

# Improving management of white mold in soybeans: Impact of seeding rate

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Impact of seeding rate on soybean agronomic performance under white mold pressure Ingham County, Michigan (1999-2000)

a

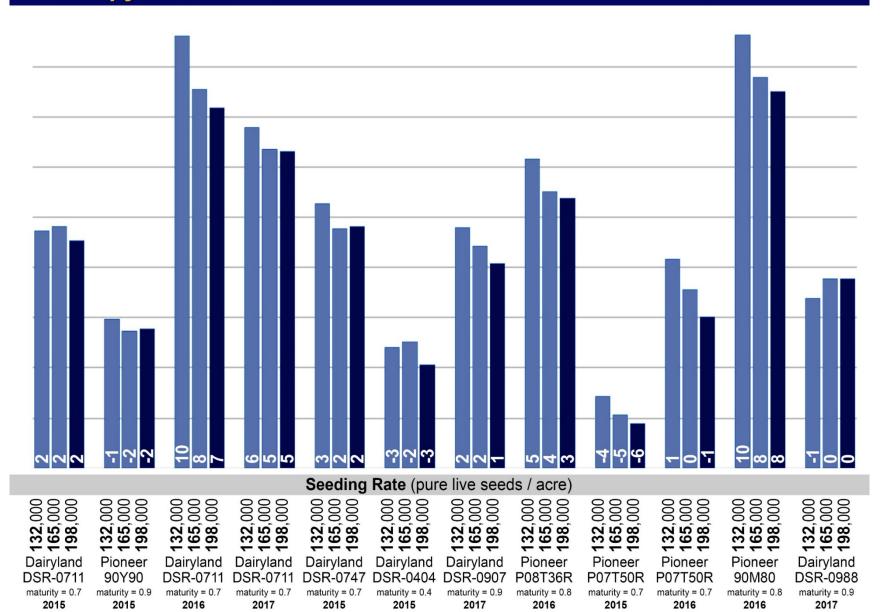
ab

b

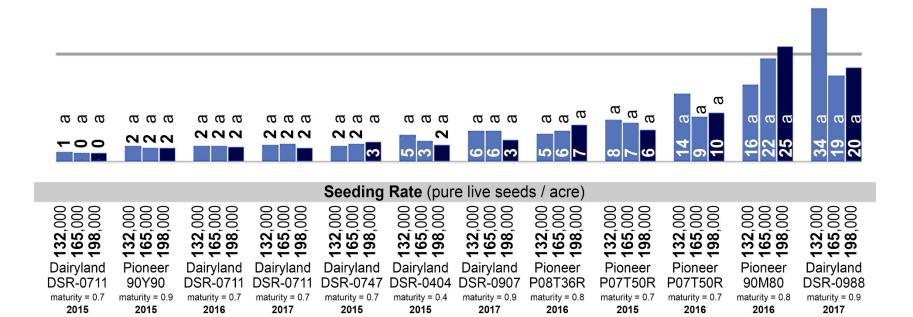
	Seeding Rate	Disease Severity Index 0 to 100
	seeds/ac	0 10 20 30 40 50
7.5-inch row	174,015	42 a
7.5-inch row	226,624	53 b
30-inch row	174,015	50 ab
	Seeding Rate	Yield pounds per acre
	seeds/ac	0 1000 2000 3000
7.5-inch row	seeds/ac 174,015	0 1000 2000 3000 3475
7.5-inch row 7.5-inch row		

**Impact of seeding rate on soybean agronomic performance under white mold pressure Oakes, ND** (2015-2017) Combined analysis across 7-, 14-, 21- and 28-inch row spacing

Canopy closure (days before or after bloom initiation - 90% of plants at R1)

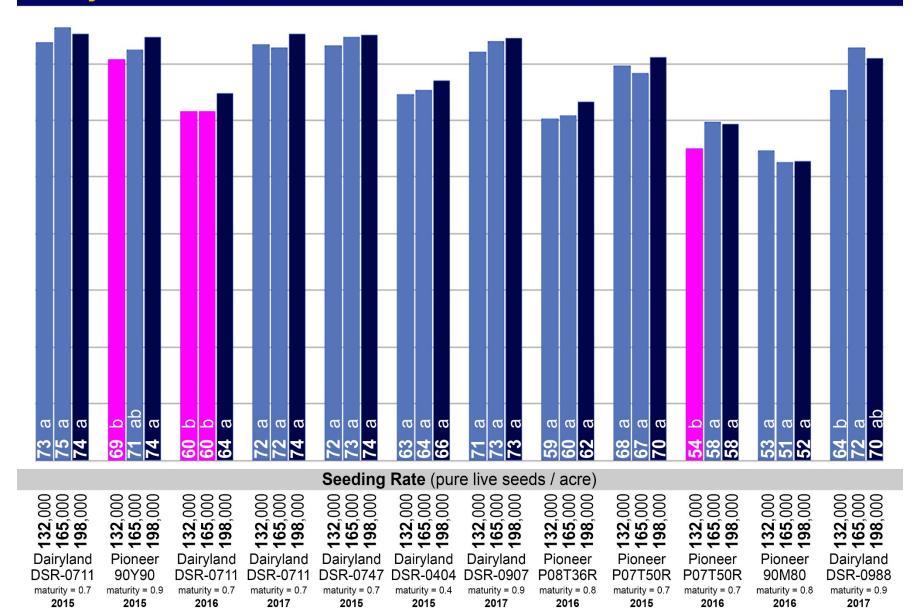


White mold incidence (% of plants; R7 growth stage)



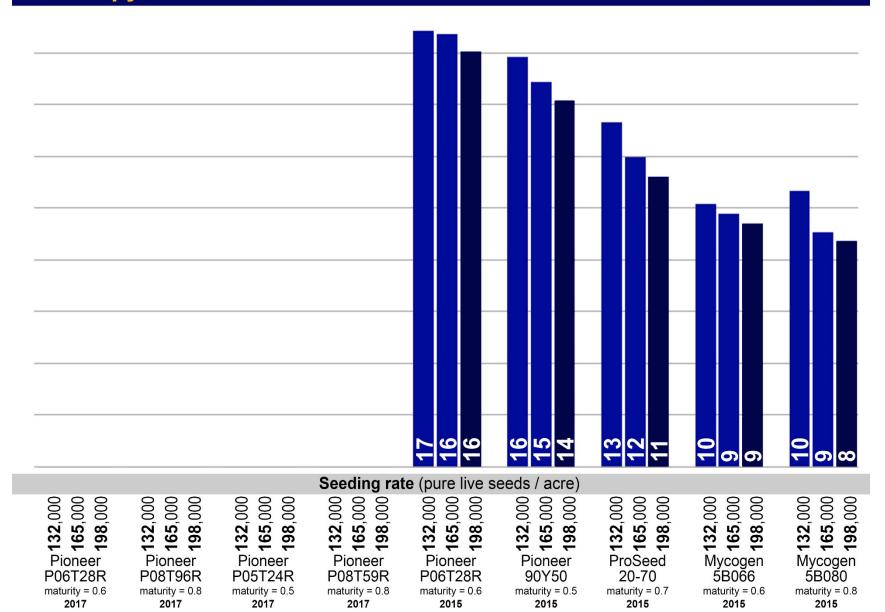
**Impact of seeding rate on soybean agronomic performance under white mold pressure Oakes, ND** (2015-2017) Combined analysis across 7-, 14-, 21- and 28-inch row spacing

#### Soybean Yield (bushels/acre; 13% moisture)



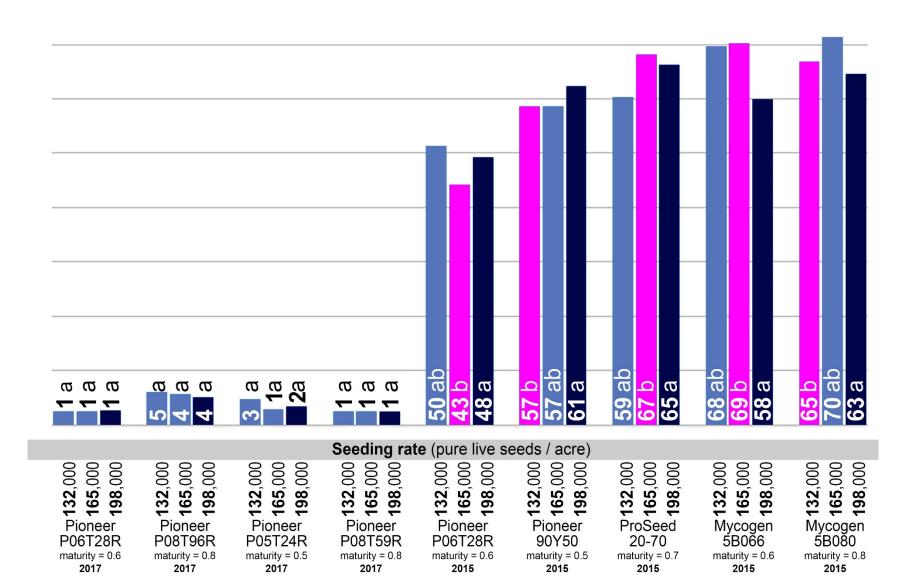
Impact of seeding rate on soybean agronomic performance under white mold pressure Carrington, ND (2015, 2017) Combined analysis across 7-, 14-, 21- and 28-inch row spacing

**Canopy closure (days before or after bloom initiation** - 90% of plants at R1)



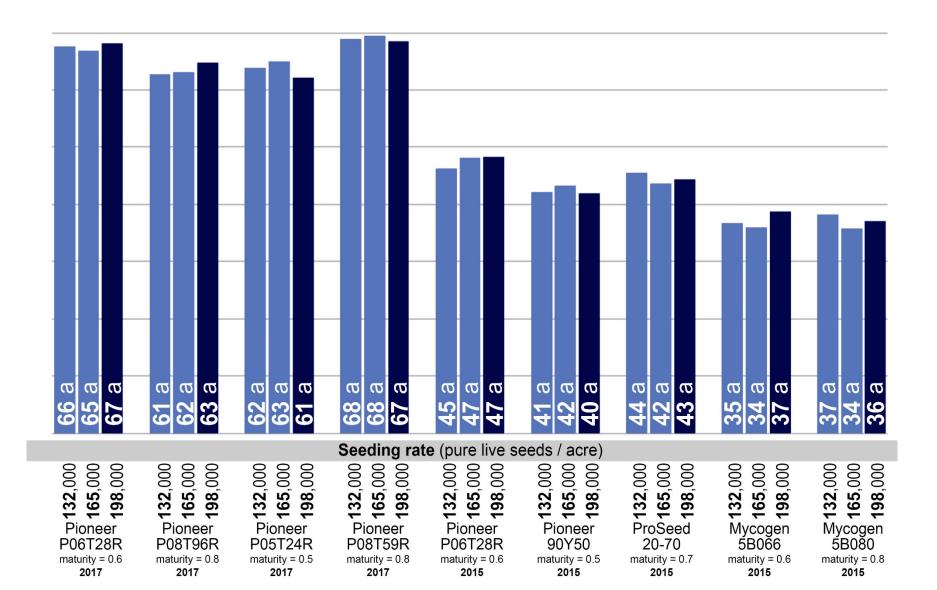
Impact of seeding rate on soybean agronomic performance under white mold pressureCarrington, ND (2015, 2017)Combined analysis across 7-, 14-, 21- and 28-inch row spacing

### White mold incidence (% of plants; R7 growth stage)



Impact of seeding rate on soybean agronomic performance under white mold pressure Carrington, ND (2015, 2017) Combined analysis across 7-, 14-, 21- and 28-inch row spacing

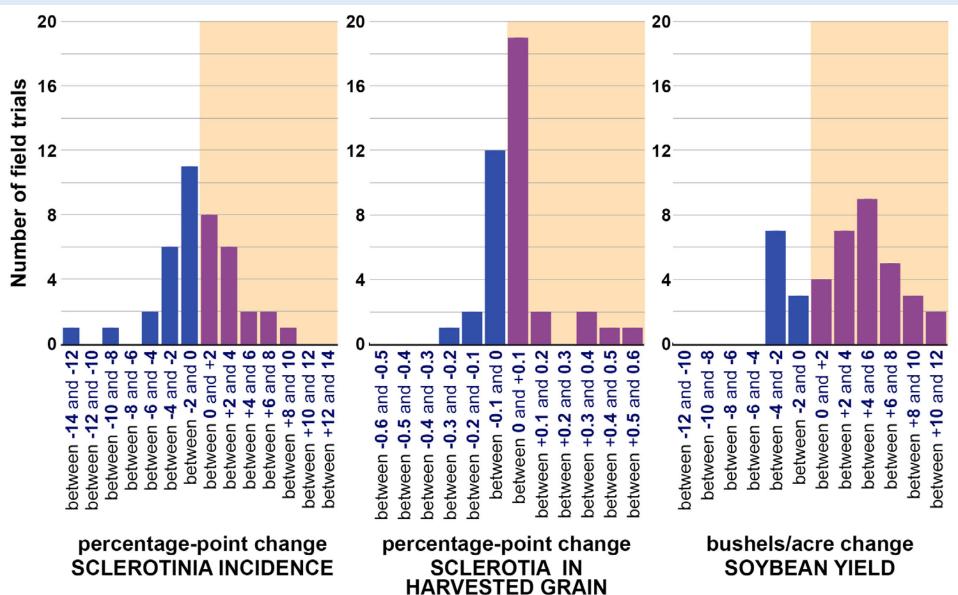
### Soybean Yield (bushels/acre; 13% moisture)



# Impact of increasing seeding rate:

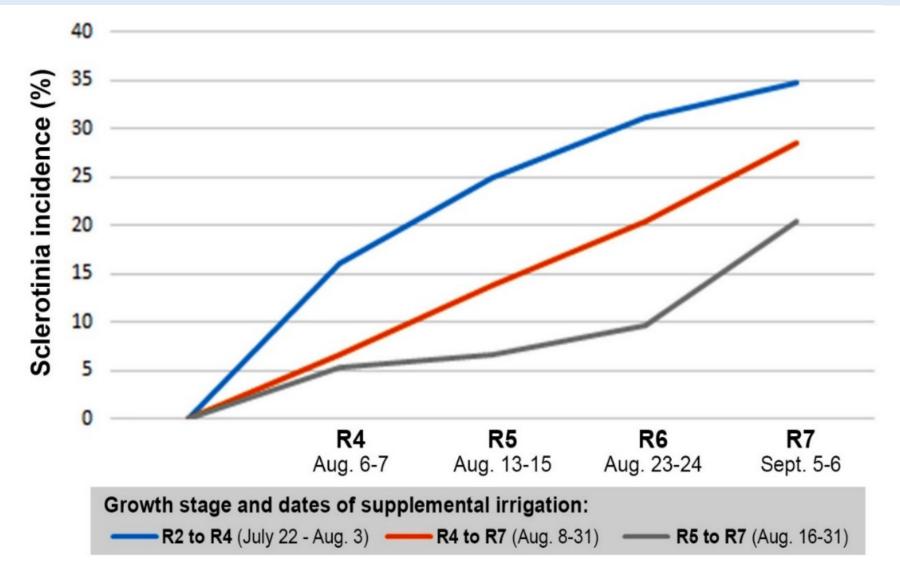
132,000 to 198,000 pure live seeds/ac

**Soybean maturity:** 00 and 0 **Locations:** Carrington, Hofflund, Langdon, and Oakes, ND **Years:** 2015-2017 **Combined analysis across four row spacings** (7, 14, 21 and 28 inches or 7.5, 15, 22.5 and 30 inches)



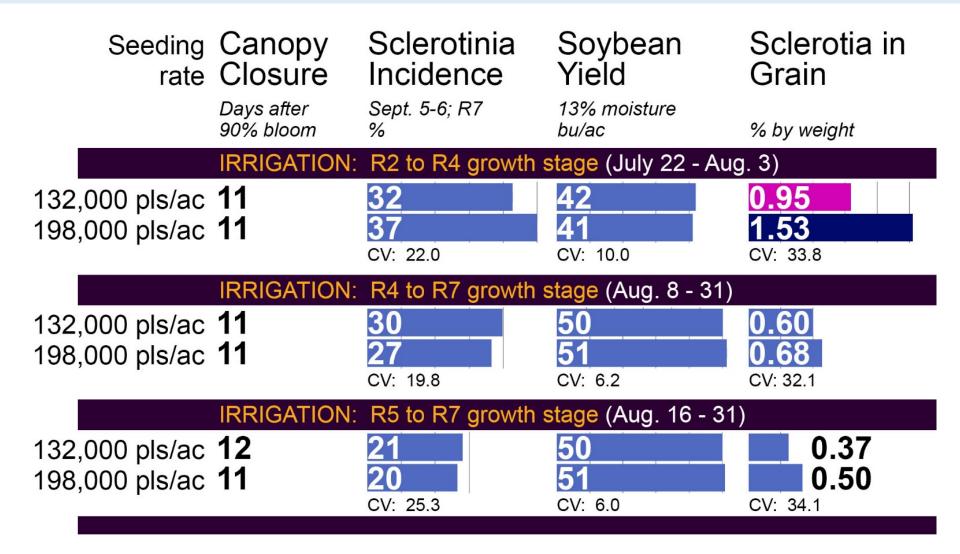
# Impact of increasing seeding rate: 132,000, 165,000 vs. 198,000 pure live seeds/ac

**Soybean maturity:** 0.3 **Location:** Carrington, ND **Year:** 2015 **Combined analysis across four row spacings** (7, 14, 21 and 28 inches)



# Impact of increasing seeding rate: 132,000, 165,000 vs. 198,000 pure live seeds/ac

**Soybean maturity:** 0.3 **Location:** Carrington, ND **Year:** 2015 **Combined analysis across four row spacings** (7, 14, 21 and 28 inches)



## Impact of increasing seeding rate: 132,000, 165,000 vs. 198,000 pure live seeds/ac

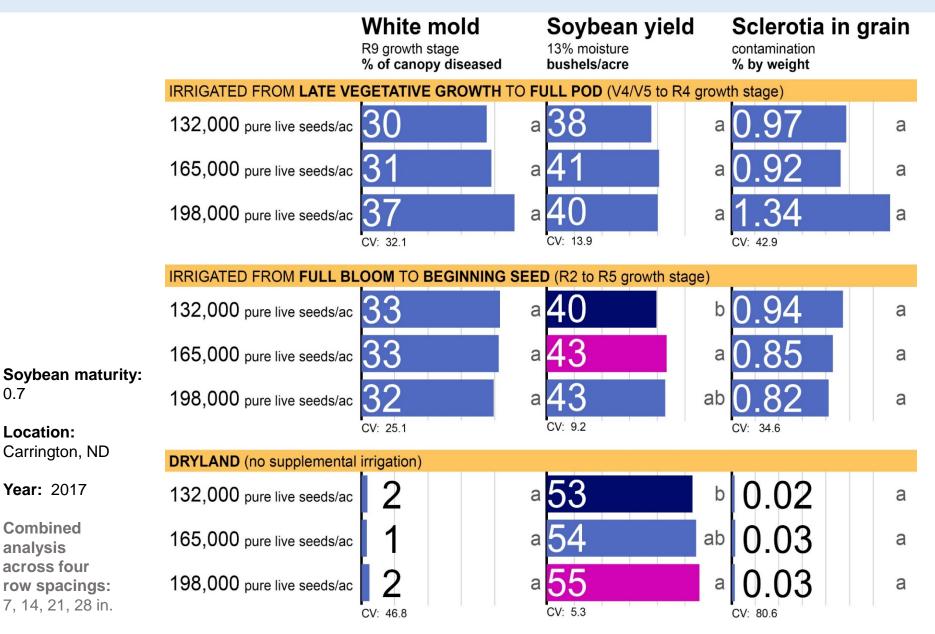
0.7

Location:

Year: 2017

Combined

analysis



## IMPROVING WHITE MOLD MANAGEMENT IN SOYBEANS Optimizing planting rate

## Impact of seeding rate on white mold:

- Within the range of seeding rates evaluated in this study (132,000 to 198,000 pure live seeds/ac), seeding rate generally had little or no effect on white mold.
- *Possible exception:* Higher seeding rates were associated with a modest increase in white mold when conditions favored disease at canopy closure.
- Different results may obtained from seeding rates outside of the range tested in this study.





# Thank You!

#### **Research funding:**

North Dakota Soybean Council USDA National Sclerotinia Initiative Northarvest Bean Growers Association North Dakota Crop Protection Product Registration and Harmonization Board



## NDSU NORTH DAKOTA AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION