

# Flax Response to Nitrogen and Seeding Rates

G. J. Endres, B. K. Hanson, M. A. Halvorson, B. G. Schatz, and R. A. Henson  
North Dakota State University

## ABSTRACT

A field trial was conducted in 2001-03 by North Dakota State University to evaluate flax (*Linum usitatissimum* L.) Response to selected soil nitrogen (N) levels and seeding rates. Soil N levels included an untreated check (soil NO<sub>3</sub>-N < 67.2 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> sampled at the 0- to 61-cm depth) and 67.2, 100.8, and 134.4 kg N ha<sup>-1</sup>. 'Cathay' flax was seeded at 22.4, 35.8, and 49.3 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>, and also at 62.7 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> in 2002-03. Soil N levels of ≤ 100.8 kg N ha<sup>-1</sup> were sufficient for highest seed yield in the trial. Soil N did not impact plant lodging. Generally seed oil content decreased with > 67.2 kg N ha<sup>-1</sup>, and alpha linolenic acid (ALA) concentration decreased with increasing soil N rates. Seeding rates of 22.4 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> (average of 355 plants m<sup>-2</sup>) resulted in similar seed yield and plant lodging as higher rates.

## INTRODUCTION

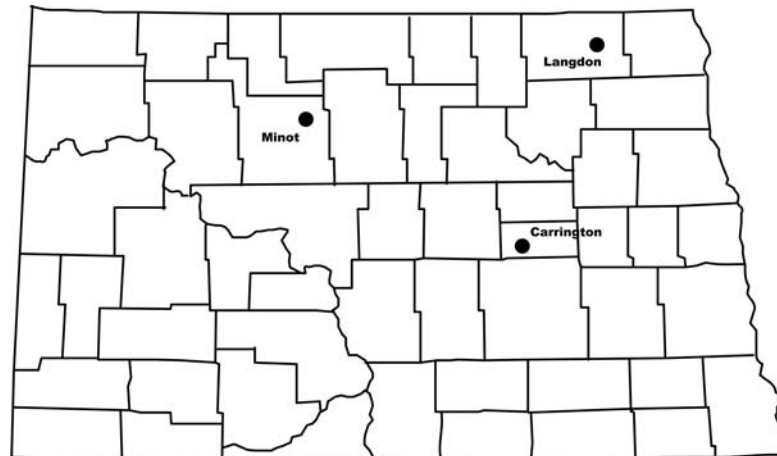
North Dakota State University recommendations for flax production are 3.4 kg N for each 35.2 liters of yield goal. Seeding rate recommendations range from 22.4 to 50.4 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>, depending on yield goal. Currently, research is needed to confirm these recommendations for intensively-managed flax.

## OBJECTIVES

- Determine flax plant lodging and seed yield response to increasing soil N levels and seeding rates.
- Determine the influence of soil N on seed oil content and ALA concentration.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

The field trial was conducted on loam soils in 2001-03 at the NDSU Research Extension Centers in Carrington, Langdon and Minot. Experimental design was a randomized complete block with a split-plot arrangement and four replications. Main plots were soil N treatments and sub-plots were seeding rates. Soil N levels included an untreated check (soil NO<sub>3</sub>-N < 67.2 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> sampled at the 0- to 61-cm depth) and 67.2, 100.8, and 134.4 kg N ha<sup>-1</sup> (seed yield goals of < 22.4, 22.4, 33.6, and 44.8 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>, respectively). Pre-trial soil N levels varied by site-year: Carrington 34.7 to 59.4 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>; Langdon 41.4 to 56 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>; and Minot 19.0 to 61.6 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>. Fertilizer N was preplant broadcast applied to reach the selected soil N levels. 'Cathay' flax was seeded at 22.4, 35.8, and 49.3 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>, and also at 62.7 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> in 2002-03.



North Dakota research locations.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

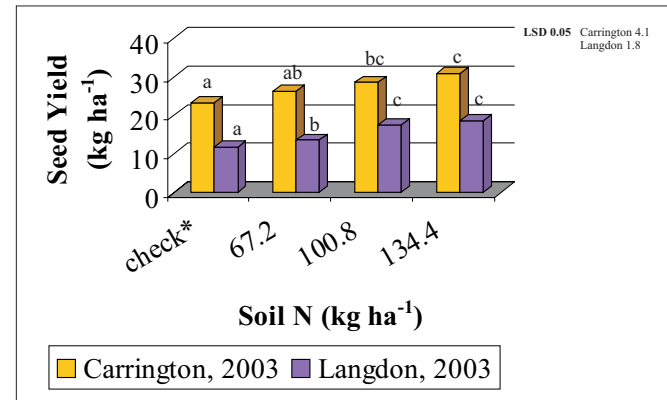
The authors would like to thank the following for contributions to this trial:  
 ♦ North Dakota Oilseed Council, Bismarck - financial support.  
 ♦ Dr. J. Carter, North Dakota State Univ., Fargo - project advice and support.  
 ♦ Dr. D. Williams, North Dakota State Univ., Fargo - seed sample cleaning.  
 ♦ Drs. J. Hammond, North Dakota State Univ., Fargo and B. Vick, USDA-ARS, Fargo - lab analysis of seed oil content and fatty acid profile.  
 ♦ technical and clerical staff of NDSU Carrington, Langdon, and North Central Research Extension Centers, and Fargo Experiment Station.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

### Soil N

**Seed yield.** Soil N affected flax seed yield at two of eight site-years (Figure 1). At the two site-years, yield generally increased up to 100.8 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> of soil N. Plant lodging at each site-year generally did not differ among N rates (data not shown). The only exception was at Carrington in 2003, but lodging was minimal and had no effect on yield. Also, there were no significant soil N by seeding rate interactions for lodging or yield.

Figure 1. Flax response to soil N (across seeding rates), Carrington and Langdon, 2003.



\*untreated check soil N (0- to 61-cm depth): Carrington = 34.7 and Langdon = 56.0 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>.



Untreated, left, versus 67.2 kg N ha<sup>-1</sup>, right, Carrington, 2003.

**Oil content.** Seed oil content decreased with increased soil N in six of eight site-years (Table 1). Oil content generally decreased with soil N > 67.2 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>.

Table 1. Soil N affect on flax seed oil content, ND, 2001-03.

Soil N (kg ha <sup>-1</sup> )	Langdon	Minot	Carrington	Minot	Carrington	Langdon	Average
	2001	2001	2002	2002	2003	2003	
check	39.7b	-	40.3a	43.1a	46.5a	43.8a	42.7
67.2	41.1a	42.1a	40.5a	43.3a	45.6b	43.6a	42.7
100.8	38.0c	41.3b	39.6b	42.8b	44.9c	42.3b	41.5
134.4	40.8a	41.6b	38.9c	43.0a	43.6d	42.2b	41.7
LSD 0.05	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.8	--

**ALA concentration.** ALA concentration was affected by soil N in five of eight site-years (Table 2). ALA generally decreased with increased soil N.

Table 2. Soil N affect on ALA concentration of seed oil, ND, 2001-03.

Soil N (kg ha <sup>-1</sup> )	Minot	Minot	Carrington	Langdon	Minot	Average
	2001	2002	2003	2003	2003	
check	--	51.9a	54.3a	56.6ab	50.8a	53.4
67.2	48.3a	51.9a	53.3b	56.9a	50.0c	52.1
100.8	47.3b	51.4b	52.7c	56.2b	50.3b	51.6
134.4	47.8ab	51.3b	51.8d	55.5c	50.4b	51.4
LSD 0.05	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	--

### Seeding Rates

**Seed yield.** Flax seeding rate had minimal effect on seed yield. Yield was affected by seeding rate in two of eight site-years (Figure 2). Seeding rates of 22.4 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> generally provided similar seed yield as higher rates. Seed yield averaged across site-years and soil N was 21.3, 21.4, 20.5, and 21.1 kg ha<sup>-1</sup> with seeding rates of 22.4, 35.8, 49.3, and 67.2 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>, respectively. Plant lodging did not differ among seeding rates (data not shown). Trial average and range of flax plant density (three to four weeks after planting) across site-years based on seeding rates are shown in Figure 3. With minimal effect on yield with seeding on a kg ha<sup>-1</sup> basis, there would appear to be no advantage with using a more precise seeding rate based on the number of pure live seeds ha<sup>-1</sup>.

Figure 2. Flax yield response to seeding rates (across soil N), Langdon and Minot, 2002.

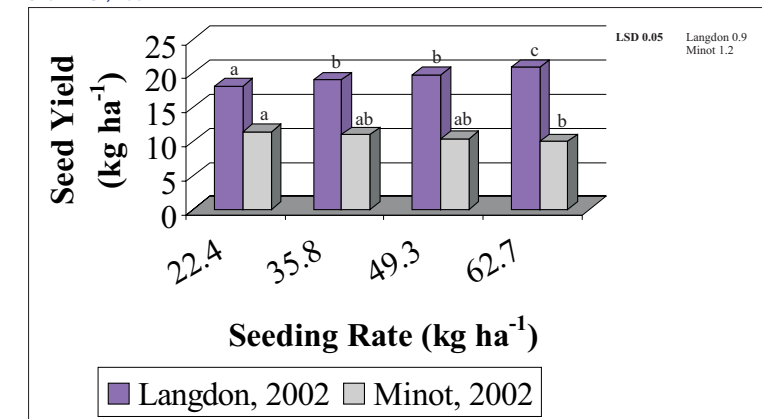


Figure 3. Flaxplant density with seeding rates, Carrington, Langdon, and Minot, 2001-03.

