Corn response to nitrogen rates, Fessenden, 2011.

(Greg Endres and Dave Franzen)

The objective of the study is to examine corn performance with several nitrogen (N) rates to provide additional information for a database to revise NDSU corn N recommendations. Experimental design was a randomized complete block with four replications. The field trial was conducted in a commercial Wells County corn field (cooperator = Mitch Lloyd). Materials and methods are listed in Table 1.

Silk date, seed yield and moisture, test weight, and seed protein and starch were similar among N rates (Table 2). However, seed yield tended to be highest at the high N rates.

Tillage system			Soil analysis (spring test)						Corn ¹				
			Organic matter (%)	рН	N	Р	К	Zn	Planting date	RR hybrid	Planting rate	Starter N fertilizer	Harvest date
	Previous crop		0-6 inches		lb/A (0-24 inches)		ppm				seeds/A	lb actual /acre	
Reduced	soybean	Heimdal Emrick Ioam	2.6	8.1	59	7	442	0.99	31-May	PFS 76F82	36,000	28	13-Oct

Table 2. Corn response to N rates, Fessenden, 2011.										
	Corn									
			Test	Seed	Seed	Seed				
Nitrogen	Silk date	Seed yield	weight	moisture	protein	starch				
lb N/acre	days	bu/acre	lb/bu							
untreated check	218	128.2	51.2	26.7	8.9	68.2				
40	218	140.4	51.1	26.8	8.9	68.2				
80	218	139.6	51.4	24.8	9.3	68.1				
120	218	136.5	50.5	26.1	9.7	67.3				
160	217	151.6	51.6	26.0	9.9	67.6				
200	219	144.3	51.4	26.8	9.8	67.7				
mean	218	140.1	51.2	26.2	9.4	67.8				
C.V. (%)	0.3	7.6	1.5	4.1	6.7	1.2				
LSD (0.05)	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS				