

Prospects for managing *Sclerotinia* head rot with fungicides

LESSONS FROM FIELD TRIALS CONDUCTED IN 2011



Photos: Leonard Besemann

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Research questions

FUNGICIDE EFFICACY FOR MANAGEMENT OF SCLEROTINIA HEAD ROT

- (1) Fungicides that are effective against Sclerotinia on other crops
- (2) Experimental fungicides that may be registered on sunflower

Carrington, ND (M. Wunsch); Langdon, ND (S. Halley); Scottsbluff, NE (R. Harveson)

All trials conducted
under misting systems



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SUSCEPTIBILITY OF SUNFLOWERS TO SCLEROTINIA HEAD ROT AFTER FLOWERING

- Susceptibility after flowering has long been suspected
- Window of susceptibility will influence fungicide timing

Carrington, ND (M. Wunsch); Langdon, ND (S. Halley); Oakes, ND (L. Besemann)

All trials conducted
under misting systems

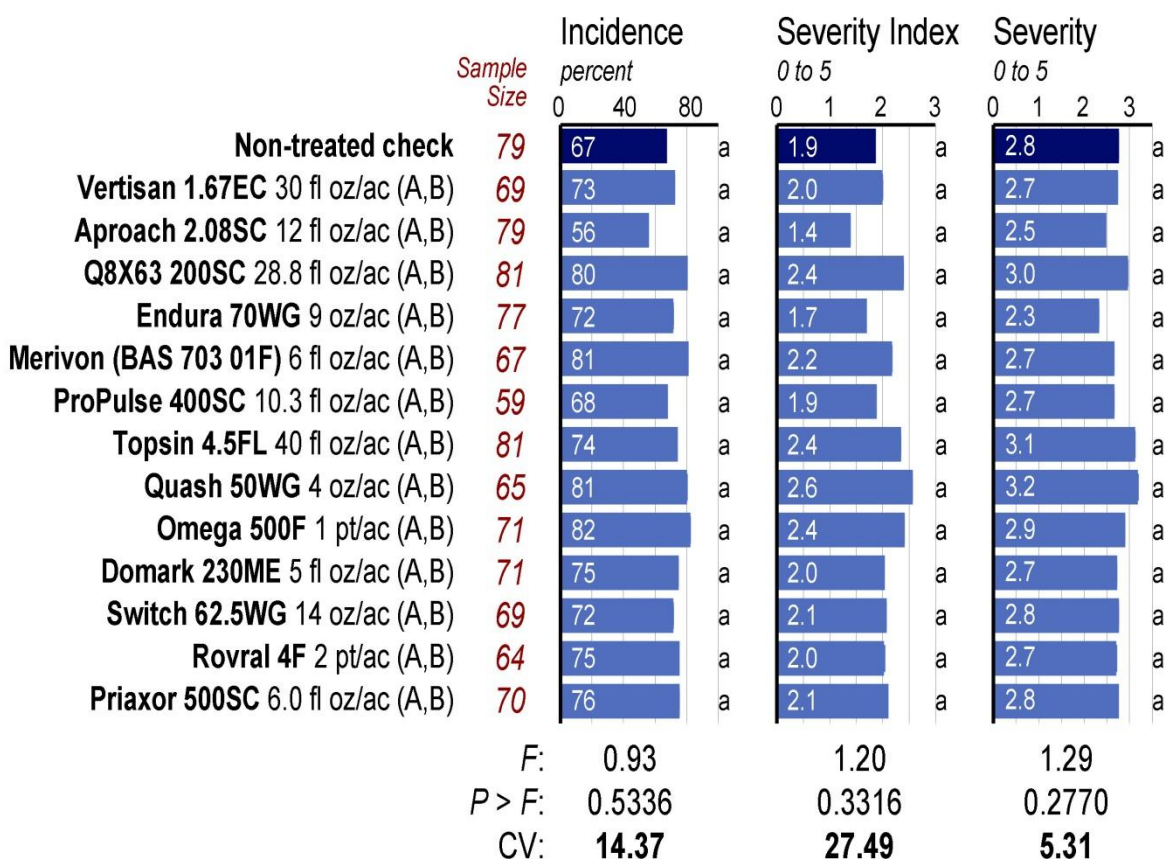


Fungicide efficacy - Carrington



NO DIFFERENCES IN EFFICACY OBSERVED

Sclerotinia Head Rot - Sept. 19 (R8 growth stage)



Sunflower hybrid = Jaguar (a confection type)

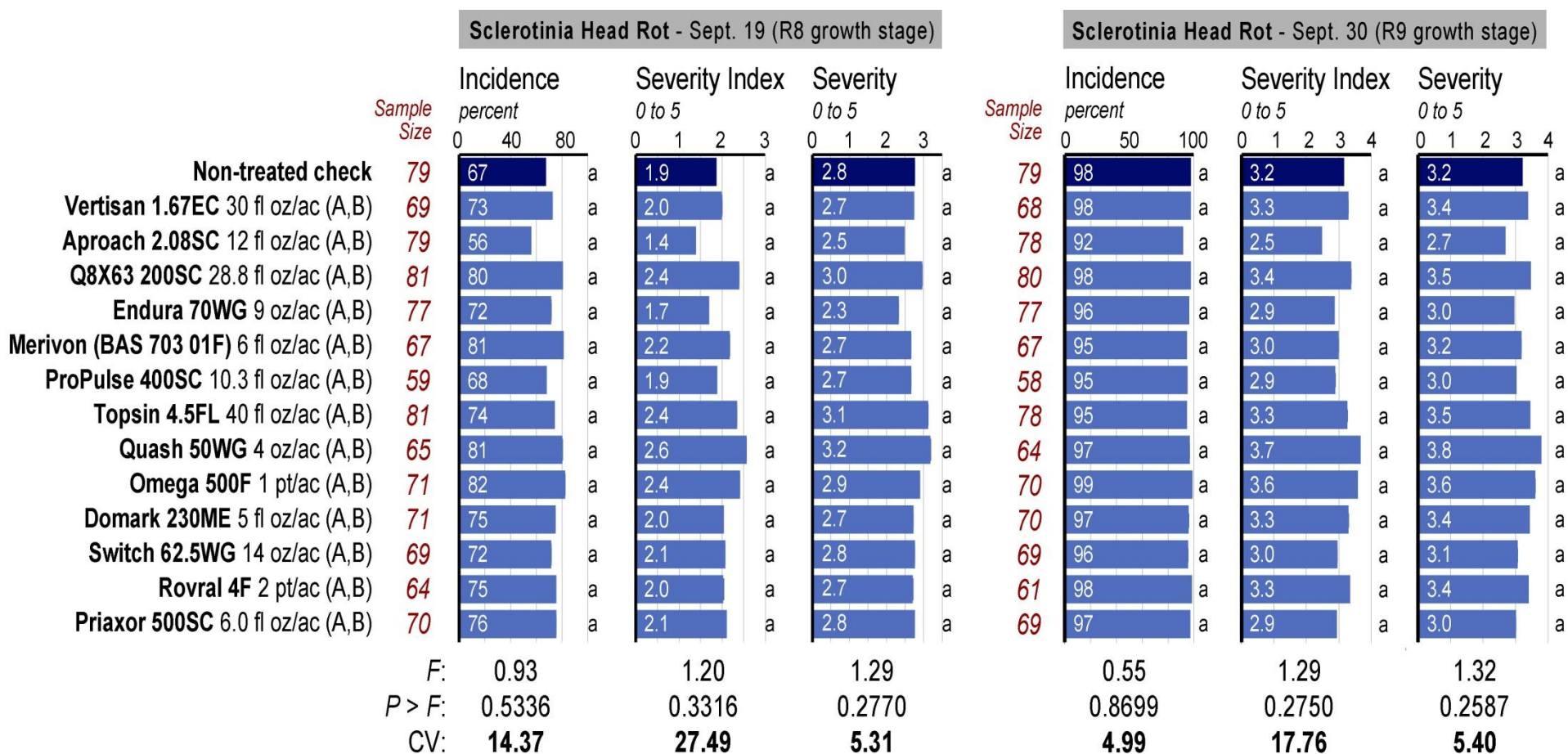
Fungicide application timing = (A) August 14, (B) August 24.

Fungicide efficacy - Carrington



NO DIFFERENCES IN EFFICACY OBSERVED

... but high disease pressure may have overwhelmed treatments



Sunflower hybrid = Jaguar (a confection type)

Fungicide application timing = (A) August 14, (B) August 24.

Fungicide efficacy - Carrington

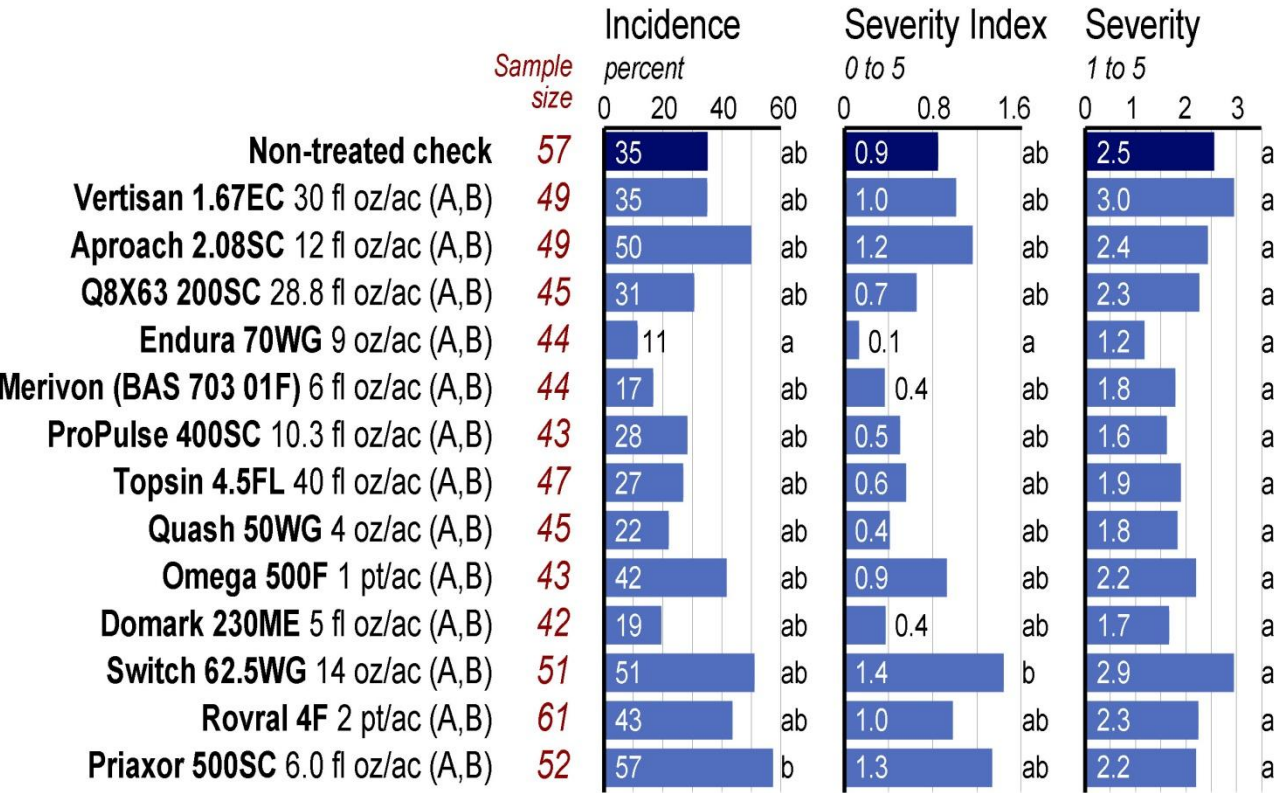
HAIL DAMAGE PRECLUDED YIELD ASSESSMENT



Fungicide efficacy - Langdon



SCLEROTINIA HEAD ROT

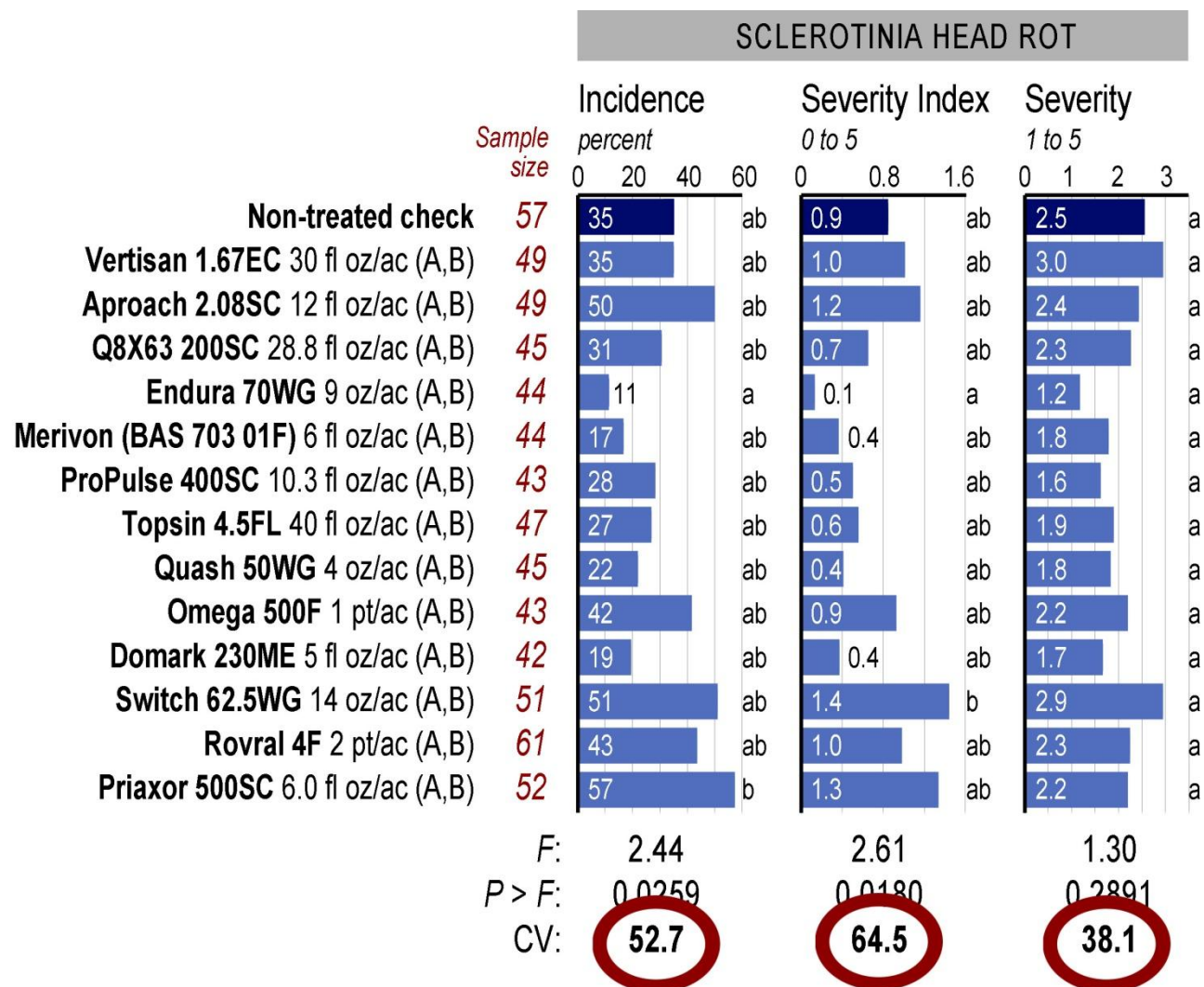


F: 2.44 2.61 1.30
 P > F: 0.0259 0.0180 0.2891
 CV: **52.7** **64.5** **38.1**

Sunflower hybrid = Jaguar (a confection type)
 Fungicide application timing = (A) August 9, (B) August 14. Disease assessment = September 15
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Fungicide efficacy - Langdon

BUT RESULTS HIGHLY VARIABLE – impaired ability to discern efficacy differences



Sunflower hybrid = Jaguar (a confection type)

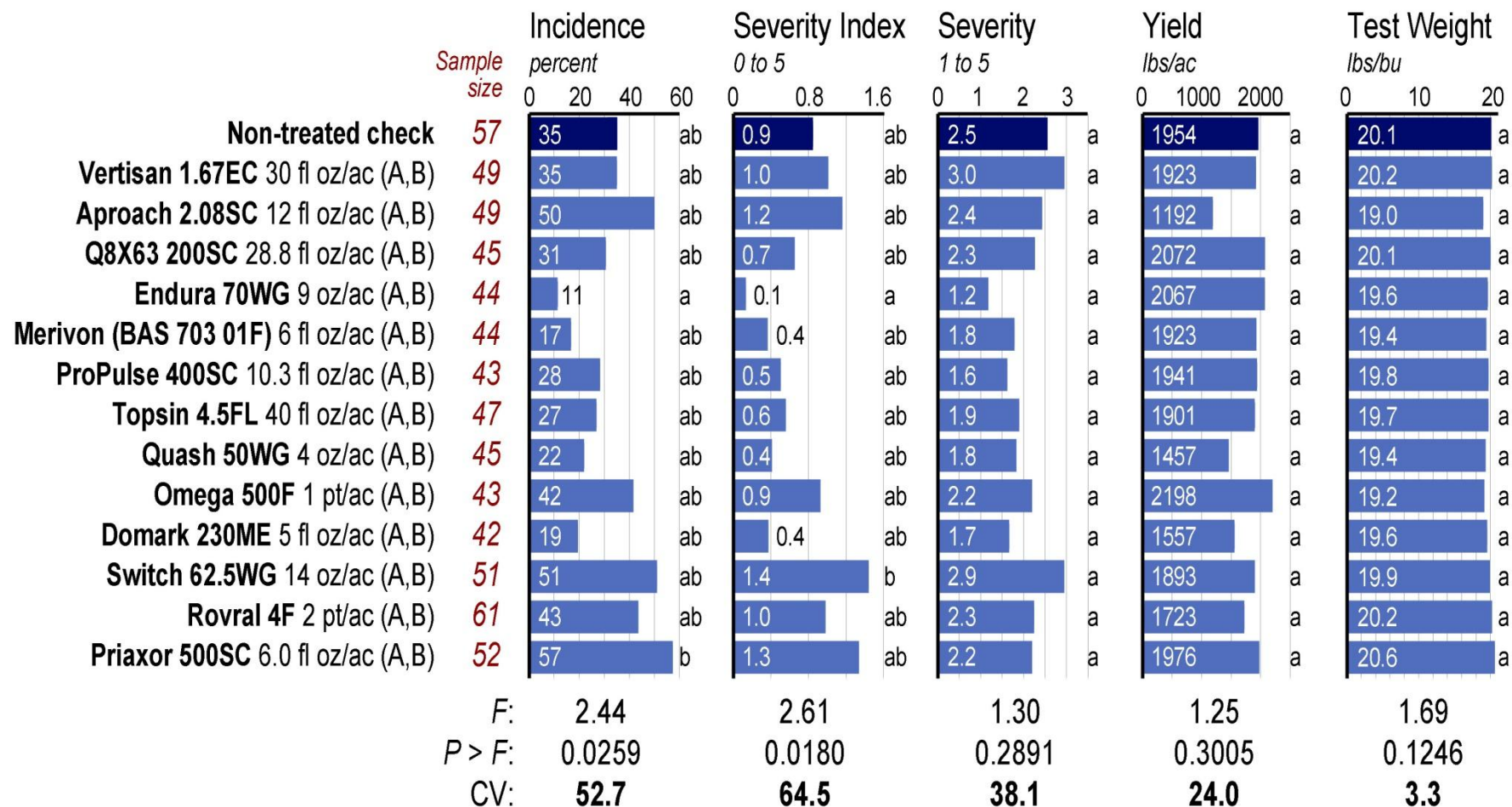
Fungicide application timing = (A) August 9, (B) August 14. Disease assessment = September 15

Fungicide efficacy - Langdon



DIFFERENCES IN YIELD AND QUALITY NOT DETECTED

SCLEROTINIA HEAD ROT

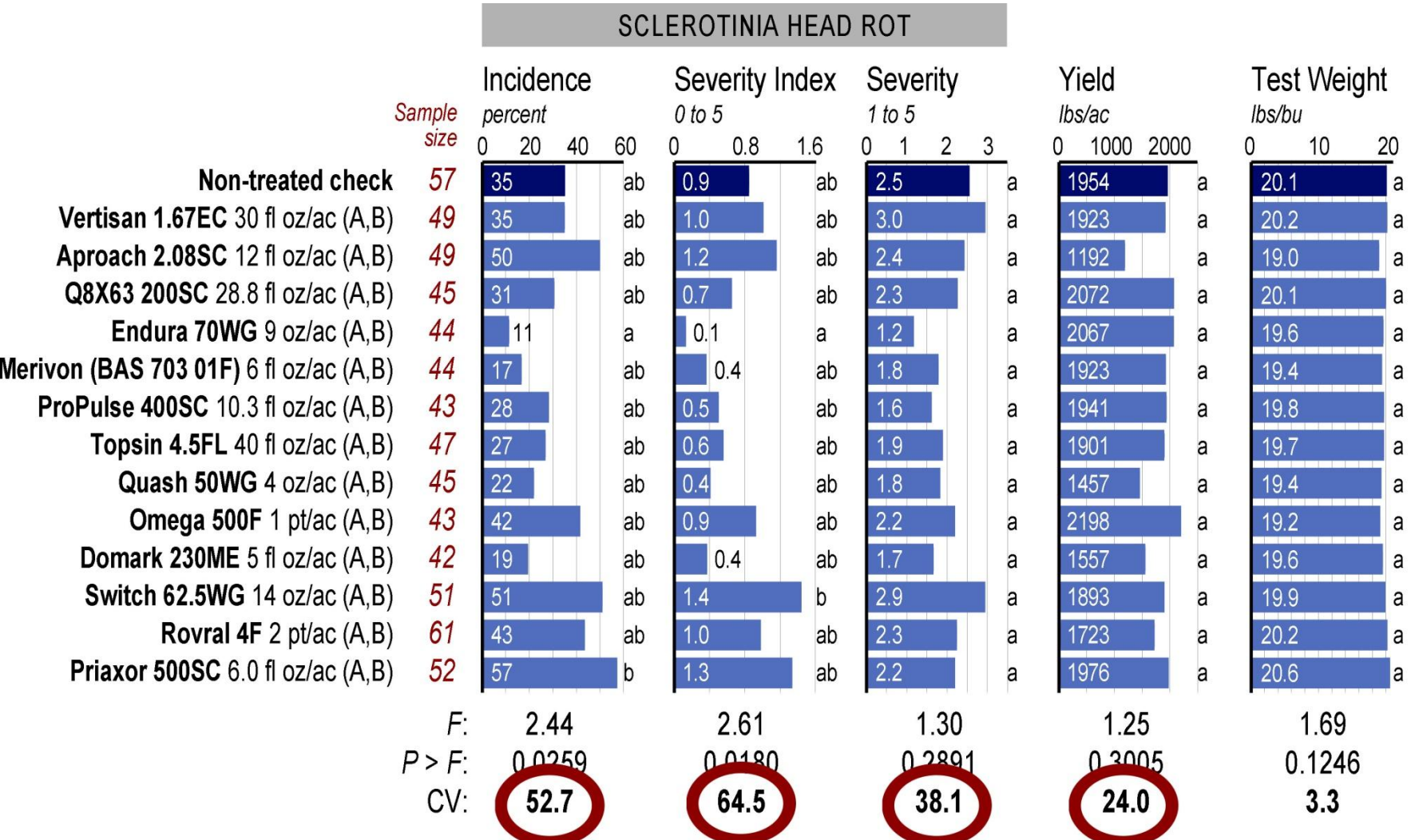


Sunflower hybrid = Jaguar (a confection type)

Fungicide application timing = (A) August 9, (B) August 14. Disease assessment = September 15

Fungicide efficacy - Langdon

... but data were highly variable, impairing ability to discern differences



Sunflower hybrid = Jaguar (a confection type)

Fungicide application timing = (A) August 9, (B) August 14. Disease assessment = September 15

Fungicide efficacy - Scottsbluff



Disease establishment was unsuccessful

- very hot and windy in August 2011
- artificial establishment of *Sclerotinia* has been successful in other crops in previous years

Fungicide efficacy – FUTURE APPROACHES



All locations: Larger plot sizes

- Harvested plot size = 5 ft x 26 ft *or* 5 ft x 29 ft
- Number of plants per plot = 48 - 53 (*if* confection sunflowers; 16,000 plants/ac)
= 65 - 73 (*if* oil sunflowers; 22,000 plants/ac)

Carrington: less aggressive misting

Scottsbluff:



Susceptibility to Sclerotinia head rot after flowering

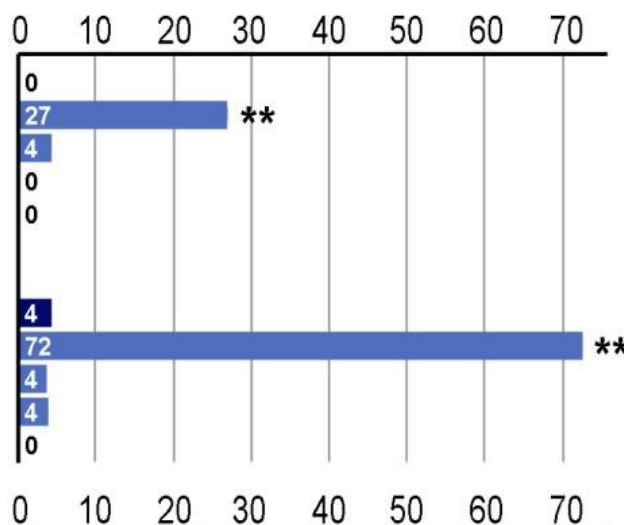


Carrington: Only susceptible at R5

UNBAGGED HEADS

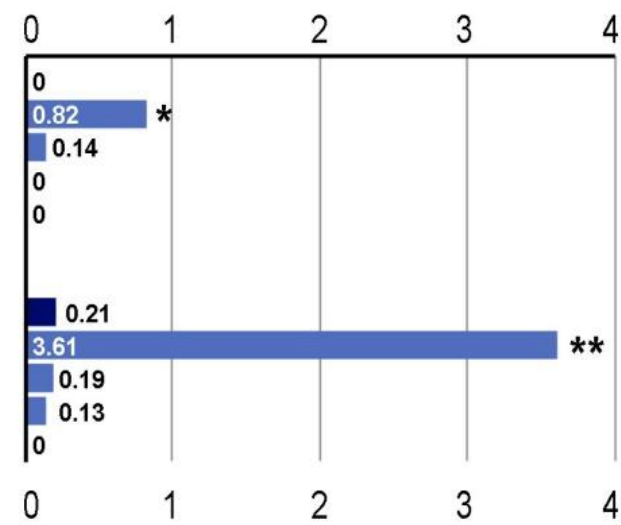
Sclerotinia head rot INCIDENCE

percent

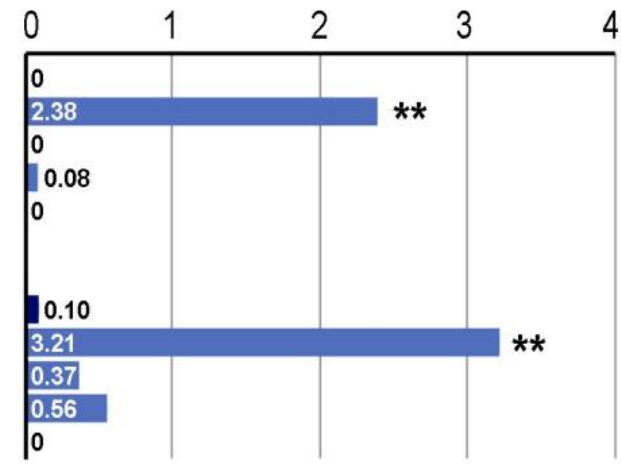
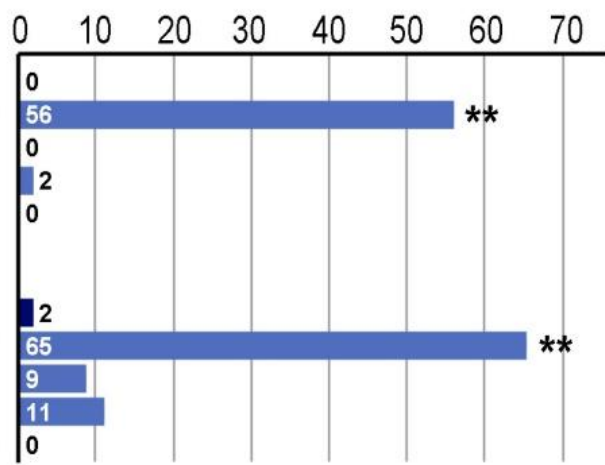


Sclerotinia head rot DISEASE SEVERITY INDEX

0 to 5



BAGGED HEADS



Susceptibility to Sclerotinia head rot after flowering



Langdon: Susceptible at R6 and R7

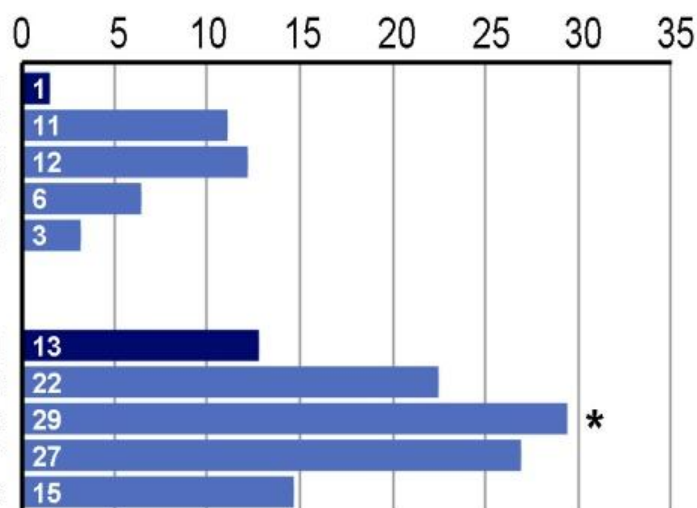
COMBINED DATA:
bagged & unbagged heads

SUSCEPTIBLE HYBRID: '8H288CLDM'

RESISTANT HYBRID: Proseed 'E-8'

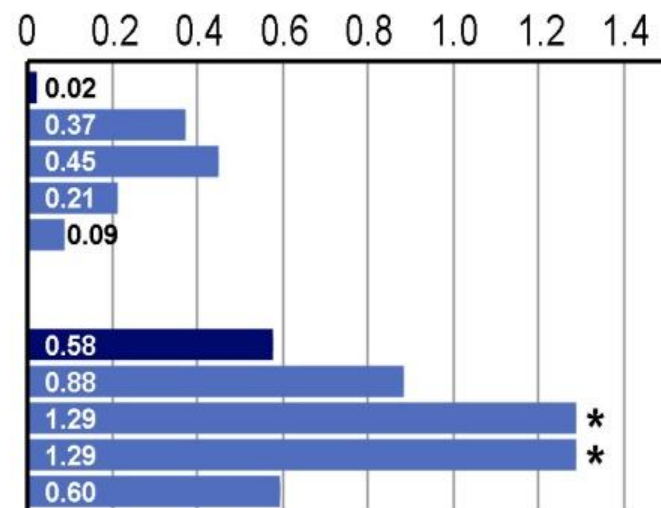
Sclerotinia head rot INCIDENCE

percent



Sclerotinia head rot DISEASE SEVERITY INDEX

0 to 5



Data from bagged and unbagged heads were combined:

- There was no difference in disease levels between bagged and unbagged heads ($\alpha = 0.05$)
- Bagging heads had no significant interaction effects with hybrid or with inoculation timing

Susceptibility to Sclerotinia head rot after flowering

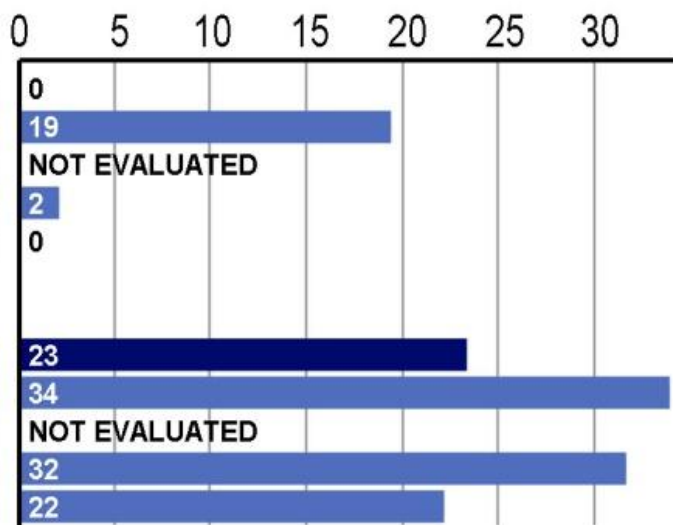


Oakes: Data inconclusive

UNBAGGED HEADS

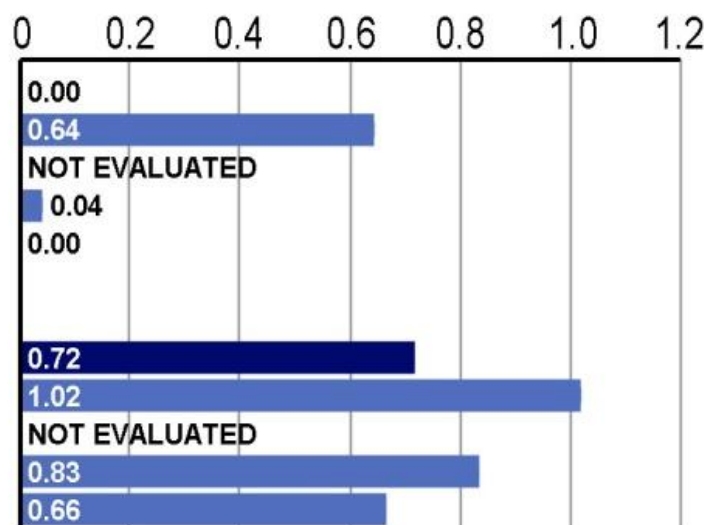
Sclerotinia head rot INCIDENCE

percent



Sclerotinia head rot DISEASE SEVERITY INDEX

0 to 5



SUSCEPTIBLE HYBRID:
Resistant Hybrid: Proseed 'E-8'

SUSCEPTIBLE HYBRID:
Mycogen '8H288CLDM'

Prospects for managing *Sclerotinia* head rot with fungicides: LESSONS FROM FIELD TRIALS CONDUCTED IN 2011

Fungicide efficacy:

- Larger plot sizes needed to discern differences
- Misting must be calibrated properly

Fungicide timing:

- Applications may be needed after flowering during periods of cool, wet weather



Thank you!



Photos: Leonard Besemann