

Northern-Hardy Fruit Evaluation Project: 2016 Production

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In 2016, the Fruit Project interacted with approximately 1000 people through tours, presentations and consultations. Since the project started in 2006, over 8,200 people have received some kind of information from CREC regarding hardy fruits. Overall, 78% of our contacts are made through speaking engagements, with the remainder consisting of tours, emails and phone calls. This year, 1,624 pounds of fruit was available for product use by processors. Production was reduced by hail and fruit fly damage.

Fall 2015 tended toward dry with 1.68 inches of rain from September 1 until November 1. Only 17 nights were below zero, with the majority of those coming in January 2016. Snow depth was light, though better in the orchard than the surrounding area; a total of 35.9 inches of snow fell in 2015-16. Conditions were warmer than the average from March through May when plants began to grow. A cold period developed May 13 to 15 with a low of 25° F on May 14. Despite the freeze, there were no widespread reports of crop injury in the area nor much blossom and fruit loss in the orchard.

Summer was dry with 3 inches of rain from May through July 1, and a remaining 8 inches through August. Irrigation was applied to selected crops in early July. Fruit developed early this year and on July 9, most of it was injured by hail. Approximately 50% of currants and 70% of cherries were lost. Some fruit fell off and some was bruised or cut open on the plants. Spotted Wing Drosophila and other fruit flies and picnic beetles were attracted to the rotting fruit. Apples and plums were damaged but it is hard to estimate the extent as some were discarded immediately while some were left but then removed later when damage became more apparent. Fall 2016 was again dry with only 2.4 inches of rain falling since September 1. Temperatures were above normal through November 15.

Plants in the fruit project are starting to be removed if they are less than desirable due to hardiness or fruit quality/production. Over half the grapes have been removed after numerous winter injury events caused them to require special care for years, as well as their need for standard time-consuming care. Older honeyberries that don't produce well are being thinned out. Currant varieties that are cold-susceptible or don't grow in a way that makes harvest easy are also being removed.

Notable Events in the Fruit Orchard:

- Both spring and fall high temperatures were about 3°F warmer than the 30-year average while the low temperatures in this period were 4°F warmer.
- Juneberry production doubled to 762 pounds despite heavy height-and renewal-pruning.
- Hail reduced currant and cherry crops by approximately 50 and 70%, respectively.
- Spotted Wing Drosophila fruit flies were noticeable in the orchard July 8. Juneberry and early cherries were slightly affected and later cherries and currants were severely affected with crop loss. Ripening coincided with rains and it was hard to know if insecticides were ineffective or washed off.

Half the currant and Juneberry trials were irrigated once before it started raining in July. Production has not yet been affected by irrigation, though we are not applying maximum water.

Northern Hardy Fruit Project - Yearly Production Records

NDSU Carrington Research Extension Center ❖ 2016 Crop and Livestock Review ❖ Page 2

Northern Hardy Fruit Project - Yearly Production Records

		No. of plants	2013		2014		2015		2016		
			Date	pounds	Date	pounds	Date	pounds	Date	pounds	
White Currant	Blanka	4	14-Aug	40.4	31-Jul	30.8	x	x	22-Jul	15.0	
	Swedish White	4	2-Aug	48.8	7/25-28	53.0	x	x	21-Jul	20.5	
				89.2		83.8		0.0		35.5	
									SWD loss		
Ore. Haskap	22-37	3/ 2 2016	15-Jul	7.0	17-Jul	3.6	7-Jul	1.8	1-Jul	5.8	
	41-100	3/ 1 2016	22-Jul	4.4	17-Jul	8.8	7-Jul	1.8	30-Jun	3.0	
	43-87	3/ 2 2016	15-Jul	5.3	14-Jul	1.8	1-Jul	2.0	30-Jun	1.2	
	43-97	3/ 2 2016	20-Jul	4.1	17-Jul	4.2	9-Jul	2.3	5-Jul	3.6	
	45-57	3/ 1 2016	18-Jul	5.7	17-Jul	2.2	9-Jul	1.6	5-Jul	1.2	
	85-26	3/ 2 2016	22-Jul	7.0	14-Jul	9.0	7-Jul	8.3	5-Jul	8.8	
	20-04	3							30-Jun	3.8	
	21-20	3							6-Jul	1.9	
	22-14	3							6-Jul	2.8	
	22-26	3							6-Jul	3.4	
	41-75	3							6-Jul	3.7	
	44-19	3							6-Jul	2.2	
	57-49	3							6-Jul	4.6	
	88-92	3							30-Jun	2.0	
	88-102	2							30-Jun	0.9	
	108-23	3							30-Jun	4.8	
	131-08	3							6-Jul	2.8	
	142-30	3							6-Jul	1.9	
					33.5		29.5		17.8		58.4
						Wind loss 43-87, all					
Rus. Honeyberry	Berry Blue	4	10-Jul	4.6	6/27-7/1	26.0	30-Jun	7.5	21-Jun	12.4	
	Blue Belle	4	10-Jul	3.7	6/18-26	23.5	6/22-25	12.4	13-Jun	10.1	
	Blue Moon	4	22-Jul	9.9	25-Jul	10.6	x	x	x	x	
	Blue Velvet	4/ 2 2016	22-Jul	6.7	x	x	x	x	1-Jul	1.8	
	Kamchatka	4	x	x	6/20-26	17.1	25-Jun	7.4	15-Jun	9.2	
	Cinderella	4	x	x	x	x	22-Jun	1.3	14-Jun	6.0	
					24.9		77.2		28.6		39.5
					Wind loss B Blue						
Haskaps - Canadian	Borealis	4/ 2 2016	15-Jul	7.9	9-Jul	4.6	7-Jul	0.8	30-Jun	0.7	
	Tundra	5/ 3 2016	15-Jul	3.6	3-Jul	6.0	1-Jul	2.8	27-Jun	2.8	
	Indigo Gem (9-15)	5/ 4 2016	11-Jul	4.4	2-Jul	12.3	1-Jul	6.1	22-Jun	12.4	
	Indigo Treat (9-91)	5/ 2 2016	15-Jul	0.6	3-Jul	1.2	7-Jul	0.2	27-Jun	0.5	
					16.5		24.2		9.9		16.4
					Wind loss Tundra, Treat						
Juneberry Variety Trial	Honeywood	20	17-Jul	86.8	16-Jul	53.3	7/16-20	19.5	7/9-12	144.6	
	JB30	20	to	73.1	to	28.3	7/9-10	25.4	7/6-7	174.3	
	Martin	20	25-Jul	55.6	17-Jul	36.6	7/9-10	32.5	7/5-7	131.4	
	Smoky	20		102.7		19.8	7/16-19	71.8	7/8-12	147.3	
	Thiessen	20		66.3		32.5	7/9-13	35.4	7/5-8	164.9	
					384.5		170.4		184.6		762.5
					Pruned spring 2014		Freeze, hail, wind - All		Some SWD after 7/8		

The Project was planted in 2007, except Juneberries 2006.

