

Table 10. Plant species which appear to be favored by heavy grazing ($P \leq 0.05$).

Overflow Range Sites	
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	western yarrow
<i>Agropyron caninum</i>	slender wheatgrass
<i>Agropyron smithii</i>	western wheatgrass
<i>Agrostis hyemalis</i>	ticklegass
<i>Androsace occidentalis</i>	western rock jasmine
<i>Astragalus agrestis</i>	field milk-vetch
<i>Aster ericoides</i>	heath aster
<i>Carex eleocharis</i>	needle-leaved sedge
<i>Carex heliophila</i>	sun sedge
<i>Cerastium arvense</i>	prairie chickweed
<i>Cirsium flodmanii</i>	Flodman's thistle
<i>Conyza canadensis</i>	horse-weed
<i>Dicanthelium wilcoxianum</i>	Wilcox dicanthelium
<i>Grindelia squarrosa</i>	curly-cup gumweed
<i>Juncus interior</i>	inland rush
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	yellow wood sorrel
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	Kentucky bluegrass
<i>Polygonum ramosissimum</i>	bushy knotweed
<i>Potentilla arguta</i>	tall cinquefoil
<i>Potentilla norvegica</i>	Norwegian cinquefoil
<i>Potentilla pensylvanica</i>	Pennsylvania cinquefoil
<i>Sisyrinchium montanum</i>	blue-eyed grass
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	common dandelion
<i>Viola pedatifida</i>	larkspur violet
Silty Range Sites	
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	western yarrow
<i>Agropyron smithii</i>	western wheatgrass
<i>Androsace occidentalis</i>	western rock jasmine
<i>Artemisia frigida</i>	fringed sagewort
<i>Bouteloua gracilis</i>	blue grama
<i>Carex eleocharis</i>	needle-leaved sedge
<i>Carex heliophila</i>	sun sedge
<i>Cerastium arvense</i>	prairie chickweed
<i>Chenopodium desiccatum</i>	narrow-leaved goosefoot
<i>Draba nemorosa</i>	yellow whitlowort
<i>Erysimum asperum</i>	western wallflower
<i>Euphorbia serpyllifolia</i>	thyme-leaved spurge
<i>Grindelia squarrosa</i>	curly-cup gumweed
<i>Hedeoma hispidum</i>	rough false pennyroyal
<i>Oxalis stricta</i>	yellow wood sorrel
<i>Potentilla pensylvanica</i>	Pennsylvania cinquefoil
<i>Ratibida columnifera</i>	prairie coneflower
<i>Stipa curtisetata</i>	needlegrass
<i>Stipa viridula</i>	green needlegrass