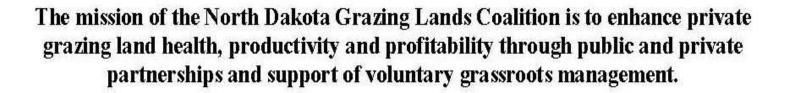


North Dakota Grazing Lands Coalition

Healthy Grazing Lands – A Natural Resource



Integrating Livestock & Cover Crops for Soil Health

Gabe Brown Bismarck, ND

Ranch Goal Sustainability Through Soil Health



Cool Season Cocktail



Before Mob Grazing July 2010







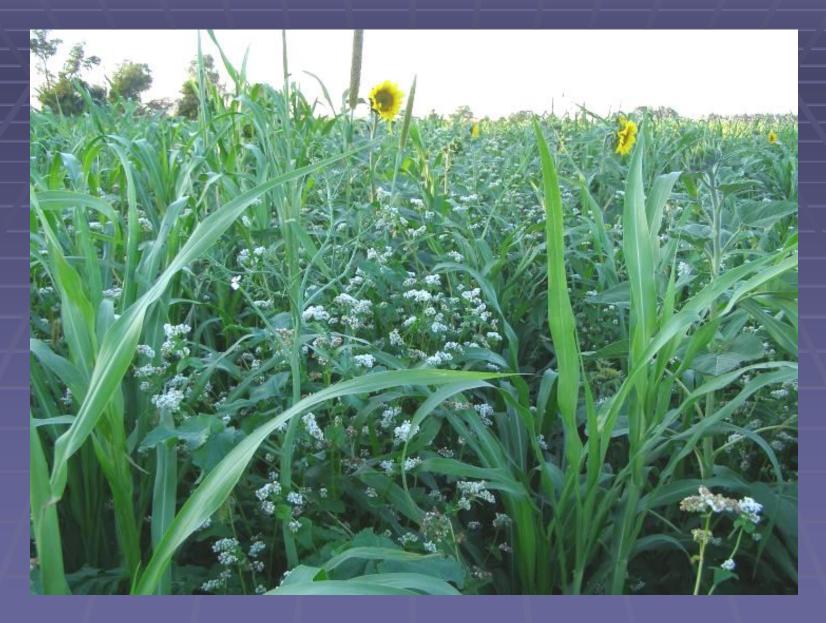
After Mob Grazing July, 2010



Cowpea & Sudan Grass



Warm Season Cocktail

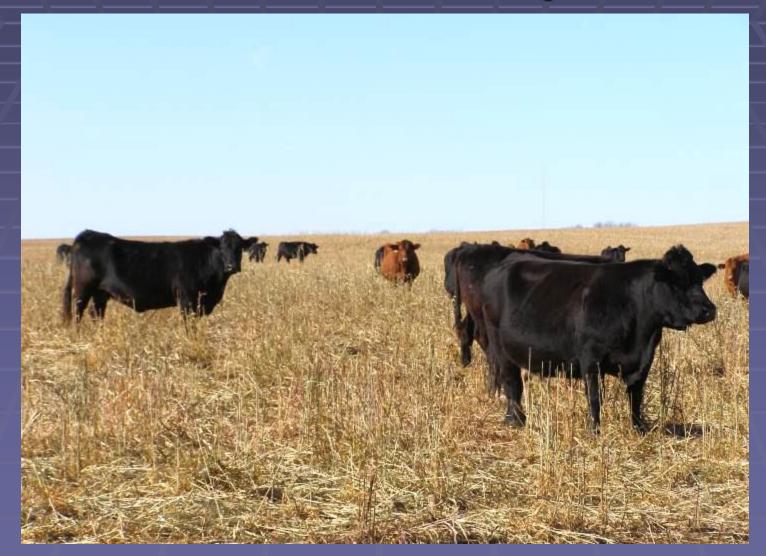


Livestock Integration

Livestock Harvest

Bare Ground?

Extending the Grazing Season with Cover Crops



1st Choice – Winter Grazing



Unacceptable Bare Ground





Planning Winter Grazing Alternatives



Implementing Winter Grazing Alternatives

The and Bar and Bar and a start of the start

July 2, 2009



Baled Grazed

Concentrated Area



Non-Bale Grazed



Quality & Quantity Comparison

Bale Grazed

Non-Bale Grazed

8573 lbs/ac

2559 lbs/ac

11.9% Crude Protein
7.9% Crude Protein

■ 59.4 TDN

60.7 TDN

Recovery Response

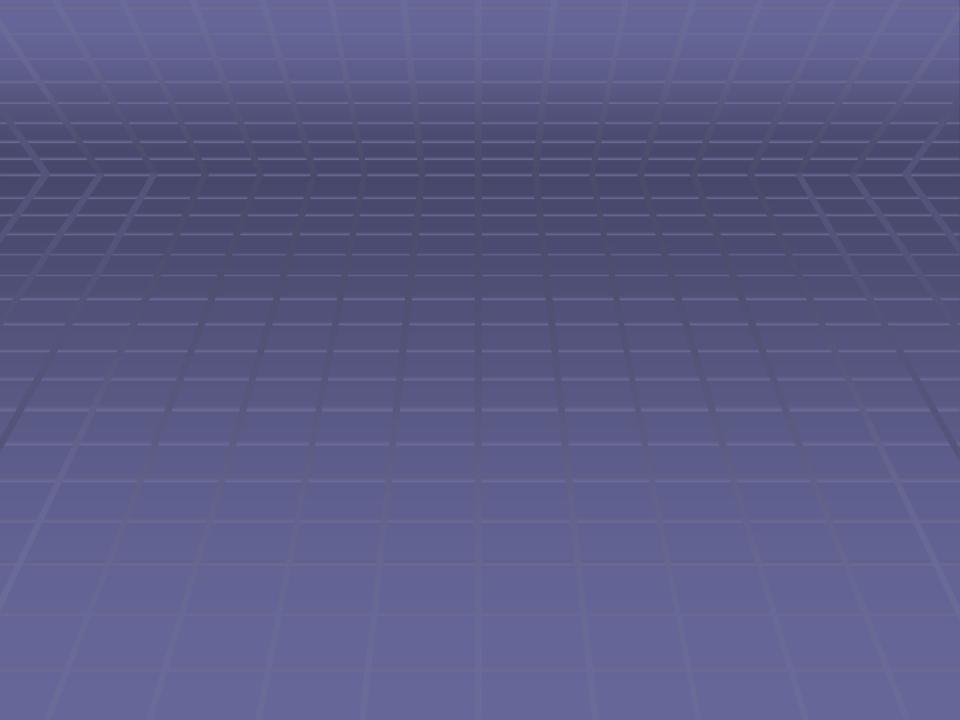
Response from Bale Grazing



Non-Bale Grazed

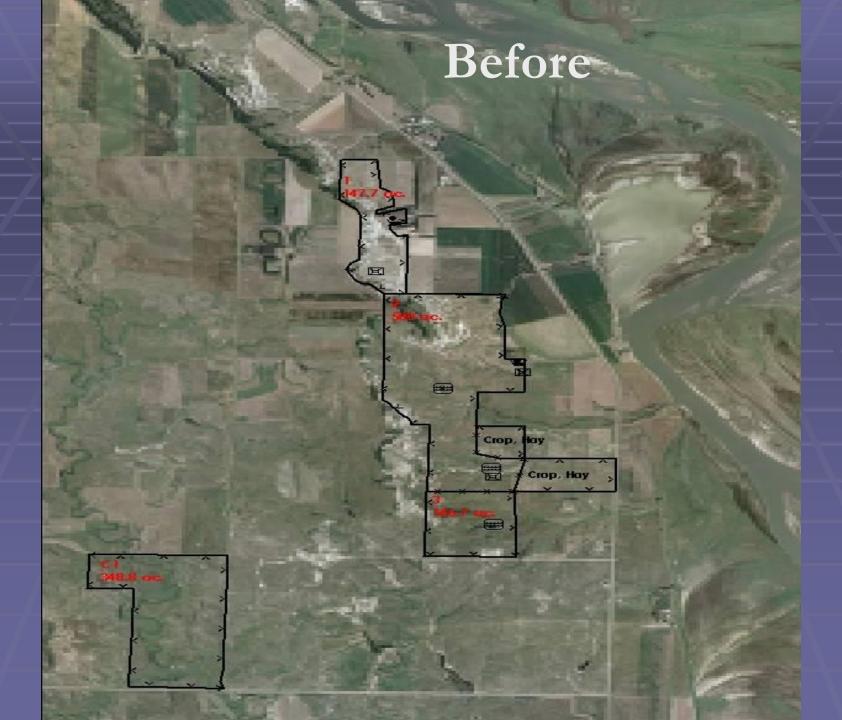
Benefits are Obvious

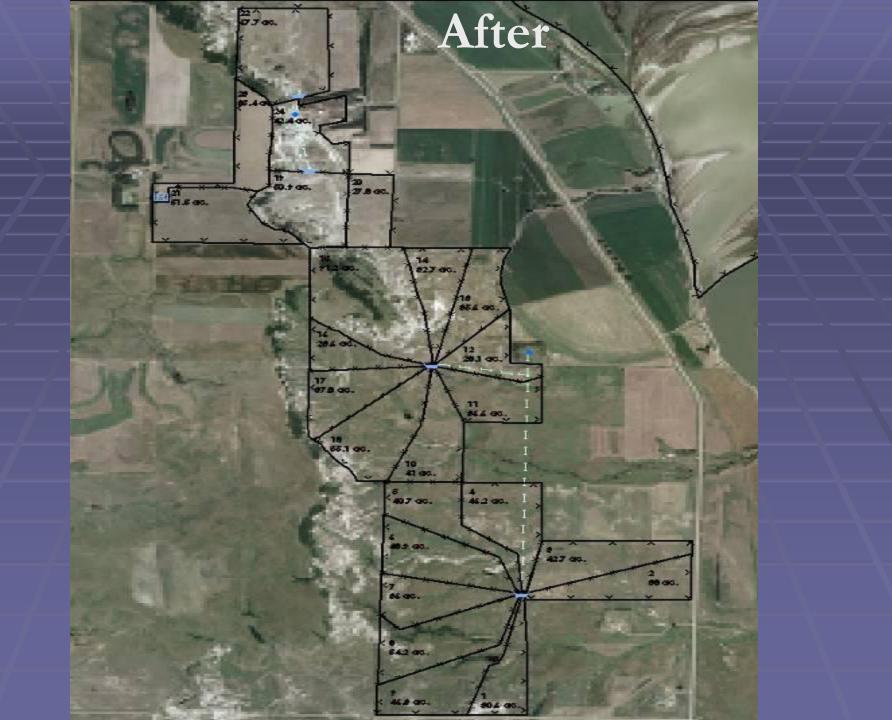
0



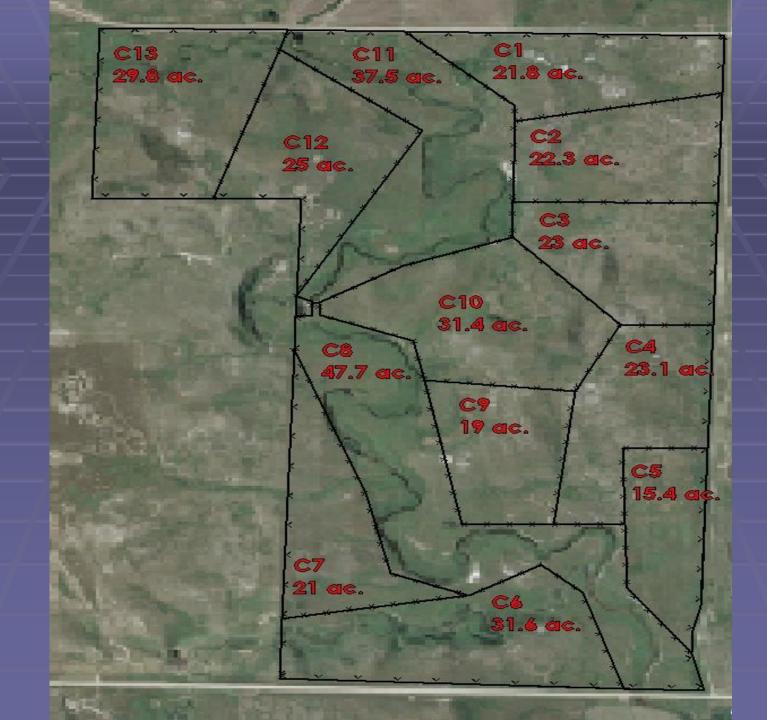
Using Cover Crops to Enhance Soil Health

Ken Miller Fort Rice, ND

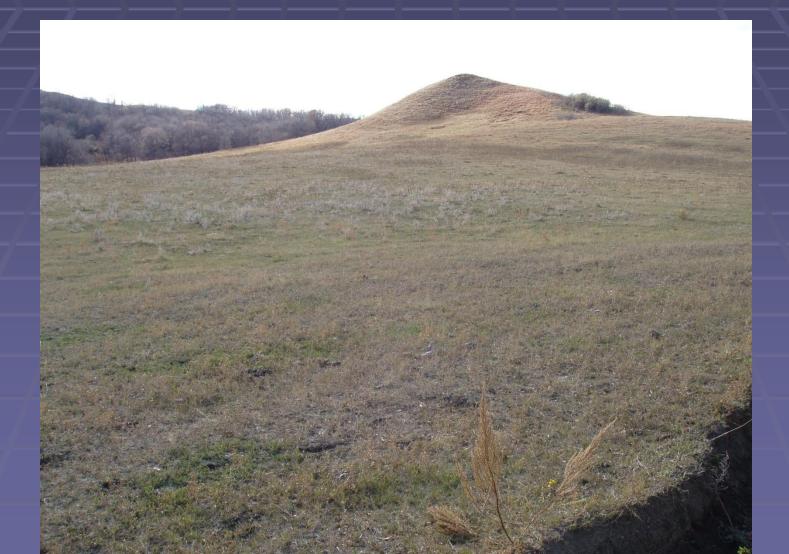








Before Grazing Management "Season Long"



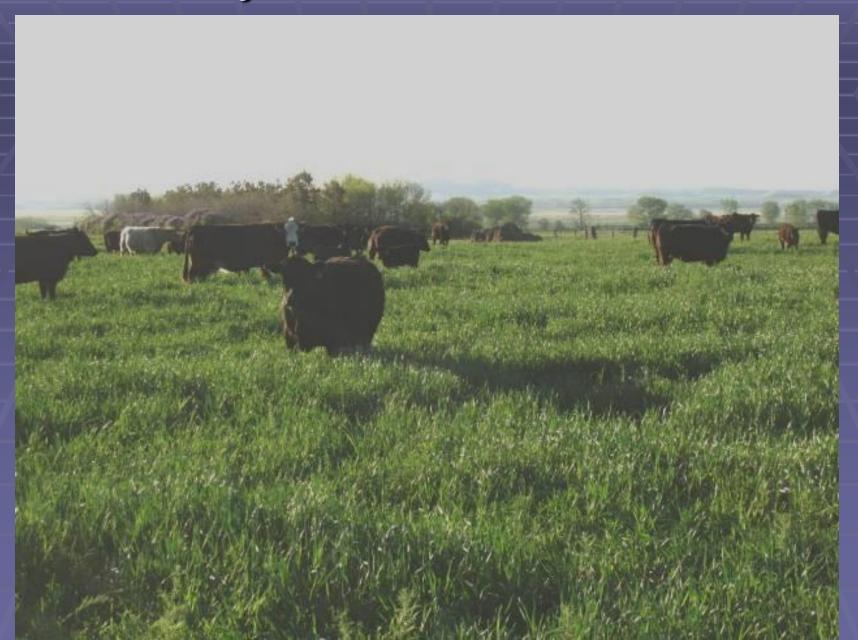
Managed Grazing "Short Duration"



Winter Triticale Pastures 2007

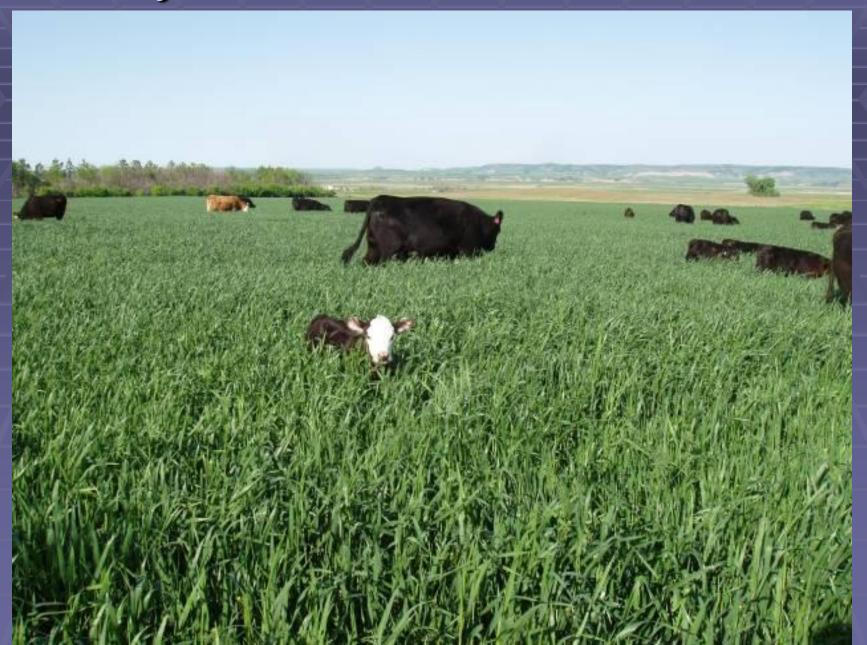


May 9, 2007 60 head



May 11, 2007 60 Head 2 days grazing; 4 acres

May 16, 2007 90 head H-3



May 19, 2007 after 90hd grazed 3 days



May 19, 2007 pivot system



Stock Density



Abby June 9, 2007







June 9, 2007 135 head H-1



H-2 June 18, 2007 after 135 hd grazed 4-days



Cover Crop Cocktail Seeded August 2, 2007



Cover Crop Cocktail Mix

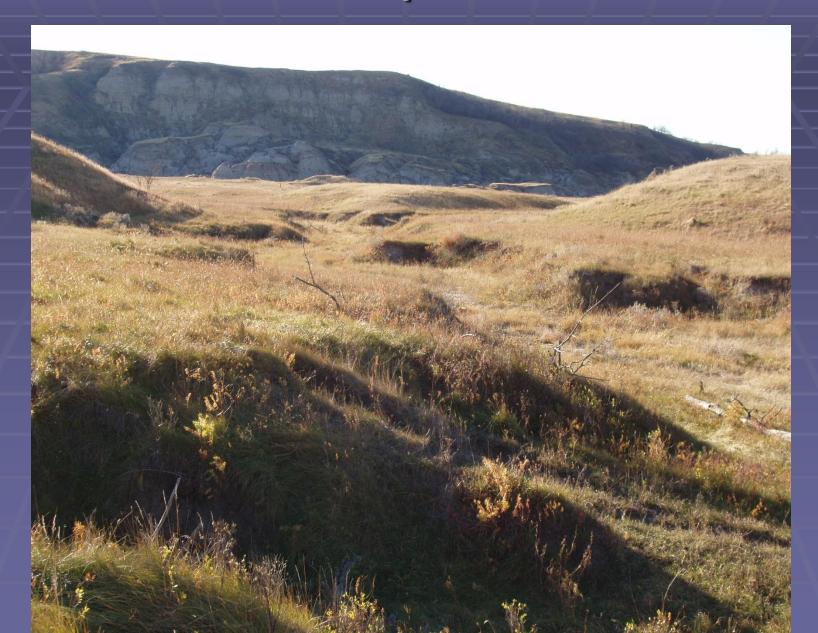
Cowpea 10 lbs.@.60/Lb. =\$6.00 Soybean 15 lbs.@.35/Lb. =\$5.25 Proso Millet 8 lbs.@.28/Lb. =\$2.24 Pasja Turnip 1 lb.@2.05/Lb.. =\$2.05 Forage Radish 1 lb@2.40/Lb =\$2.40 Sweet Clover 1 lb.@.81/Lb. =\$0.81 Sunflower 1 lb.@.25/LB. =\$.25

Total Cost / Acre =\$19.00

Early September



Late September



September 23, 2007



Turnip and Radish Re-growth Nov.1, 2007



Barley Crop 2008



April 18, 2008



Harvest July 22, 2008



Seeding July 26, 2008



September 15, 2008





October 4, 2008



Corn 2009



Hayed July 7,2010



Regrowth September



October 29, 2010



November 15, 2009



December 13, 2009



Bale Grazing



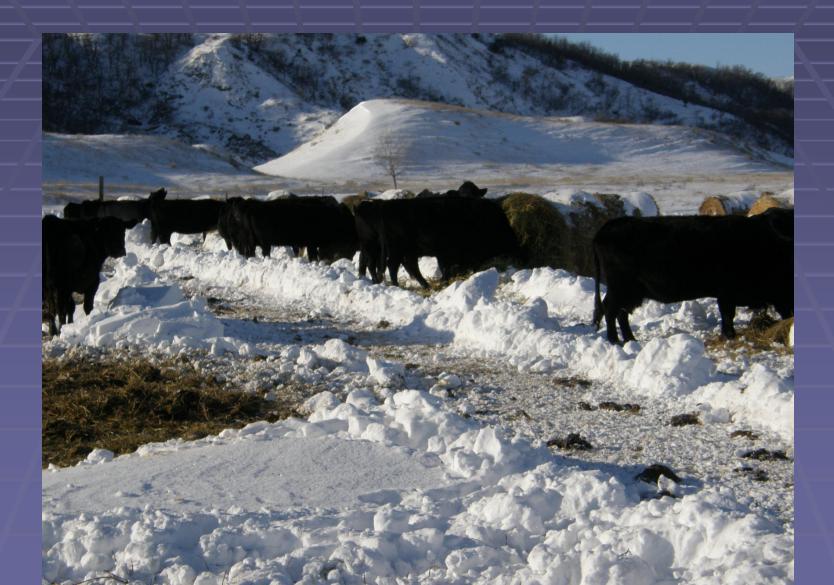
January 2, 2010



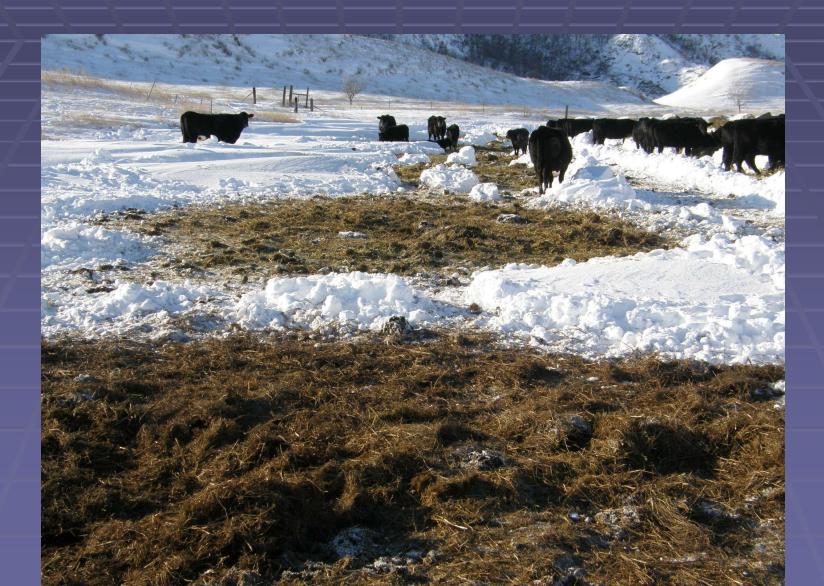
Electric Fence



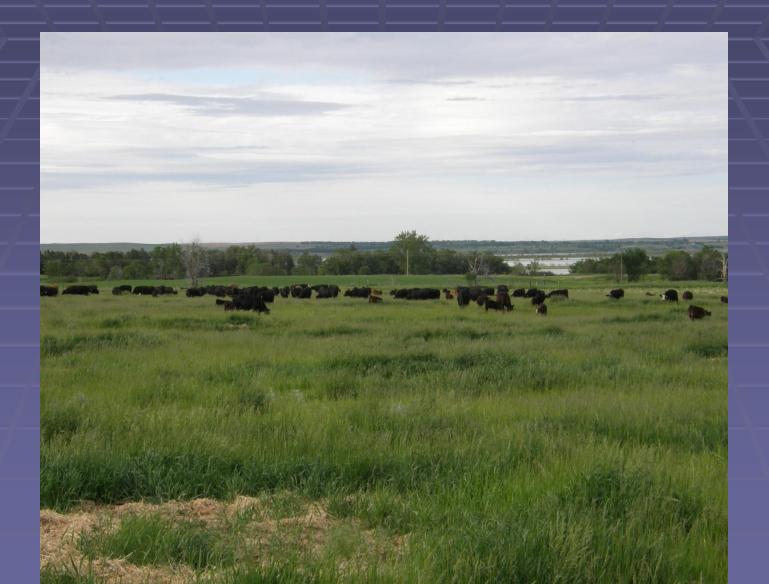
6 Days of Feed



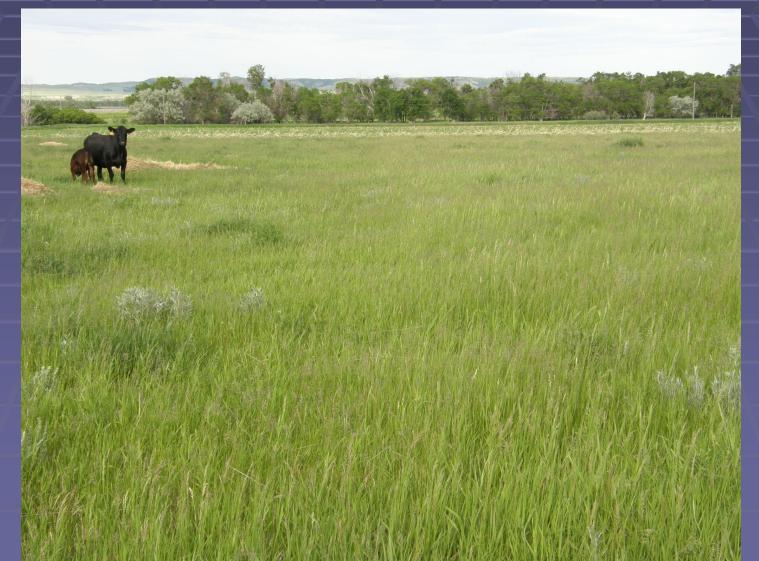
Carbon Left Behind



June 4, 2010

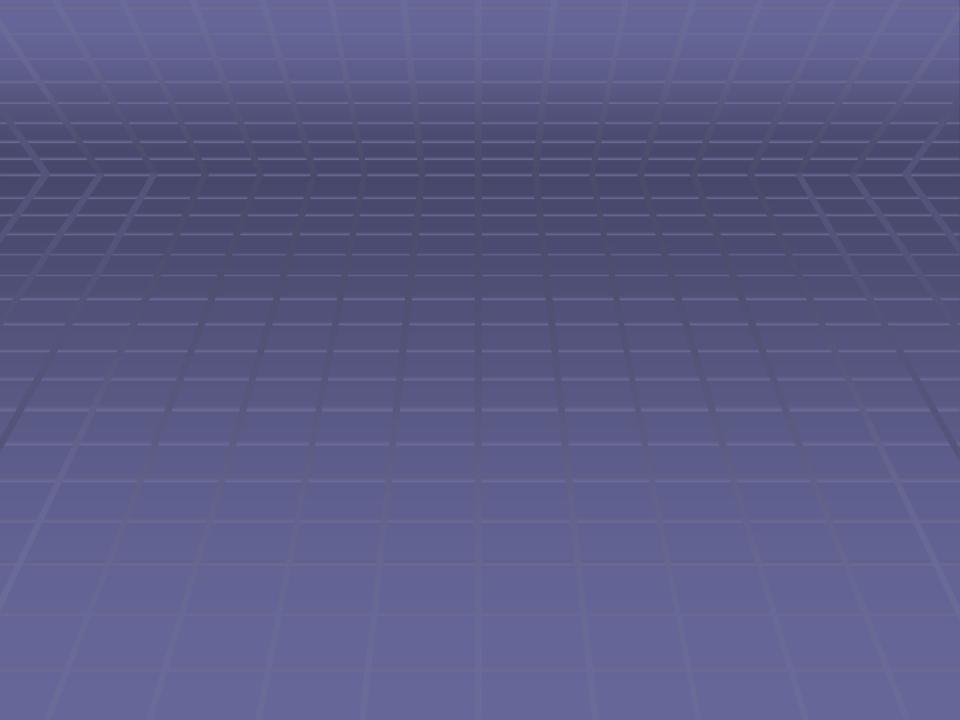


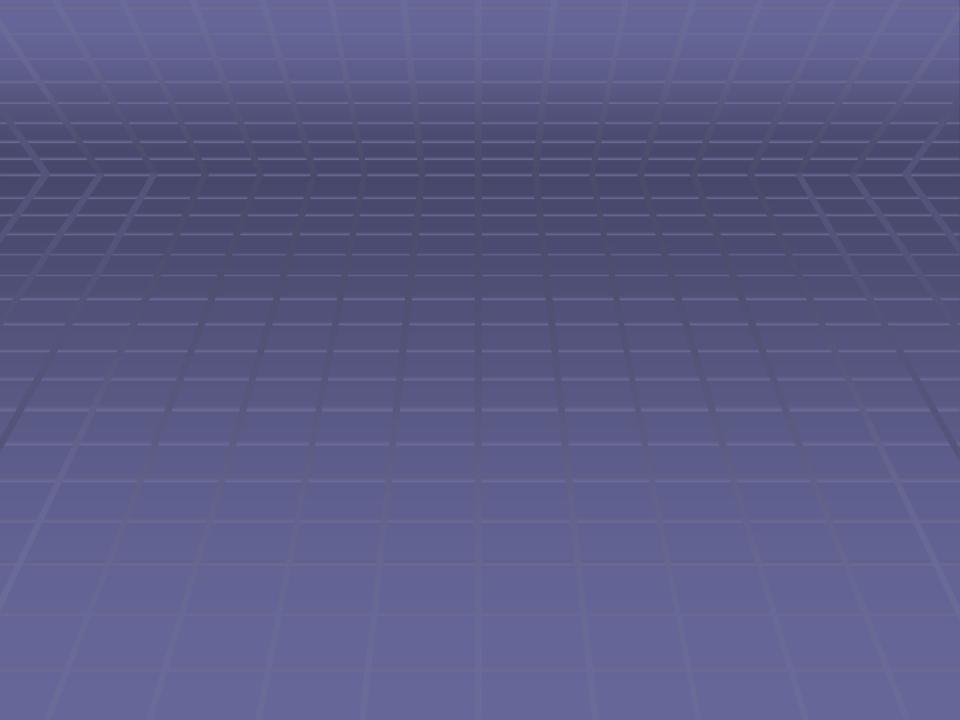
Not Baled Grazed June 4, 2010



Soil Health, Priceless...







Winter Grazing

Hettinger Research Center <u>January</u> 28, 2010

> Lance Gartner Glen Ullin, ND

Can it be done???

- Output Depends on type of cows
 - > Large frame and/or heavy milking
 - > Small frame and/or easy fleshing
- Output Depends on time of calving
 - > January March
 - > April June
- Output Depends on how much snow
- Depends on your thinking and your resolve

Management of Grass

- Try to flash graze winter pasture once during the growing season
- Try not to use same pasture in consecutive winters
- Try not to overgraze in the winter
 - > Maintain healthy mineral and water cycles
- Allow adequate recovery time before summer grazing
- Need to be flexible

Photo Point

Dec. 2^{nd} – Jan 1^{st} 185 Hd. 5500 Cow **Days/400** Ac = 13.9 CD/Ac 13.9 x \$.85=\$11.82 /Ac

<u>2008</u> - 1100#

 \odot 2009 - 5900#



Supplement ???

• Fecals in March '08 on native prairie

- Salt and mineral
- No supplement

- Meeting protein but short on energy
- Looking to supplement energy in very cold or very harsh conditions

December 2008 4# Corn Screenings



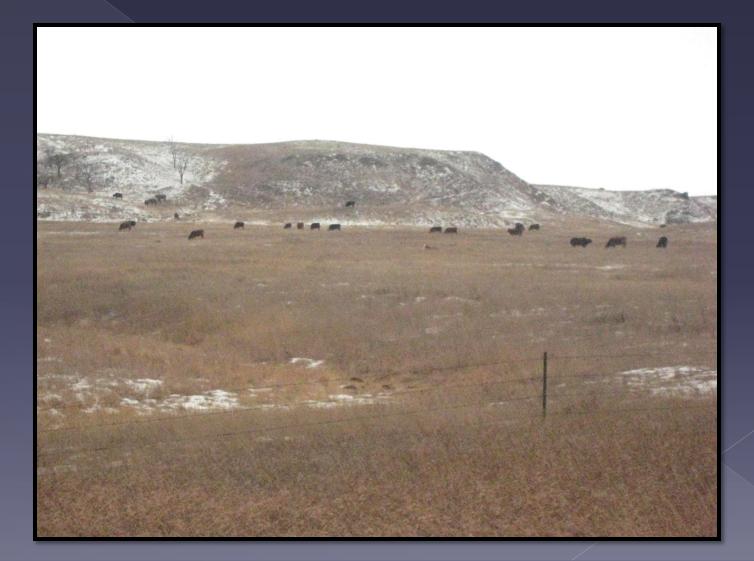
December 2008



December 2008



February 2008



Water Source



Why Winter Graze???

Reduce labor year around

Reduce machinery cost

• Simplify

 Get your cows working for you instead of you working for your cows