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Row Spacing and Seeding Rate Influence on Spring Canola Performance in the Northern Great Plains

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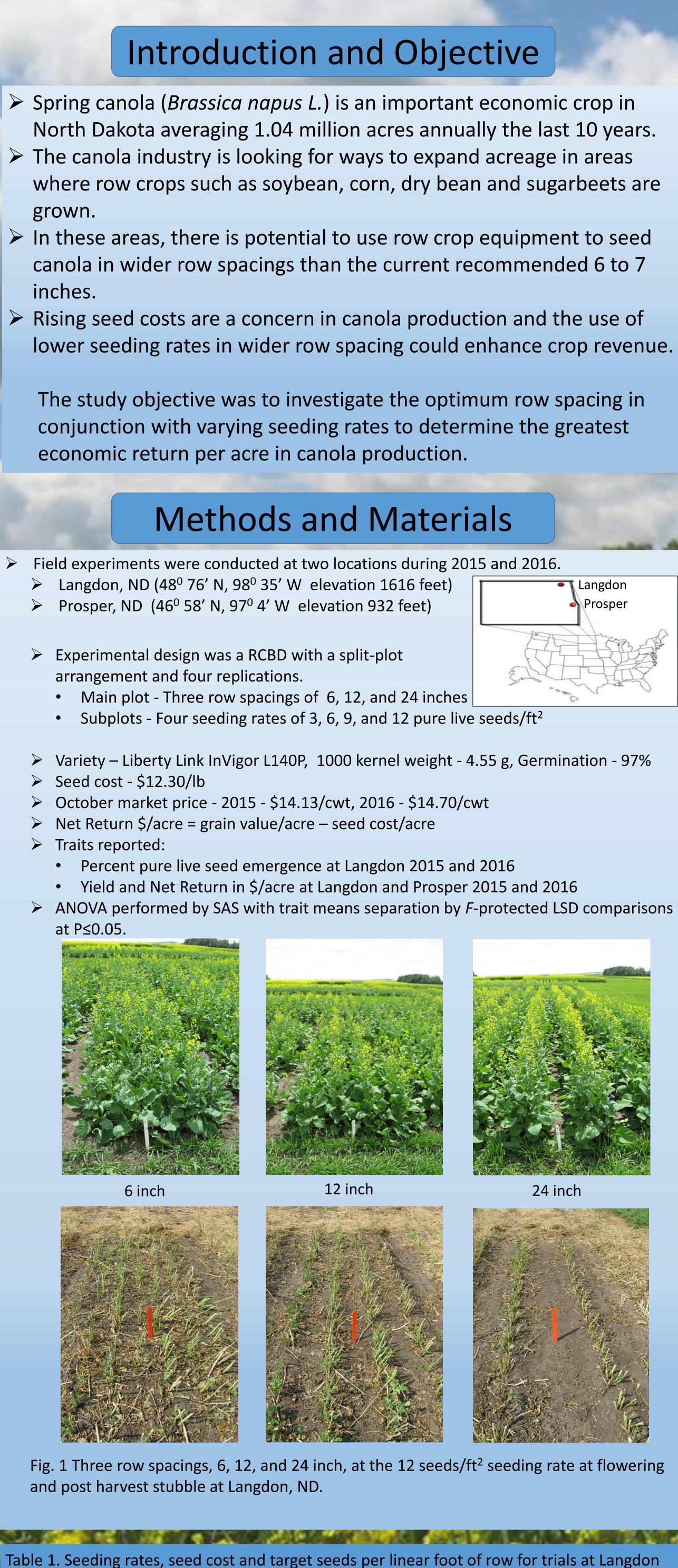


Table 1. Seeding rates, seed cost and target seeds per linear foot of row for trials at Langdon and Prosper, ND in 2015 and 2016.						
Seeding Rate Seeds/ft ²	Seeding Rate Ibs/acre	Seed Cost/acre	Seeds/acre	Targeted seeds per linear foot of rov6" row12" row24" row		
3	1.35	16.61	131K	1.5	3.0	6.0
6	2.68	32.96	261K	3.0	6.0	12.0
9	4.05	49.82	392K	4.5	9.0	18.0
12	5.35	65.81	522K	6.0	12.0	24.0

Results

> A two inch hard rain the day following seeding resulted in reduced Langdon (Table 2).

> Pure live seed emergence was not affected by seeding rate in 2015 or 2016. > In 2015, when there was severe crusting, the 24 inch row spacing had significantly higher

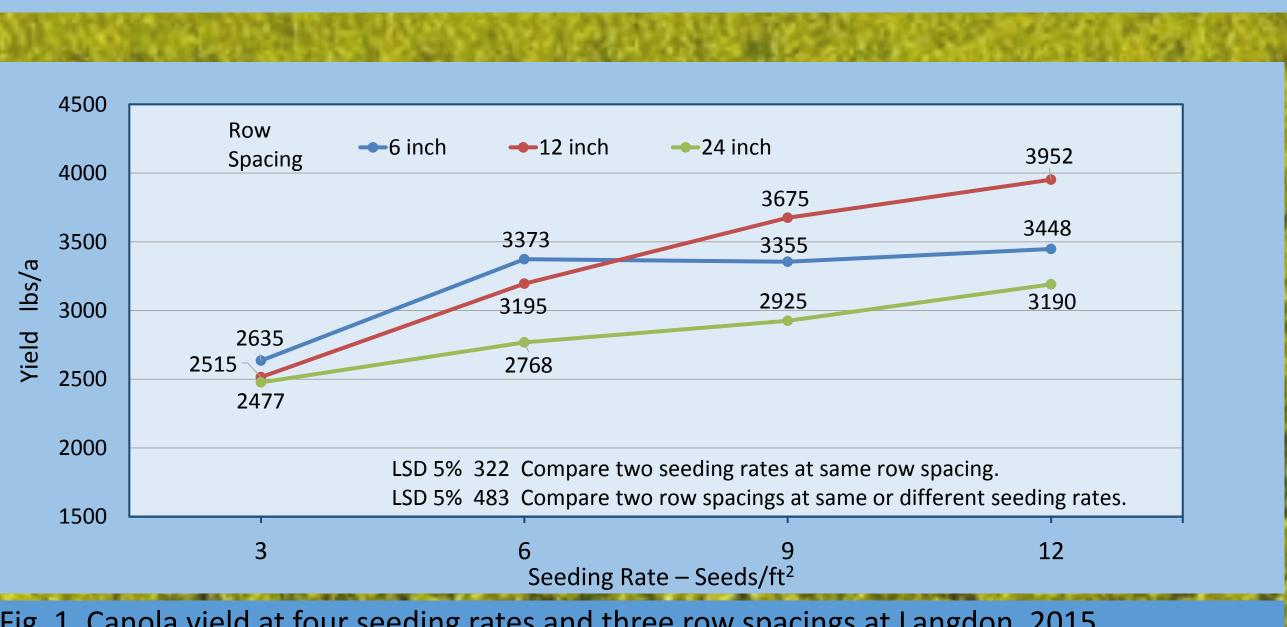
percent emergence compared to the 6 and 12 inch row spacing.

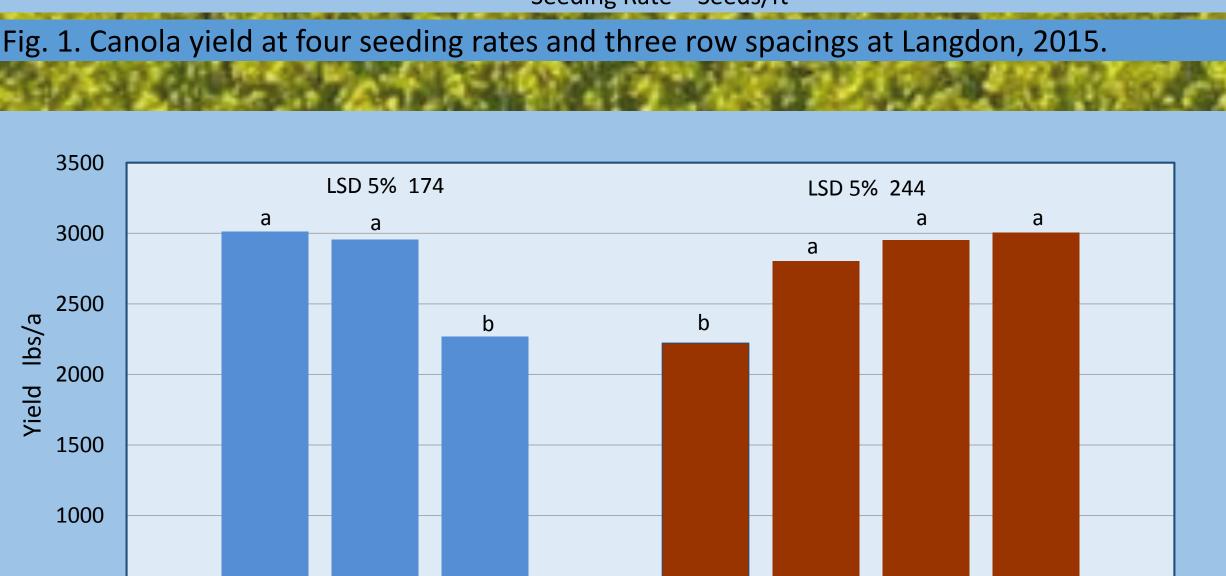
Table 2. Percent pure live seed emergence of canola averaged across row spacings and seeding rates at Langdon, ND in 2015 and 2016.					
Seeding Rate Seeds/ft ²	Langdon 2015	Langdon 2016	Row Spacing Inches	Langdon 2015	Langdon 2016
3	41	94	6	40a	100a
6	57	84	12	35a	83b
9	47	92	24	71b	84b
12	49	88			
LSD 5%	NS	NS		11	14

Yield

Langdon 2015 (Fig. 1.)

- > A significant seeding rate x row spacing interaction for yield is shown in Fig. 1. There were no significant yield differences between row spacings at the 3 seeds/ft²
- seeding rate. > Yield generally increased as seeding rate increased at row spacings of 12 and 24 inches. Langdon 2016 (Fig. 2.)
- > The 6 and 12 inch row spacings yielded significantly more than the 24 inch row spacing. \succ The 3 seeds/ft² seeding rate yielded less than the 6, 9, and 12 seed/ft² seeding rate. Prosper 2015 and 2016 (Table 3.)
- Yield at the 6 inch row spacing was significantly higher than both the 12 and 24 inch row spacing in both 2015 and 2016 when averaged across seeding rates. Yields at the 9 and 12 seeds/ft² seeding rate were significantly higher than the two lower seeding rates in 2015 while in 2016 the 6, 9, and 12 seeds/ft² were significantly higher than the lowest seeding rate when averaged across row spacings.





500 24 12 Seeding Rate - Seeds/ft² Row Spacing - inches Fig. 2. Canola yield at three row spacings averaged across four seeding rates and four seeding rates averaged across three row spacings at Langdon, 2016.

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Table 3. Canola yield at four seeding rates averaged across three row spacings and row spacings averaged across four seeding rates at Prosper 2015 and 2016.						
Seeding Rate Seeds/ft ²	Prosper 2015	Prosper 2016	Row Width Inches	Prosper 2015	Prosper 2016	
3	1720a	1513a	6	2194a	2333a	
6	1985b	1999b	12	1891b	1776b	
9	2165c	2131b	24	1972b	1737b	

•	ble 3. Canola yield at four seeding rates averaged across three row spacings and row acings acings and row acings averaged across four seeding rates at Prosper 2015 and 2016.						
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6	1985b	1999b	12	1891b	1776b		
9	2165c	2131b	24	1972b	1737b		
12	2206c	2152b					
LSD 5%	147	257		108	322		

emergence	in	2015	at

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Langdon 2015 (Fig. 3.)

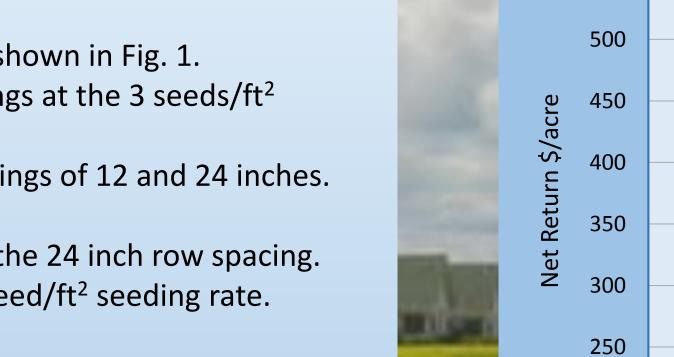
- > The 3 seeds/ft² seeding rate had the lowest Net Return \$/acre at all row spacings. > Net Return \$/acre at the 12 inch row spacing was not significantly different at the 9 and 12 seeds/ft² seeding rate.
- > Net Return \$/acre at the 6 inch row spacing was highest at the seeding rate of 6 seeds/ft² but was not significantly different than the two higher seeding rates. Langdon 2016 (Fig. 4.)
- Highest Net Return \$/acre was at the 6 and 12 inch row spacing when averaged across seeding rates.
- > Highest Net Return \$/acre for seeding rate was at 6, 9, and 12 seeds/ft² when averaged across row spacings.
- Prosper 2015 and 2016 (Table 4.)

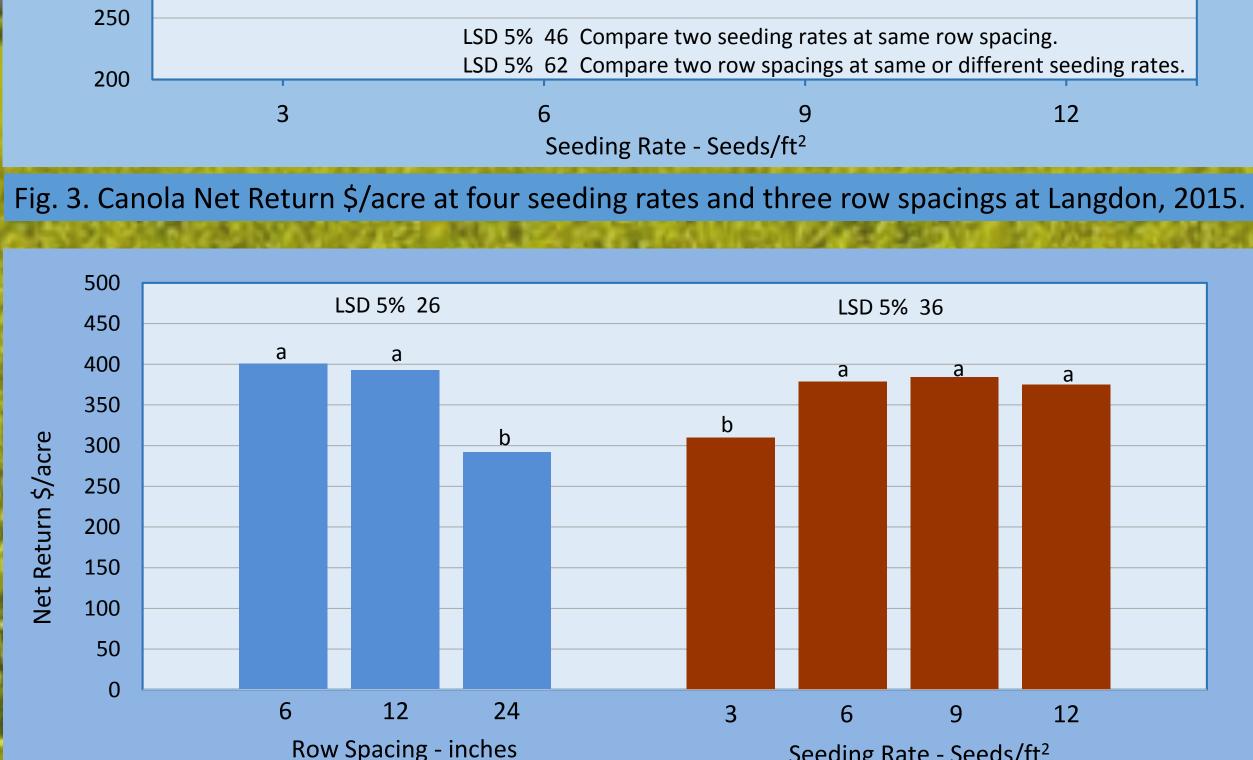
Spacing

339

334

- > Net Return \$/acre at the 6 inch row spacing was significantly higher than the 12 or 24 inch row spacing in both 2015 and 2016 when averaged across seeding rates.
- > Net Return \$/acre was significantly lower at the 3 seeds/ft² compared to the 6 and 9 seeds/ft² seeding rates in 2015 and the 6, 9, and 12 seeds/ft² seeding rate in 2016 when averaged across row spacings.





443

358

Fig. 4. Canola Net Return \$/acre at three row spacings averaged across four seeding rates and four seeding rates averaged across three row spacings at Langdon, 2016. And the second se

l	Table 4. Canola Net Return \$/acre at four seeding rate
ì	and three row spacings averaged across four seeding r

	Seeding Rate Seeds/ft ²	Prosper 2015	Prosper 2016	Row Spacing Inches	Prosper 2015	Prosper 2016
	3	226a	206a	6	269a	301a
5	6	247b	260b	12	226b	219b
ł,	9	256b	263b	24	238b	214b
5	12	245ab	250b			
	LSD 5%	21	38		15	47
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Conclusions

Canola in crusted soils in 24 inch row spacing may have improved emergence due to neighboring plants aiding each other in breaking the crust while in non-crusted soils emergence could be reduced from self thinning due to increased plant competition. > At Langdon, the optimum combination of row spacing and seeding rate for Net Return \$/acre

was seeding in a 6 or 12 inch row spacing at a seeding rate of 6 or 9 seeds/ft². > At Prosper, the optimum combination row spacing and seeding rate for Net Return \$/acre was seeding in a 6 inch row spacing at a seeding rate of 6 or 9 seeds/ ft^2 .

> Effects of row spacing and seeding rate on agronomic traits (data not shown) of flowering, maturity, plant height, kernel weight, percent oil and lodging were very small or non-significant and would have little practical value in canola production.

Acknowledgement

Appreciation is extended to the Northern Canola Growers Association and Walsh County Crop Improvement Association for providing funding for this study. The second se

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Net Return \$/acre

h		493
	470	-
	425	421
	364	385

Seeding Rate - Seeds/ft²

es averaged across three row spacings rates at Prosper 2015 and 2016.