- Some success in bagging or packed pile in blends with stover, straw or hay to stockpiling for latter use

# Ration Mixing

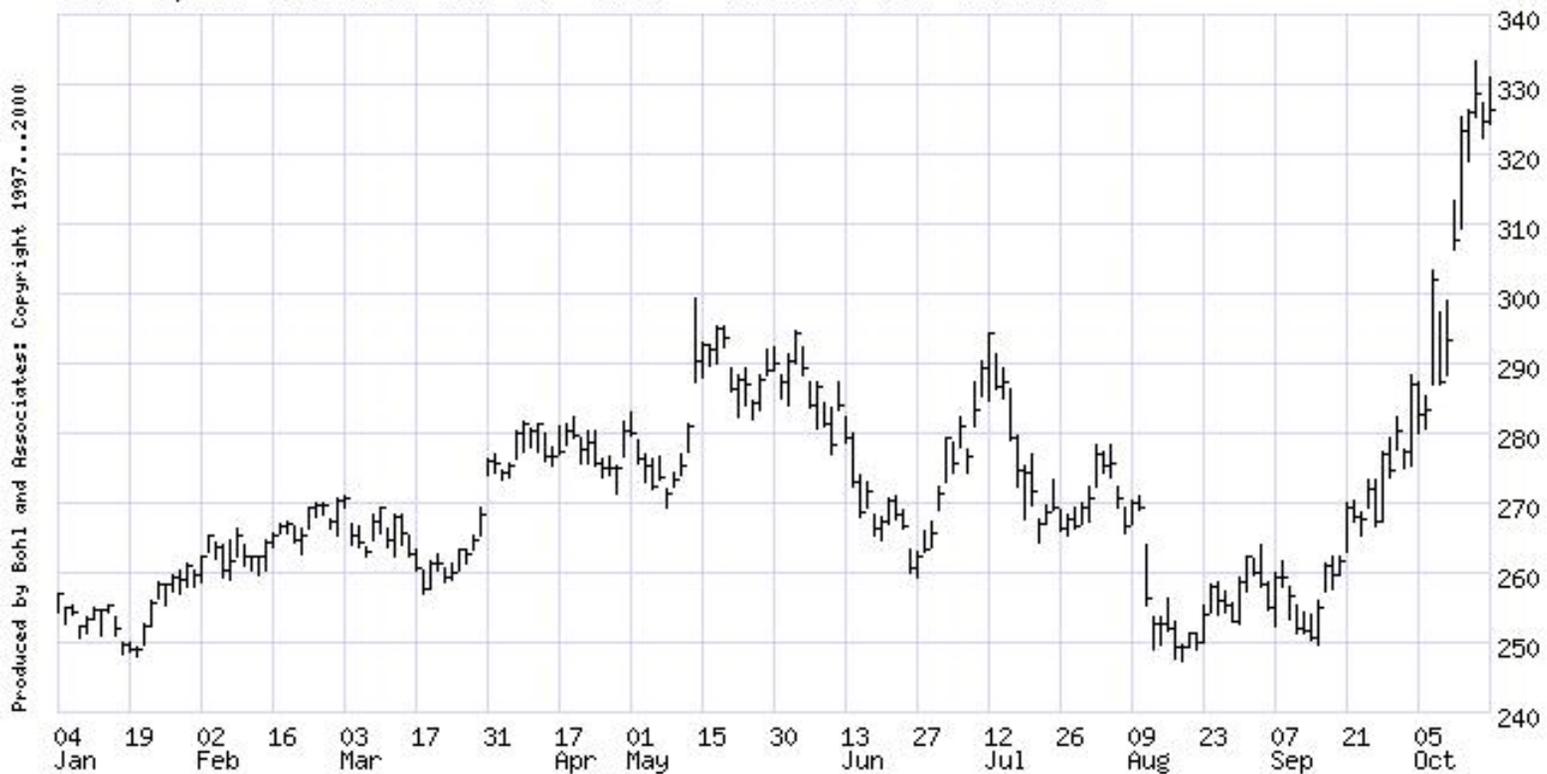
- Ration mixing is important in forage based diets
- Separation of DDGS from forages increases likelihood of sulfur related problems

# Commodity Bay Storage



# High corn prices create challenges for cowmen

Corn 5,000 bushels: Mar 07 CBOT Plotted To: 10/19/06



# Example Rations with DDGS

	<b>600 lb steer 2.5 ADG</b>	<b>1300 lb cow 7 mon pg.5 ADG</b>
<b>Grass Hay (45)</b>	<b>8</b>	
<b>CRP Hay (35)</b>		<b>25</b>
<b>Oat Straw (25)</b>		<b>5</b>
<b>Corn (120)</b>	<b>3</b>	
<b>DDGS (90)</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Salt/Min (500)</b>	<b>.35</b>	<b>.2</b>
<b>Cost/hd/day</b>	<b>\$.68</b>	<b>\$.68</b>

# Future Opportunities ????



	<b>%DM</b>	<b>%CP</b>	<b>%TDN</b>	<b>\$/T</b>	<b>\$/CP</b>	<b>\$/TDN</b>	<b>\$/BU</b>	
<b>Canola Meal</b>	0.9	0.41	0.69	\$116.0	0.1571			
<b>Corn</b>	0.88	0.1	0.9	\$125.0		0.0789	\$3.50	
<b>Barley</b>	0.88	0.135	0.84	\$126.3			\$3.03	86.%
<b>Oats</b>	0.91	0.13	0.75	\$116.3			\$1.86	53.%
<b>Barley Malt</b>	0.89	0.14	0.74	\$115.1				
<b>DDGS</b>	0.9	0.28	0.86	\$173.0				
<b>Wet DG</b>	0.3	0.28	1.15	\$72.63				
<b>Peas</b>	0.88	0.23	0.88	\$158.1			\$4.75	135.%
<b>Screenings</b>	0.86	0.14	0.7	\$105.8				
<b>Wheat Midds</b>	0.88	0.14	0.78	\$119.4				
<b>Soy Hull</b>	0.92	0.12	0.8	\$121.9				
<b>Hay</b>	0.86	0.09	0.54	\$63.53				with 10% waste

	<b>%DM</b>	<b>%CP</b>	<b>%TDN</b>	<b>\$/T</b>	<b>\$/CP</b>	<b>\$/TDN</b>	<b>\$/BU</b>	
<b>Canola Meal</b>	0.9	0.41	0.69	<b>\$0.00</b>	0.0000			
<b>Corn</b>	0.88	0.1	0.9	<b>\$125.00</b>		0.0789	\$3.50	
<b>Barley</b>	0.88	0.135	0.84	\$116.67			\$2.80	80%
<b>Oats</b>	0.91	0.13	0.75	\$107.72			\$1.72	49%
<b>Barley Malt</b>	0.89	0.14	0.74	\$103.95				
<b>DDGS</b>	0.9	0.28	0.84	\$119.32				
<b>Wet DG</b>	0.3	0.28	1.15	\$54.66				
<b>Peas</b>	0.88	0.23	0.88	\$122.22			\$3.67	105%
<b>Screenings</b>	0.86	0.14	0.7	\$95.01				
<b>Wheat Midds</b>	0.88	0.14	0.78	\$108.33				
<b>Soy Hull</b>	0.92	0.12	0.8	\$116.16				
<b>Hay</b>	0.86	0.09	0.54	\$65.97				with 10% waste

# Harvested Stover

- Often too moist for storage
- Wait till field cured or late with cool temps
- Some headers don't windrow much quantity
- May be difficult for some balers to bale
- Quality is less than when selectively grazed
- Porous bales do not keep well



# Grazing Corn Residue

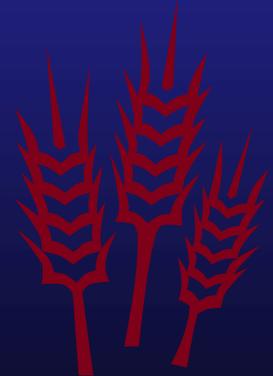
- Fence, water, shelter
- Grain > husk & leaf > stalk
- TDN 70 – 40 %
- CP 8 – 4 %
- Salt + Phos + Ca + Vit A + ? CP
- 20 to 60 days grazing per acre
- Mud & snow reduce access and create waste
- Once grain is gone, limit to mid gestation mature cows + CP
- Compaction concerns??



# Summary

- **Ethanol coproduct availability will continue to increase**
- **Ethanol coproducts are good sources of nutrients for beef cattle**
- **Pay attention to nutrient analysis and variability**
- **Transportation economics are important**

# *Wheat Midds*



# The Make Up of Midds

- Range from 14 to 18 percent protein
  - Often guaranteed at 14% - usually higher
- Protein high in rumen degradability
- Highly digestible fiber
  - Extremely small fiber particle size –
  - so less effective in rumen,
  - not a forage replacement
- Energy level is less than oats – but higher than legume hay
- High in phosphorous and potassium
- Good source of trace minerals
  - Copper, zinc, magnesium & selenium
  - Low in calcium – would need to supplement



**Table 2. Wheat Midds-Typical Analysis**

Dry matter	89 %
Crude Protein	16.5 %
Fat	4.5 %
Crude fiber	7.5 %
Neutral Detergent Fiber	32.0 %
Acid Detergent Fiber	9.9 %
Calcium	0.1 %
Phosphorus	.80 %
Total Digestible Nutrients	72.8 %
Net energy—Lactation	83.8 Mcal/100 lbs.

# What are Wheat Midds?

- A co-product of milling flour
- Generally include screenings, bran, germ and flour remnants
- Higher levels of fiber, protein & minerals than wheat ~ but less starch



# Availability of Midds

## ❖ Dakota Growers Pasta

Company Carrington, ND 701-652-2855 \$115/ton pellets - 14% CP guaranteed (usually 17-18% CP) few tons left

## ❖ Minot Milling

Minot, ND 701-852-8964 \$95/ton pellet - 14% CP guaranteed (usually 15.2% CP) ~ contracted out until March

## ❖ Noodles by Leonardo

Cando, ND 701-968-4464 meal only (not pelleted), most sold to Hubbard Feeds, limited availability - call first

## ❖ SunPrairie Grain

Velva, ND 701-338-2013 Pellets, \$120/ton pelleted good supply on hand

# Type of Product

- **Loose Meal**
  - **Fine, dusty difficult to handle**
- **Pellets**
  - **Increased density**
  - **Easier to handle, haul, mix, store**
  - **Usually  $\frac{1}{4}$  or  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch in diameter**
  - **Minimize handling to reduce crumbling**
  - **Costs about \$4-7 a ton to pelletize**

# Storage

- They readily take on moisture, swell, soften, lose their ability to flow in high humidity
- Extended storage in warm, moist weather can result in bridging or spoilage
- Pellet deterioration, mold growth & insect activity common on hot humid conditions

# Storage Continued

- **Summer storage**
  - **Start small – experiment with your storage capabilities**
  - **Away from concrete floors or soil**
  - **Properly sealed bins with no leaks**
  - **Aerate the bin to dry – not just cool - the pellets**
    - **Do within first month of storage**
  - **Level the surface**
    - **Steep peak contains fines which interfere with moisture movement**

# Palatability

- Relatively palatable and readily consumed by all classes of cattle
- Since higher in fiber w/ reduced starch – digestive disturbances less of a concern
- Few problems with acidosis or bloat
  - May cause loose cattle

# Feeding Midds to Beef Cows



- Well matched with low quality forage for gestating cows
- 5-6 pounds per day
- 40% NDF
  - Highly digested in the rumen
  - Does not cause decrease cow's forage consumption like high starch feedstuffs might

# Example Rations with Midds

	<b>600 lb steer</b> 2.5 ADG	<b>1300 lb cow</b> 7 mon pg.5 ADG
<b>Grass Hay (45)</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>CRP Hay (35)</b>		
<b>Oat Straw (25)</b>		<b>11</b>
<b>Midds (80)</b>	<b>9.5</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>DDGS (90)</b>		
<b>Salt/Min (500)</b>	<b>.35</b>	<b>.2</b>
<b>Cost/hd/day</b>	<b>\$.65</b>	<b>\$.72</b>

# **Biodiesel Co-Products**

# **Canola Meal**

12-5-06

# A protein supplement

- Alfalfa hay at \$65.00/ton at 18% protein
  - .18 cents per pound of protein
- Canola meal at \$121.00/ton at 40% protein
  - .15 cents per pound
- Soybean meal at \$192.00/ton at 46% protein
  - .21 cents per pound of protein

# Canola meal

- **protein**                    **39-40%**
- **12% moisture**            **12%**
- **Fat**                            **2-3%**
- **Fiber**                        **11-12%**
- **TDN**                         **69%**

# Canola meal in rations

- Calves 20% of the ration
- 25% of the grain mix for dairy cows
- 20% of the grain mix for beef cows

# Canola meal

- **\$121.00 per ton for meal or pellets**
- **Availability is good, call in advance**
- **Produce 1,200 ton per day**
- **7:30-4:30 pm pickup times**
  
- **ADM, Velva ND 701 338-2491**

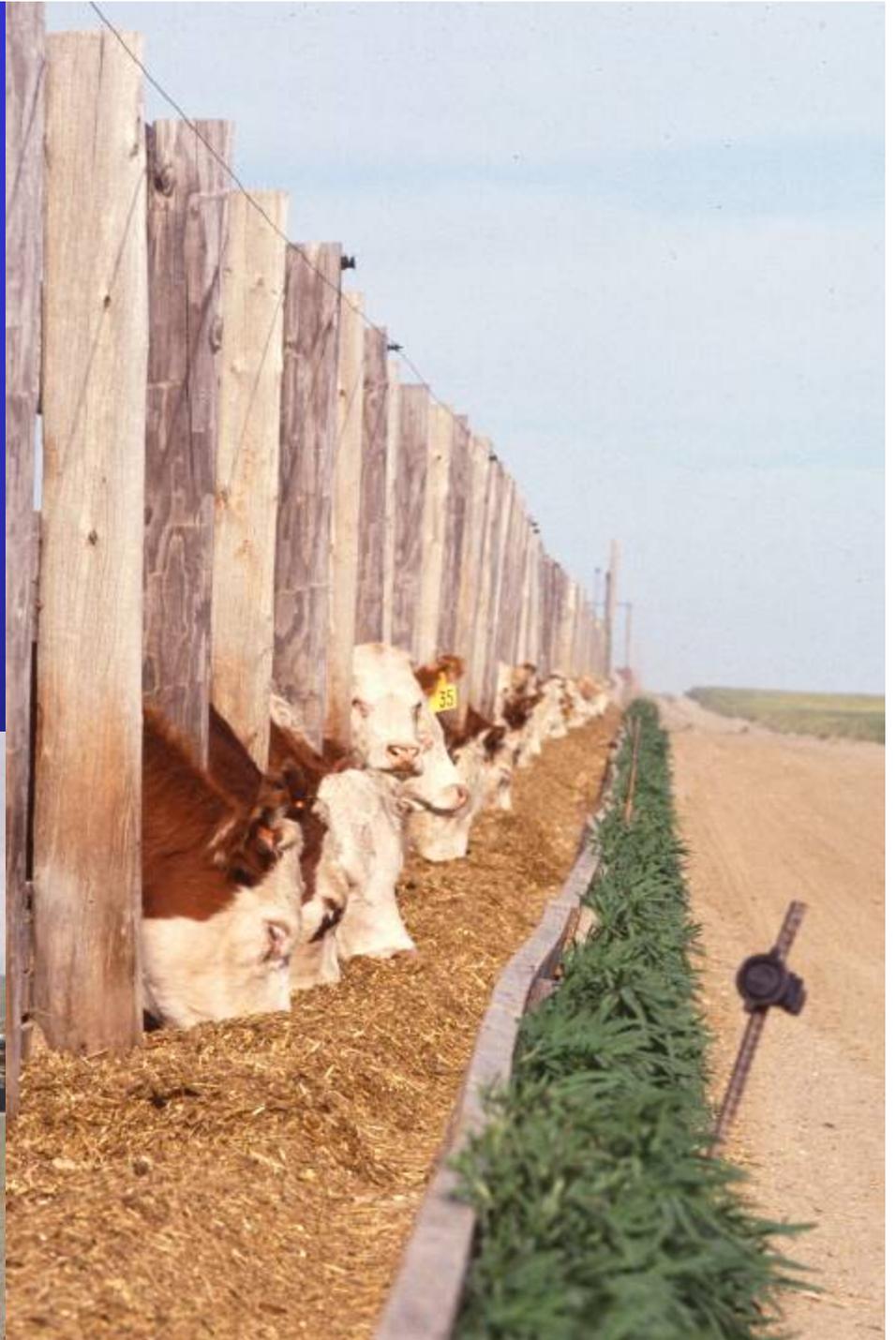
# Example Rations with Canola Meal

	<b>600 lb steer</b> 2.5 ADG	<b>1300 lb cow</b> 7 mon pg.5 ADG
<b>Grass Hay (45)</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>Corn Silage (25)</b>	<b>16</b>	
<b>Oat Straw (25)</b>		<b>10</b>
<b>Corn (120)</b>	<b>4</b>	
<b>Canola M (125)</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>Salt/Min (500)</b>	<b>.35</b>	<b>.2</b>
<b>Cost/hd/day</b>	<b>\$.76</b>	<b>\$.79</b>

# For More Information:

<http://www.ext.nodak.edu/extpubs/beef.htm>

Questions?



# Philosophy

**‘Life is a series of choices,**

**Be sure you read the road  
signs...**

# ....Or Be Ready to Deal With Problems!!!'

