Weed Management Trials in Specialty Crops

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Onion Weed Control Trial

- Conducted field trial to evaluate water volume effect on A16003 activity.
- 4 cvs: Calibra, Delgado, Hamilton, Sedona
- Water volumes: 20, 50, 60 GPA
- Pre: Nortron 1 pt/A 10 DAP
 Early Post: A16003 49 DAP

7 DA A16003 application



7 DA Goal Tender @ 6 floz/A + Buctril @ 24 floz/A application







Calibra CWT/A Hamilton CWT/A Sedona CWT/A

Conclusions

- Nortron provided poor PRE weed control due to insufficient water for activation.
- A16003 reduced onion stand with higher rates even though injury was not observed at the 2-3 leaf application.
- Increasing water volume had little effect on crop safety.
- Only trts 4/9 (Nortron fb A16003 by GT+Buctril fb A16003) had yields similar to trt 6 (Nortron fb GT fb GT+Buctril fb GT).

Simulated drift trial on Potato

- Matthew Brooke MS research
- Glyphosate and/or dicamba simulated drift with 3 chipping cultivars.
 - -Determined potential drift injury to commercial crop and to seed crop.

Pyroxasulfone trial

- Conducted field trials comparing pyrox. alone and in combination with labeled herbicides on:
 - Dryland & Irrigated Faba bean
 - Oakes and Absaraka locations
 - -Safflower
 - Prosper

-Trial done in collaboration with Dr. Burton Johnson.













60 DAT

Yield at 10% moisture



Safflower Yield



Faba Bean Oakes Dryland/Irrigated

Pyrox 180 – 80 DAT

Py+Su 120+120 - 80 DAT



Conclusions

- Faba Bean
 - 20 and 60 DAT
 - Pruslane and PW/LQ control was better and faba bean injury was less under dryland conditions compared to irrigated even though all provided > 90% control and < 5% injury.
 - No yield differences occurred due to environmental conditions.
- Safflower
 - Pigweed and green foxtail control was excellent.
 - No yield differences even though 252 lb/A yield difference between high and low yield trts and only two reps were
 - harvested.

